

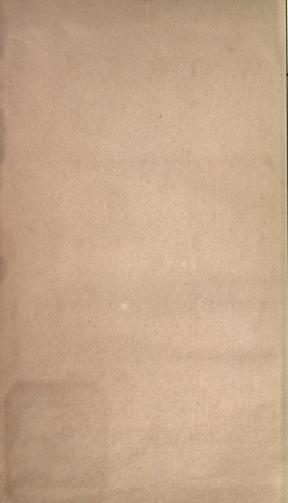
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OF

Alexander Pope Efq.

VOLUME VIII.

BEING THE

SECOND of his LETTERS.

LONDON,

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TO AND FROM EDWARD BLOUNT, Efg.

From 1714 to 1725.

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Mr. POPE to EDWARD BLOUNT, Efq.

August 27, 1714.

Hatever fludies on the one hand, or amufements on the other, it fhall be my fortune to fall into, I fhall be equal-

ly incapable of forgetting you in any of them. The tafk I undertook *, though of weight enough in itfelf, has had a voluntary increase by the inlarging my defign of the Notes +; and the neceffity of confulting a number of books has carry'd me to Oxford: but, I fear, thro' my Lord Harcourt's and Dr. Clarke's means, I fhall be more converfant with the pleafures and company of

* The Translation of Homer's Iliad.

† The notes on the Iliad were his own : Those on the Odysfey were Dr. Broome's. - But they speak their respective Authors.

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the place, than with the books and manufcripts of it.

I find ftill more reafon to complain of the negligence of the Geographers in their Maps of old Greece, fince I look'd upon two or three more noted names in the public libraries here. But with all the care I am capable of, I have fome caufe to fear the engraver will prejudice me in a few fitua-tions. I have been forced to write to him in fo high a ftyle, that, were my epiftle intercepted, it would raife no fmall admiration in an ordinary man. There is fcarce an order in it of lefs importance, than to remove fuch and fuch mountains, alter the course of fuch and fuch rivers, place a large city on fuch a coast, and raze another in another country. I have fet bounds to the fea, and faid to the land, Thus far fhalt thou advance, and no further *. In the mean time, I who talk and command at this rate, am in danger of lofing my horfe, and stand in fome fear of a country Juflice +. To difarm me indeed may be but pru-dential, confidering what armies I have at prefent on foot, and in my fervice ; a hundred thousand Grecians are no contemptible body; for all that I can tell, they may be as formidable as four thou-fand Priefts; and they feem proper forces to fend againft those in Barcelona. That fiege deferves as fine a poem as the Iliad, and the machining part of poetry would be the juffer in it, as, they fay, the inhabitants expect Angels from heaven to their affiftance. May I venture to fay who am a Papift, and fay to you who are a Papift, that nothing is

• This relates to the Map of ancient Greece, laid down by our Author in his observations on the second Iliad. P.

+ Some of the Laws were, at this time, put in force against the Papists.

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Esq:

more aftonifhing to me, than that people fo greatly warm'd with a fenfe of Liberty, fhould be capable of harbouring fuch weak fuperfittion *, and that fo much bravery aud fo much folly can inhabit the fame breads ?

I could not but take a trip to London on the death of the Queen, mov'd by the common curiofity of mankind, who leave their own bufinefs to be looking upon other mens. I thank God, that, as for myfelf. I am below all the accidents of ftatechanges by my circumstances, and above them by my philosophy. Common charity of man to man, and univerfal good-will to all, are the points I have most at heart ; and, I am fure, those are not to be broken for the fake of any governors, or govern-ment. I am willing to hope the beft, and what I more with than my own or any particular man's advancement, is, that this turn may put an end en-tirely to the divisions of Whig and Tory; that the parties may love each other as well as I love them both, or at least hurt each other as little as I would either : and that our own people may live as quietly as we fhall certainly let theirs; that is to fay, that want of power itfelf in us may not be a furer prevention of harm, than want of will in them. I am fure, if all Whigs and all Tories had the fpirit of one Roman Catholic that I know, it would be well for all Roman Catholics; and if all Roman Catholics had always had that fpirit, it had been well for all others; and we had never been charged with fo wicked a fpirit as that of Perfecution.

I agree with you in my fentiments of the ftate of our nation fince this change : I find myfelf juft

* Were not the old Romans as warm'd and as weak? And could a man, inflamed with the love of civil Liberty, which he fees falling a prey to Tyranny, imagine a caufe more worthy the interpolition of Heaven?

in the fame fituation of mind you defcribe as your own, heartily withing the good, that is, the quiet of my Country, and hoping a total end of all the unhappy divisions of mankind by party-spirit, which at beft is but the madnels of many for the gain of a few.

I am. &c.

LETTER II.

From Mr. BLOUNT.

T is with a great deal of pleafure I fee your letter, dear Sir, written in a ftyle that fhews you full of health, and in the midft of diversions: I think those two things necessary to a man who has fuch undertakings in hand as Yours. All lovers of Homer are indebted to you for taking fo much pains about the fituation of his Heroes' kingdoms; it will not only be of great use with regard to his works, but to all that read any of the Greek hiftorians; who generally are ill underftood thro' the difference of the maps as to the places they treat of, which makes one think one author contradicts another. You are going to fet us right; and 'tis an advantage every body will gladly fee you engrofs the glory of.

You can draw rules to be free and eafy, from formal pedants; and teach men to be fhort and pertinent, from tedious commentators. However, I congratulate your happy deliverance from fuch au-thors, as you (with all your humanity) cannot wifh alive again to converfe with. Critics will quarrel with you, if you dare to pleafe without their leave; and Zealots will fhrug up their fhoulders at a man, that pretends to get to Heaven out

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FROM EDW. BLOUNT. Eso.

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of their form, drefs, and diet. I would no more make a judgment of an author's genius from a damning critic, than I would of a man's religion from an unfaving zealot.

I could take great delight in affording you the new glory of making a Barceloniad (if I may venture to coin fuch a word:) I fancy you would find a jufter parallel than it feems at first fight; for the Trojans too had a great mixture of folly with their bravery; and I am out of countenance for them when I read the wife refult of their council. where, after a warm debate between Antenor and Paris about reftoring Helen, Priam fagely determines that they shall go to supper. And as for the Greeks, what can equal their fuperstition in facrificing an innocent lady ?

Tanium Relligio potuit. &c.

I have a good opinion of my politics, fince they agree with a man who always thinks to juftly as you. I with it were in our power to perfuade all the nation into as calm and fleddy a difposition of mind.

We have receiv'd the late melancholy news, with the ufual ceremony, of condoling in one breath for the lofs of a gracious Queen, and in another rejoicing for an illustrious King. My views carry me no farther, than to wifh the peace and welfare of my Country; and my morals and politics teach me to leave all that to be adjusted by our representatives above, and to divine Providence. It is much at one to you and me, who fit at the helm, provided they will permit us to fail quietly in the great fhip. Ambition is a vice that is timely mortify'd in us poor Papifts; we ought in recom-pence to cultivate as many virtues in ourfelves as we can, that we may be truly great. Among my Ambi-

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LETTERS TO AND

Ambitions, that of being a fincere friend is one of the chief: yet I will confeis that I have a fecret pleafure to have fome of my defcendants know, that their Anceftor was great with Mr. Pope.

I am, &c.

LETTER III.

From Mr. BLOUNT.

Nov. 11, 1715.

I T is an agreement of long date between you and me, that you fhould do with my letters juft as you pleafed, and anfwer them at your leifure; and that is as foon as I fhall think you ought. I have fo true a tafte of the fubftantial part of your friendfhip, that I wave all ceremonials; and am fure to make you as many vifits as I can, and leave you to return them whenever you pleafe, affuring you they fhall at all times be heartily welcome to me.

The many alarms we have from your parts, have no effect upon the genius that reigus in our country, which is happily turn'd to preferve peace and quiet, among us. What a difinal fcene has there been opened in the North ? what ruin have thofe unfortunate rafh gentlemen drawn upon themfelves and their miferable followers, and perchance upon many others too, who upon no account would be their followers? However, it may look ungenerous to reproach people in diffrefs. I don't remember you and I ever ufed to trouble ourfelves about politics, but when any matter happened to fall into our difcourfe, we us'd to condemn all undertakings that tended towards the diffurbing the peace and

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso.

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and quiet of our Country, as contrary to the notions we had of morality and religion, which oblige us on no pretence whatfoever to violate the laws of charity. How many lives have there been loft in hot blood, and how many more are there like to be taken off in cold ? If the broils of the nation affect you, come down to me, and though we are farmers, you know Eumeus made his friends welcome. You shall here worship the Echo at your eafe; indeed we are forced to do fo, becaufe we can't hear the first report, and therefore are obliged to listen to the fecond; which, for fecurity fake, I do not always believe neither.

'Tis a great many years fince I fell in love with the character of Pomponius Atticus: I long'd to imitate him a little, and have contriv'd hitherto, to be, like him, engaged in no party, but to be a faithful friend to fome in both: I find myfelf very well in this way hitherto, and live in a certain peace of mind by it, which, I am perfuaded, brings a man more content than all the perquifites of wild ambition. I with pleafure join with you in withing, nay I am not afhamed to fay, in praying for the welfare temporal and eternal of all mankind. How much more affectionately then fhall I do fo for you, fince I am in a moft particular manner, and with all fincerity,

Your, &c.

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LETTERS TO AND

LETTER IV.

Tan. 21, 1715-16.

T Know of nothing that will be fo interefting to you at prefent, as fome circumftances of the laft act of that eminent comic poet, and our friend, Wycherley. He had often told me, as I doubt not he did all his acquaintance, that he would marry as foon as his life was defpaired of: Accordingly a few days before his death he underwent the ceremony; and join'd together those two facraments which, wife men fay, fhould be the laft we receive ; for, if you observe, Matrimony is placed after Extreme unction in our Catechifm, as a kind of hint of the order of time in which they are to be taken. The old man then lay down, fatisfy'd in the confcience of having by this one act paid his just debts, obliged a woman, who (he was told) had merit, and thewn an heroic refertment of the ill ufage of his next heir. Some hundred pounds which he had with the Lady, difcharged those debts; a jointure of four hundred a year made her a recompence; and the nephew he left to comfort himfelf as well as he could, with the miferable remains of a mortgaged eftate. I faw our friend twice after this was done, lefs peevifh in his ficknefs than he used to be in his health; neither much afraid of dying, nor (which in him had been more likely) much ashamed of marrying. The evening before he expired, he called his young wife to the bedfide, and earnestly entreated her not to deny him one request, the last he should make. Upon her affurances of consenting to it, he told her, " My dear, it is only this, "that you will never marry an old man again." I cannot help remarking, that ficknefs, which often destroys both wit and wildom, yet feldom has power to remove that talent which we call humour : Mr. Wycherly

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso.

Wycherly fhew'd his, even in this laft compliment; tho' I think his requeft a little hard, for why fhould he bar her from doubling her Jointure on the fame eafy terms?

So trivial as these circumstances are, I should not be displeas'd myself to know such trifles, when they concern or characterise any eminent person. The wiseff and wittieft of men are feldom wiser or wittier than others in these fober moments : At least, our friend ended much in the character he had lived in : and Horace's rule for a play, may as well be apply'd to him as a play-wright,

Servetur ad imum Qualis ab incepta procefferit, et fibi conflet. I am, &c.

LETTER V.

* Feb. 10, 1715-16.

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Am juft returned from the country, whither Mr. Rowe accompanied me, and país'd a week in the foreft. I need not tell you how much a man of his turn entertain'd me; but I muft acquaint you there is a vivacity and gaiety of difpofition almoft peculiar to him, which make it impoffible to part from him without that uneafinefs which generally fucceeds all our pleafures. I have been juft taking a folitary walk by moon-fhine, full of reflections on the transitory nature of all human delights; and giving my thoughts a loofe in the contemplation of thofe fatisfactions which probably we may hereafter tafte in the company of feparate fpirits, when we fhall range the walks above, and perhaps gaze on this world at as vaft a diffance as we now do on thofe worlds. The pleafures we are to enjoy in that converconverfation muft undoubtedly be of a nobler kind, and (not unlikely) may proceed from the difcoveries each fhall communicate to another, of God and of Nature; for the happinels of minds can furely be nothing but knowledge.

The higheft gratification we receive here from company is Mirth, which at the beft is but a fluttering unquiet motion, that beats about the breaft for a few moments, and after leaves it void and empty. Keeping good company, even the beft, is but a lefs fhameful art of lofing time. What we here call fcience and fludy, are little better : the greater number of arts to which we apply ourfelves are mere groping in the dark ; and even the fearch of our moft important concerns in a future being, is but a needlefs, anxious, and uncertain hafte to be knowing, fooner than we can, what without all this folicitude we fhall know a little later. We are but curious impertinents in the cafe of futurity. 'Tis not our bufinefs to be gueffing what the flate of fouls fhall be, but to be doing what may make our own flate happy; we cannot be knowing, but we can be virtuous.

If this be my notion of a great part of that high fcience, Divinity, you will be fo civil as to imagine I lay no mighty ftrefs upon the reft. Even of my darling poetry I really make no other ufe, than horfes of the bells that gingle about their ears (tho' now and then they tofs their heads as if they were proud of them) only to jog on, a little more merrily.

Your obfervations on the narrow conceptions of mankind in the point of Friendfhip, confirm me in what I was fo fortunate as at my first knowledge of you to hope, and fince fo amply to experience. Let me take fo much decent pride and dignity upon me, as to tell you, that but for opinions like these which I difcovered in your mind, I had never made the

the trial I have done ; which has fucceeded fo much to mine, and, I believe, not lefs to your fatisfaction : for, if I know you right, your pleafure is greater in obliging me, than I can feel on my part, till it falls in my power to oblige you.

Your remark, that the variety of opinions in politics or religion is often rather a gratification, than an objection, to people who have fenfe enough to confider the beautiful order of nature in her variations : makes me think you have not conftrued Ioannes Secundus wrong, in the verfe which precedes that which you quote : Bene nota Fides, as I take it. does no way fignify the Roman Catholic Religion, tho' Secundus was of it. I think it was a generous thought, and one that flow'd from an exalted mind, That it was not improbable but God might be delighted with the various methods of worfhipping him, which divided the whole world *. I am pretty fure you and I should no more make good Inquifitors to the modern tyrants in faith, than we could have been qualified for Lictors to Procrustes, when he converted refractory members with the rack. In a word, I can only repeat to you what, I think, I have formerly faid; that I as little fear God will

* This was an opinion taken up by the old Philofo. phers, as the laft support of Paganism against Christianity: And the Miffionaries, to both the Indies, tell us, it is the first answer modern barbarians give to the offer made them of the Golpel. But Christians might fee that the notion is not only improbable, but impossible to be true, if the redemption of mankind was purchased by the death of Jefus, which is the gospel idea of his Religion. Nor is there any need of this opinion to difcredit perfecution. For the iniquity of that practice does not arife from reflraining what God permits or delights in, but from ulurping a jurifdiction over confcience, which belongs only to his tribunal.

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damn a man who has Charity, as I hope that any Prieft can fave him without it.

I am. &c.

LETTER VI.

March 20, 1715-16.

I Find that a real concern is not only a hindrance to fpeaking, but to writing too: the more time we give ourfelves to think over one's own or a friend's unhappines, the more unable we grow to express the grief that proceeds from it. It is as natural to delay a letter, at fuch a feason as this, as to retard a melancholy vifit to a perfon one cannot relieve. One is afhamed in that circumftance, to pretend to entertain people with trifling, infignificant affectations of forrow on the one hand, or unfeafonable and forced gaieties on the other. 'Tis a kind of profanation of things facred, to treat fo folemn a matter as a generous voluntary fuffering, with compliments, or heroic gallantries. Such a mind as your's has no need of being fpirited up into honour, or like a weak woman, praifed into an opinion of its own virtue. 'Tis enough to do and fuffer what we ought; and men fhould know, that the noble power of fuffering bravely is as far above that of enterprizing greatly, as an unblemifhed con-fcience and inflexible refolution are above an accidental flow of fpirits, or a fudden tide of blood. If the whole religious bufinels of mankind be included in refignation to our Maker, and charity to our fellow creatures, there are now fome people who give us as good an opportunity of practifing the one. as themselves have given an instance of the violation of the other. Whoever is really brave, has always this comfort when he is opprefs'd, that he

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Esq.

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he knows himfelf to be fuperior to these who injure him: for the greatest power on earth can no fooner do him that injury, but the brave man can make himfelf greater by forgiving it.

If it were generous to feek for alleviating confolations in a calamity of for much glory, one might fay, that to be ruined thus in the grofs, with a whole people, is but like perifhing in the general conflagration, where nothing we can value is left behind ws.

Methinks, the most heroic thing we are left capable of doing, is to endeavour to lighten each o-ther's load, and (opprefs'd as we are) to fuccour fuch are yet more opprefs'd. If there are too many who cannot be affifted but by what we cannot give, our money; there are yet others who may be re-lieved by our counfel, by our countenance, and even by our chearfulnefs. The misfortune of private families, the mifunderstandings of people whom diftreffes make fufpicious, the coldneffes of relations whom change of religion may difunite, or the neceffities of half-ruin'd eftates render unkind to each other; thefe at leaft may be fortened in fome degree, by a general well-managed humanity among our-felves; if all thofe who have your principles of be-lief, had alfo your fenfe and conduct. But indeed most of them have given lamentable proofs of the contrary; and it is to be apprehended that they who want fenfe, are only religious through weaknefs, and good-natured through fhame. These are narrow-minded creatures that never deal in effentials, their faith never looks beyond ceremonials, nor their charity beyond relations. As poor as I am, I would gladly relieve any diftreffed, confciencious French refugee at this inftant : what must my concern then be, when I perceive fo many anxieties now tearing those hearts, which I have defired a place in, and clouds of melancholy rifing on those faces, which I have

have long look'd upon with affection ? I begin already to feel both what fome apprehend, and what others are yet too flujid to apprehend. I grieve with the old, for fo many additional inconveniencies and chagrins, more than their fmall remain of life feemed defined to undergo; and with the young, for fo many of thole gaieties and pleafures (the portion of youth) which they will by this means be deprived of. This brings into my mind one or other of thofe I love beft, and among them the widow and fatherlefs, late of.— As I am certain no people living had an earlier and truer fenfe of others misfortunes, or a more generous refignation as to what might be their own, fo I earneftly with that whatever part they muft bear, may be rendered as fupportable to them, as it is in the power of any friend to make it.

But I know you have prevented me in this thought, as you always will in any thing that is good, or generous: I find by a letter of your lady's (which I have feen) that their cafe and tranquillity is part of your care. I believe there's fome fatality in it, that you fhould always, from time to time, be doing those particular things that make me enamour'd of you.

I write this from Windfor-Foreft, of which I am come to take my laft look. We here bid our neighbours adieu, much as those who go to be hang'd do their fellow-prisoners, who are condemn'd to follow them a few weeks after. I parted from honeft Mr. D* with tendernes; and from old Sir William Trumbull as from a venerable prophet, fortelling with lifted hands the miferies to come, from which he is just going to be removed himself.

Perhaps,

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Esq.

Perhaps, now I have learnt fo far as

Nos dulcia linguimus arva,

my next leffon may be

Nos Patriam fugimus.

Let that, and all elfe be as Heaven pleafes! I have provided juit enough to keep me a man of honour. I believe you and I fhall never be afhamed of each other. I know I wifh my Country well, and, if it undoes me, it fhall not make me wifh it otherwife.

LETTER VII.

From Mr. BLOUNT.

March 24, 1715-16.

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V OUR letters give me a gleam of fatisfaction, Y in the midft of a very dark and cloudy fituation of thoughts, which it would be more than human to be exempt from at this time, when our homes muft either be left, or be made too narrow for us to turn in. Poetically fpeaking, I fhould lament the lofs Windfor-foreft and you fuftain of each other, but that, methinks, one can't fay you are parted, becaufe you will live by and in one another, while verfe is verfe. This confideration hardens me in my opinion rather to congratulate you, fince you have the pleafure of the profpect whenever you take it from your shelf, and at the same time the folid cash you fold it for, of which Virgil in his exile knew nothing in those days, and which will make every place eafy to you. I for my part am not fo happy; my parva rura are fallened to me, fo that I can't exchange them, as you have, for more portable means of fublistance; and yet I hope to gather enough to make the Patriam fugimus supportable to

me :

me: 'tis what I am refolved on, with my Penate. If therefore you afk me, to whom you fhall complain? I will exhort you to leave lazinefs and the elms of St. James's Park, and choofe to join the other two propofals in one, fafety and friendfhip (the leaft of which is a good motive for moft things, as the other is for almost every thing) and go with me where War will not reach us, nor paultry Conftables fummon us to veftries.

The future epiftle you flatter me with, will find me ftill here, and I think I may be here a month longer. Whenever I go from hence, one of the few reafons to make me regret my home will be, that I fhall not have the pleafure of faying to you,

Hic tamen hanc mecum poteris requiescere noctem.

which would have rendered this place more agreeable, than ever elfe it could be to me; for I proteft, it is with the utmost funcerity that I affure you, I am entirely,

Dear Sir,

Your, &c.

LETTER VIII.

June 22, 1717.

IF a regard both to public and private affairs may plead a lawful excufe in behalf of a negligent correspondent, I have really a very good title to it. I cannot fay whether 'tis a felicity or unhappinefs, that I am obliged at this time to give my whole application to Homer; when without that employment, my thoughts muft turn upon what is lefs a greeable, the violence, madnefs, and refeatment of modern

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Esq. 17

modern War-makers*, which are likely to prove (to fome people at leaft) more fatal, than the fame qualities in Achilles did to his unfortunate countrymen.

Tho' the change of my fcene of life, from Windfor-foreft to the fide of the Thames, be one of the grand Æra's of my days, and may be called a notable period in fo inconfiderable a hiftory ; yet you can fcarce imagine any hero paffing from one ftage of life to another, with fo much tranquillity, fo eafy a transition, and fo laudable a behaviour. I am become fo truly a citizen of the world (according to Plato's expression) that I look with equal indifference on what I have left, and on what I have gained. The times and amufements paft are not more like a dream to me, than those which are present : I lie in a refreshing kind of inaction, and have one comfort at least from obscurity, that the darkness helps me to fleep the better, I now and then re-flect upon the enjoyment of my friends, whom, I fancy, I remember much as feparate fpirits do us, at tender intervals, neither interrupting their own employments, nor altogether careless of ours, but in general constantly withing us well, and hopeing to have us one day in their company.

To grow indifferent to the world is to grow philofophical, or religious (which foever of thofe turns we chance to take) and indeed the world is fuch a thing, as one that thinks pretty much, muft either laugh at, or be angry with: but if we laugh at it, they fay we are proud; and if we are angry with it, they fay we are ill-natured. So the moft politic way is to feem always better pleafed than one can be, greater admirers, greater lovers, and in fhort greater fools, than we really are: fo fhall we live

* This was written in the year of the affair of Prefton. P.

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comfortably

comfortably with our families, quietly with our neighbours, favoured by our mafters, and happy with our miftreffes. I have filled my paper, and fo adieu.

LETTER IX.

Sept. 8, 1717.

Think your leaving England was like a good man's leaving the world, with the bleffed confcience of having acted well in it; and I hope you have received your reward, in being happy where you are. I believe, in the religious country you inhabit, you'll be better pleafed to find I confider you in this light, than if I compared you to those Greeks and Romans, whose conftancy in fuffering pain, and whose refolution in purfuit of a generous end, you would rather imitate than boaft of.

But I had a melancholy hint the other day, as if you were yet a martyr to the fatigue your virtue made you undergo on this fide the water. I beg, if your health be reftored to you, not to deny me the joy of knowing it. Your endeavours of fervice and good advice to the poor papifts, put me in mind of Noah's preaching forty years to thole folks that were to be drowned at laft. At the worft I heartily wifh your Ark may find an Ararat, and the wife and family (the hopes of the good patriarch) land fafely after the deluge, upon the fhore of Totnefs.

If I durft mix prophane with facred hiftory, I would chear you with the old tale of Brutus the wandering Trojan, who found on that very coaft the happy end of his peregrinations and adventures.

I have very lately read Jeffery of Monmouth (to whom your Cornwall is not a little beholden) in the translation of a clergyman in my neighbourhood.

The

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso.

The poor man is highly concerned to vindicate Jeffery's veracity as an hiftorian; and told me he was perfectly aftonifhed, we of the Roman communion could doubt of the legends of his Giants, while we believe thofe of our Saints. I am forced to make a fair composition with him; and, by crediting fome of the wonders of Corinæus and Gogmagog, have brought him fo far already, that he fpeaks refpectfully of St. Christopher's carrying Christ, and the refusicitation 'of St. Nicholas Tolentine's chicken. Thus we proceed apace in converting each other from all manner of infidelity.

Ajax and Hector are no more to be compared to Corinzeus and Arthur, than the Guelphs and Gibellines are to the Mohocks of ever dreadful memory. This amazing writer has made me lay afide Homer for a week, and when I take him up again, I fhall be very well prepared to tranflate, with belief and reverence, the fpeech of Achilles's Horfe.

You'll excufe all this triffing, or any thing elfe which prevents a fheet full of compliment: and believe there is nothing more true (even more true than any thing in Jeffery is falle) than that I have a conftant affection for you, and am, &c.

P. S. I know you will take part in rejoicing for the victory of Prince Eugene over the Turks, in the zeal you bear to the Chriftian intereft, tho' your Coufin of Oxford (with whom I dined yefterday) fays, there is no other difference in the Chriftians beating the Turks, or the Turks beating the Chriftians, than whether the Emperor thall firft declare war againft Spain, or Spain declare it againft the Emperor.

C₂

LETTER

LETTERS TO AND

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LETTER X.

Nov. 27, 1717.

THE quefiion you proposed to me is what at prefent I am the most unfit man in the world to answer, by my loss of one of the best of Fathers.

He had lived in fuch a courfe of Temperance as was enough to make the longeft life agreeable to him, and in fuch a courfe of Piety as fufficed to make the moft fudden death fo alfo. Sudden indeed it was: however, I heartily beg of God to give me fuch an one, provided I can lead fuch a life. I leave him to the mercy of God, and to the piety of a religion that extends beyond the grave: Si qua eft ea eura, &c.

He has left me to the ticklifh management of fo narrow a fortune, that any one falle ftep would be fatal. My mother is in that difpirited flate of refignation, which is the effect of long life, and the lofs of what is dear to us. We are really each of us in want of a friend, of fuch an humane turn as yourfelf, to make almost any thing defirable to us. I feel your absence more than ever, at the fame time I can lefs express my regards to you than ever; and fhall make this, which is the most fincere letter I ever writ to you, the fhortest and faintest perhaps of any you have received. 'Tis enough if you reflect, that barely to remember any perfon when one's mind is taken up with a fenfible forrow, is a great degree of friendship. I can fay no more but that I love you, and all that are yours; and that I wish it may be very long before any of yours shall feel for you what I now feel for my father. Adieu.

LETTER

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Esq. 21

LETTER XI.

Rentcomb in Gloucestershire, Oct. 3, 1721.

YOUR kind letter has overtaken me here, for I have been in and about this country ever fince your departure. I am well pleas'd to date this from a place fo well known to Mrs. Blount, where I write as if I were dictated to by her anceftors, whole faces are all upon me. I fear none fo much as Sir Chriftopher Guife, who, being in his thirt, feems as ready to combat me, as her own Sir John was to demolifh Duke Lancaftare. I dare fay your Lady will recollect his figure. I look'd upon the manfion, walls, and terraces; the plantations, and flopes, which nature has made to command a variety of valleys and rifing woods; with a veneration mix'd with a pleafure, that reprefented her to me in those puerile amufements, which engaged her fo many years ago in this place. I fancied I faw her fober over a fampler, or gay over a jointed baby. I dare fay fhe did one thing more, even in those early times; " remembered her Creator in the days of " her youth."

You defcribe fo well your hermitical ftate of life, that none of the ancient anchorites could go beyond you, for a cave in a rock, with a fine fpring, or any of the accommodations that befit a folitary. Only I don't remember to have read, that any of thole venerable and holy perfonages took with them a lady, and begat fons and daughters. You muft modeftly be content to be accounted a patriarch. But were you a little younger, I fhould rather rank you with Sir Amadis, and his fellows. If Piety be fo romantic, I fhall turn hermit in good earneft; for, I fee, one may go fo far as to be poctical, and hope to fave one's foul at the fame time. I really with myfelf fomething more, that is, a prophet; C_3 for 22

for I with I were, as Habakkuk, to be taken by the hair of his head, and vifit Daniel in his den. You are very obliging in faying, I have now a whole family upon my hands to whom to difcharge the part of a friend; I affure you, I like them all fo well, that I will never quit my hereditary right to them; you have made me yours, and confequently them mine. I still fee them walking on my green at Twickenham, and gratefully remember, not on-ly their green-gowns, but the inftructions they gave me how to flide down and trip up the fleepeft flopes of my mount.

Pray think of me fometimes, as I shall often of you; and know me for what I am. that is.

Your, &c.

LETTER XII.

Oct. 21, 1721.

TOUR very kind and obliging manner of en-I quiring after me, among the first concerns of life, at your refuscitation, should have been sooner anfwer'd and acknowledged. I fincerely rejoice at your recovery from an illness which gave me less pain than it did you, only from my ignorance of it. I fhould have elfe been ferioufly and deeply afflicted, in the thought of your danger by a fever. I think it a fine and a natural thought, which I lately read in a letter of Montaigne's published by P. Cofte, giving an account of the laft words of an intimate friend of his: " Adieu, my friend! the pain I feel " will foon be over ; but I grieve for that you are " to feel, which is to laft you for life."

I join with your family in giving God thanks for lending us a worthy man fomewhat longer. The comforts you receive from their attendance, put me in

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso. 22

in mind of what old Fletcher' of Saltoune faid one day to me. " Alas, I have nothing to do but to " die; I am a poor individual; no creature to wifh, " or to fear, for my life or death: 'Tis the only " reafon I have to repent being a fingle man; now " I grow old, I am like a tree without a prop, and " without young trees to grow round me, for com-" pany and defence."

I hope the gout will foon go after the fever, and all evil things remove far from you. But pray tell me, when will you move towards us? If you had an interval to get hither, I care not what fixes you afterwards except the gout. Pray come, and never fir from us again. Do away your dirty acres, caft them to dirty people, fuch as in the Scripture-phrafe poffels the land. Shake off your earth like the noble animal in Milton,

The tawny lyon, pawing to get free His binder parts, he fprings as broke from bonds, Aud rampant fbakes his brinded main: the ounce, The lizard, and the tiger, as the mole Rifing, the crumbled earth above them throw

In hillocks !

But, I believe, Milton never thought thele fine verfes of his fhould be apply'd to a man felling a parcel of dirty acres; tho' in the main, I think, it may have fome refemblance. For, God knows! this little fpace of ground nourifhes, buries, and confines us, as that of Eden did thofe creatures, till we can fhake it loofe, at leaft in our affections and defires.

Believe, dear Sir, I truly love and value you: let Mrs. Blount know that fhe is in the lift of my *Memento*, *Domine*, *famulorum famularumque's*, &c. My poor mother is far from well, declining; and I am watching over her, as we watch an expiring taper, that even when it looks brighteft, waftes faftt C 4 eft.

24 LETTERS TO AND

eft. I am (as you will fee from the whole air of this letter) not in the gayeft nor eafieft humour, but always with fincerity,

Your, &c.

LETTER XIII.

June 27, 1723.

Y O U may truly do me the juffice to think no man is more your fincere well-wifher than myfelf, or more the fincere well-wifher of your whole family; with all which, I cannot deny but I have a mixture of envy to you all, for loving one another fo well; and for enjoying the fweets of that life, which can only be tafted by people of good-will.

They from all shades the darkness can exclude, And from a desart banish solitude.

Torbay is a paradife, and a ftorm is but an amufement to fuch people. If you drink Tea upon a promontory that over-hangs the fea, it is preferable to an Affembly: and the whiftling of the wind better mufic to contented and loving minds, than the Opera to the fpleenful, ambitious, difeas'd, diftafted, and diftracted fouls which this world affords; nay, this world affords no other. Happy they, who are banifh'd from us ! but happier they, who can banifh themfelves; or more properly banifh the world from them !

Alas! I live at Twickenham!

I take that period to be very fublime, and to include more than a hundred fentences that might be writ to express diffraction, hurry, multiplication of nothings, and all the fatiguing perpetual bufiness of having no bufiness to do. You'll wonder I reckon

tran-

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso: 25

translating the Odysfey as nothing. But whenever I think ferioufly (and of late I have met with fo many occasions of thinking feriously, that I begin never to think otherwife) I cannot but think these things very idle : as idle as if a beaft of burden fhould go on gingling his bells, without bearing any thing valuable about him, or ever ferving his mafter.

Life's vain Amufements, amidft which we dwell: Not weigh'd, or understood, by the grim God of Hell !

faid a heathen poet ; as he is translated by a chriftian Bifhop, who has, first by his exhortations, and fince by his example, taught me to think as becomes a reafonable creature - but he is gone !

I remember I promis'd to write to you, as foon as I fhould hear you were got home. You must look on this as the first day I've been myself, and pass over the mad interval un-imputed to me. How punctual a correspondent I shall hence-forward be able or not able to be, God knows: but he knows, I shall ever be a punctual and grateful friend, and all the good wifhes of fuch an one will ever attend you.

LETTER XIV.

Twick'nam, June 2, 1725.

YOU fhew yourfelf a just man and a friend in those guesses and suppositions you make at the possible reasons of my filence; every one of which is a true one. As to forgetfulnels of you or yours, I assure you, the promifcuous conversations of the town ferve only to put me in mind of better, and more quiet, to be had in a corner of the world (undifturb'd, innocent, ferene, and fenfible) with

26 LETTERSTOAND with fuch as you. Let no accefs of any diffruft make you think of me differently in a cloudy day from what you do in the moft funfhiny weather. Let the young ladies be affured I make nothing new in my gardens without withing to fee the print of their fairy fteps in every part of them. I have put the laft hand to my works of this kind, in happily finifhing the fubterraneous way and grotto: I there found a fpring of the cleareft water, which falls in a perpetual rill, that echoes thro' the cavern day and night. From the river Thames, you fee thro' my arch up a walk of the wildernefs, to a kind of open Temple, wholly compos'd of fhells in the ruftic manner; and from that diffance under the temple you look down thro' a floping arcade of temple you look down thro' a floping arcade of trees, and fee the fails on the river paffing fudden-ly and vanifhing, as thro' a perfpective glafs. When you fhut the doors of this grotto, it becomes on the inftant, from a luminous room, a *Camera* obscura; on the walls of which all the objects of the river, hills, woods, and boats, are forming a moving picture in their vifible radiations : and when moving picture in their vilible radiations: and when you have a mind to light it up, it affords you a very different fcene; it is finished with solur terfperfed with pieces of looking-glass in angular forms; and in the cieling is a star of the fame ma-terial, at which when a lamp (of an orbicular fi-gure of thin alabaster) is hung in the middle, a thousand pointed rays glitter, and are reflected over the place. There are connected to this grotto by a narrower paffage two porches, one towards the river of fmooth ftones full of light, and open; the other toward the Garden fhadow'd with trees, rough with shells, flints, and iron-ore. The bottom is paved with imple pebble, as is alfo the ad-joining walk up the wildernefs to the temple, in the natural taffe, agreeing not ill with the little dripping murmur, and the aquatic idea of the whole

FROM EDW. BLOUNT, Eso.

whole place. It wants nothing to compleat it but a good flatue with an infeription, like that beautiful antique one which you know I am fo fond of,

Hujus Nympha loci, facri cuslodia fontis, Dormio, dun blandæ sentio murmur aquæ. Parce meum, quisquis tangis cava marmora, somnum Rumpere; si bibas, sive lavere, tace.

Nymph of the grot, thefe facred fprings I keep, And to the murmur of thefe waters fleep; Ah fpare my flumbers, gently tread the cave ! And drink in filence, or in filence lave !

You'll think I have been very poetical in this defcription, but it is pretty near the truth *. I wifh you were here to bear teftimony how little it owes to Art, either the place itfelf, or the image I give it.

I am, &c.

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LETTER XV.

Sept. 13, 1725:

I Should be afham'd to own the receipt of a very kind letter from you, two whole months from the date of this; if I were not more afhanged to tell a lye, or to make an excufe, which is worfe than a lye (for being built upon fome probable circumftance, it makes use of a degree of truth to

* He had greatly inlarged and improved this Grotto not long before his death: and, by incruiting it about with a valt number of ores and minerals of the richeft and rareft kinds, had made it one of the most elegant and romantic retirements that was any where to be feen. He has made it the fubject of a very pretty poem of a fingular caft and composition. LETTERS TO AND

falfify with, and is a lye guarded.) Your letter has been in my pocket in conftant wearing, till that, and the pocket, and the fuit, are worn out; by which means I have read it forty times, and I find by fo doing that I have not enough confidered and reflected upon many others you have obliged me with; for true friendfhip, as they fay of good writing, will bear reviewing a thouland times, and fill difcover new beauties.

I have had a fever, a fhort one, but a violent: I am now well; fo it fhall take up no more of this paper.

I begin now to expect you in town to make the winter to come more tolerable to us both. The fummer is a kind of heaven, when we wander in a paradifaical feene among groves and gardens; but at this feafon, we are, like our poor firft parents, turn'd out of that agreeable though folitary life, and forced to look about for more people to help to bear our labours, to get into warmer houfes, and live together in cities.

I hope you are long fince perfectly reftor'd, and rifen from your gout, happy in the delights of a contented family, finiling at ftorms, laughing at greatnefs, merry over a chriftmas-fire, and exercifing all the functions of an old Patriarch in charity and hofpitality. I will not tell Mrs. B* what I think fhe is doing; for I conclude it is her opinion, that he only ought to know it for whom it is done; and the will allow herfelf to be far enough advanced above a fine lady, not to defire to fhine before men.

Your daughters perhaps may have fome other thoughts, which even their mother muft excule them for, becaufe fhe is a mother. I will not however fuppofe those thoughts get the better of their devotions, but rather excite them and affift the warmth of them; while their prayer may be, that they

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FROM EDW. BLOUNT. Eso. 20

they may raife up and breed as irreproachable a young family as their parents have done. In a word, I fancy you all well, eafy, and happy, juft as I wifh you; and next to that, I wifh you all with me.

with me. Next to God, is a good man: next in dignity, and next in value. Minuifi eum paullo minus ab angelis. If therefore I wifh well to the good and the deferving, and defire they only hould be my companions and correspondents, I must very foor and very much think of you. I want your company, and your example. Pray make hafte to town, fo as not again to leave us: difcharge the load of earth that lies on you, like one of the moun-tains under which the poets fay, the giants (the men of the earth) are whelmed: leave earth, to the fons of the earth, your conversation is in heaven. Which that it may be accomplified in us all, is the prayer of him who maketh this fhort Sermon; value (to you) three-pence. Adieu.

Mr. Blount died in London the following Year, 1726. and see and any experience is much proportion, data there I are the spire of a same your a physicians, I day are an error even or log of the furth, and

(inco the accente) party vice rown, medicinately about with them. The indext of medicus are found been or collery, their medicus in entry month accenter or collery, their medicus in entry month accenter being and the second second

I all the streng operations are then think our liveling and the barn

she way der i an enterner man i felt you the

LETTERS

LETTERS

To and from the

Hon. ROBERT DIGBY.

From 1717 to 1724.

LETTER I:

To the Hon. ROBERT DIGBY.

June 2, 1717.

Had pleas'd myfelf fooner in writing to you, but that I have been your fucceffor in a fit of ficknefs, and am not yet fo much recovered, but that I have thoughts of ufing your * phyficians. They are as grave perfons as any of the faculty, and (like the ancients) carry their own medicaments about with them. But indeed the moderns are fuch lovers of raillery, that nothing is grave enough to efcape them. Let them laugh, but people will fill have their opinions : as they think our Doctors affes to them, we'll think them affes to our Doctors.

I am glad you are fo much in a better ftate of health, as to allow me to jeft about it. My concern, when I heard of your danger, was fo very ferious, that I almost take it ill Dr. Evans fhould tell you of it, or you mention it. I tell you fair-

Afles.

ly,

lv, if you and a few more fuch people were to leave the world, I would not give fix-pence to flay in it,

I am not fo much concerned as to the point whether you are to live fat or lean: moft men of wit or honefty are ufually decreed to live very lean: fo I am inclined to the opinion that 'tis decreed you fhall; however be comforted, and reflect, that you'll make the better Bufto for it.

'Tis fomething particular in you, not to be fatisfied with fending me your own books, but to make your acquaintance continue the frolic. Mr. Wharton forced me to take Gorboduc, which has fince done me great credit with feveral people, as it has done Dryden and Oldham fome difkindnefs, in fhewing there is as much difference between their Gorboduc and this, as between Queen Anne, and King George. It is truly a fcandal, that men fhould write with contempt of a piece which they never once faw, as those two Poets did, who were ignorant even of the fex, as well as fenfe, of Gorboduc *.

Adieu! I am going to forget you: this minute you took up all my mind; the next I fhall think of nothing but the reconciliation with Agamemnon, and the recovery of Brifeis. I fhall be Achilles's humble fervant thefe two months (with the good leave of all my friends.) I have no ambition fo ftrong at prefent, as that noble one of Sir Salathiel Lovel, recorder of London, to furnifh out a decen't and plentiful execution, of Greeks and Trojans. It is not to be express' dow heartily I with the death of all Homer's heroes, one after another. The Lord preferve me in the day of battle,

* There is a correct edition of it in that valuable collection of old Plays published by Dodfley.

which

22 LETTERS TO AND

which is just approaching ! join in your prayers for me, and know me to be always

Your, &c.

LETTER II.

London, March 31, 1718.

TO convince you how little pain I give myfelf in corresponding with men of good nature and good understanding, you see I omit to answer your letters till a time, when another man would be assumed to own he had received them. If therefore you are ever moved on my account by that spirit, which I take to be as familiar to you as a quotidian ague, I mean the spirit of goodness, pray never spint it, in any fear of obliging me to a civility beyond my natural inclination. I dare truff you, Sir, not only with my folly when I write, but with my negligence when I do not; and expect equally your pardon for either. If I knew how to entertain you thro' the reft

If I knew how to entertain you thro' the reft of this paper, it fhould be fpotted and diverfified with conceits all over; you fhould be put out of breath with laughter at each fentence, and paufe at each period, to look back over how much wit you have pass'd. But I have found by experience that people now-a-days regard writing as little as they do preaching: the most we can hope is to be heard juft with decency and patience, once a week, by folks in the country. Here in town we hum over a piece of fine writing, and we whiftle at a fermon. The flage is the only place we feem alive at ! there indeed we flare, and roar, and clap hands for K. George, and the government. As for all other virtues but this loyalty, they are an obfolete train, fo ill-drefs'd, that men, women,

and

and children hifs them out of all good company. Humility knocks fo fneakingly at the door that every footman outraps it, and makes it give way to the free entrance of pride, prodigality, and vainglory.

My Lady Scudamore, from having rufticated in your company too long, really behaves herfelf fcandaloufly among us: fhe pretends to open her eyes for the fake of feeing the fun, and to fleep becaufe it is night; drinks tea at nine in the morning, and is thought to have faid her prayers before; talks, without any manner of fliame, of good books, and has not feen Cibber's play of the Nonjuror. I rejoiced the other day to fee a libel on her toilette, which gives me fome hope that you have, at leaft, a tafte of fcandal left you, in defect of all other vices.

Upon the whole matter, I heartily with you' well; but as I cannot entirely defire the ruin of all the joys of this city, fo all that remains is to with you would keep your happines to yourfelves, that the happieft here may not die with envy at a blis which they cannot attain to.

I'am, &c.

LETTER III. From Mr. DIGBY.

Coleshill, April 17, 1718.

Have read your letter over and over with delight. By your defcription of the town, I imagine it to lie under fome great enchantment, and am very much concerned for you and all my friends in it. I am the more afraid, infagining, fance you do not fly thole horrible monflers, ra-Vol. VIII. D pine,

LETTERS TO AND

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pine, diffimulation, and luxury, that a magic circle is drawn about you, and you cannot efcape. We are here in the country in quite another world, furrounded with bleffings and pleafures, without any occafion of exercifing our irafcible faculties: indeed we cannot boaft of good-breeding and the art of life, but yet we don't live unpleafantly in primitive fimplicity and good-humour. The fafhions of the town affect us but just like a rareefhow, we have a curiofity to peep at them, and nothing more. What you call pride, prodigality, and vain-glory, we cannot find in pomp and fplendor at this diffance; it appears to us a fine glittering scene, which if we don't envy you, we think you happier than we are, in your enjoying it. Whatever you may think to perfuade us of the hu-mility of Virtue, and her appearing in rags amongft you, we can never believe : our uninform'd minds represent her fo noble to us, that we neceffarily annex fplendor to her : and we could as foon imagine the order of things inverted, and that there is no man in the moon, as believe the contrary. I can't forbear telling you we indeed read the fpoils of Rapine as boys do the English rogue, and hug ourfelves full as much over it; yet our rofes are not without thorns. Pray give me the pleafure of hearing (when you are at leifure) how foon I may expect to fee the next volume of Homer.

I am, &c.

LETTER IV.

May 1, 1720.

Y Ou'll think me very full of myfelf, when after long filence (which however, to fay truth, has rather been employed to contemplate of you, than than to forget you) I begin to talk of my own works. I find it is in the finishing a book, as in concluding a feffion of Parliament, one always thinks it will be very foon, and finds it very late. There are many unlook'd-for-incidents to retard the clearing any public account, and fo I fee it is in mine. I have plagued myfelf, like great minifters, with undertaking too much for one man : and with a defire of doing more than was expected from me, have done lefs than I ought.

For having defign'd four very laborious and un-common fort of Indexes to Homer, I'm forc'd, for want of time, to publish two only; the defign of which you will own to be pretty, tho' far from being fully executed. I've alfo been obliged to leave unfinish'd in my desk the heads of two Esfays, one on the Theology and Morality of Homer, and another on the Oratory of Homer and Virgil. So they must wait for future editions, or perish ; and (one way or other, no great matter which) dabit Deus his quoque finem. I think of you every day, I affure you, even without fuch good memorials of you as your fifters, with whom I fometimes talk of you, and find it one of the moft agreeable of all fubjects to them. My Lord Digby muft be per-petually remember'd by all who ever knew him, or knew his children. There needs no more than an acquaintance with your family, to make all elder fons wifh they had fathers to their lives end.

I can't touch upon the fubject of filial love, without putting you in mind of an old woman, who has a fincere, hearty, old-fashion'd respect for you, and conftantly blames her fon for not having writ to you oftener to tell you fo.

I very much wish (but what fignifies my wishing ? my lady Scudamore withes, your fifters with) that you were with us, to compare the beautiful con- D_2 trafte 36

trafte this feafon affords us, of the town and the country. No ideas you could form in the winter can make you imagine what Twickenham is (and what your friend Mr. Johnson of Twickenham is) in this warmer feafon. Our river glitters beneath an unclouded fun, at the fame time that its banks retain the verdure of fhowers : our gardens are offering their first nofegays; our trees, like new acquaintance brought happily together, are firetching their arms to meet each other, and growing nearer and nearer every hour; the birds are paying their thankfgiving fongs for the new habitations I have made them; my building rifes high enough to attract the eye and curiofity of the paffenger from the river, where, upon beholding a mixture of beauty and ruin, he enquires what house is falling, or what church is rifing ? So little tafte have our common Tritons of Vitruvius; whatever delight the poetical gods of the river may take, in reflecting on their streams, my Tuscan Porticos, or Ionic Pilasters.

But (to defeend from all this pomp of flyle) the beft account of what I am building, is, that it will afford me a few pleafant rooms for fuch a friend as yourfelf, or a cool fituation for an hour or two for Lady Scudamore, when fhe will do me the honour (at this public houfe on the road) to drink her own cyder.

The moment I am writing this, I am furprized with the account of the death of a friend of mine; which makes all I have here been talking of, a mere jeft! Building, gardens, writings, pleafures, works, of whatever fluff man can raife! none of them (God knows) capable of advantaging a creature that is mortal, or of fatisfying a foul that is immortal! Dear Sir,

I am, &c.

LETTER

LETTER V.

From Mr. DIGBY.

May 21, 1720.

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TOUR letter, which I had two pofts ago, was Y very medicinal to me; and I heartily thank you for the relief it gave me. I was fick of the thoughts of my not having in all this time given you any teltimony of the affection I owe you, and which I as conftantly indeed feel as I think of you. This indeed was a troublefome ill to me, till, after reading your letter, I found it was a most idle weak imagination to think I could to offend you. Of all the impreffions you have made upon me, I never receiv'd any with greater joy than this of your abundant good-nature, which bids me be affured of fome fhare of your affections. I had many other pleafures from your letter;

that your mother remembers me is a very fincere joy to me ; I cannot but reflect how alike you are; from the time you do any one a favour, you think yourfelves obliged as those that have received one. This is indeed an old-fashioned respect, hardly to be found out of your houfe. I have great hopes however, to fee many old-fashioned virtues revive, fince you have made our age in love with Homer ; I heartily wifh you, who are as good a citizen as a poet, the joy of feeing a reformation from your works. I am in doubt whether I fhould congratulate your having finished Homer, while the two effays you mention are not completed; but if you expect no great trouble from finishing thefe, I heartily rejoice with you.

I have fome faint notion of the beauties of Twickenham from what I here fee round me. The verdure

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verdure of fhowers is poured upon every tree and field about us: the gardens unfold variety of colours to the eve every morning, the hedges breath is bevond all perfume, and the fong of birds we hear as well as you. But tho' I hear and fee all this, yet I think they would delight me more if you was here. I found the want of thefe at Twickenham while I was there with you, by which I guess what an increase of charms it must now have. How kind is it in you to wifh me there, and how unfortunate are my circumstances that allow me not to visit you ? If I fee you, I must leave my father alone, and this uneafy thought would difappoint all my propofed pleafures; the fame circumftance will prevent my profpect of many happy hours with you in Lord Bathurft's wood, and I fear of feeing you till win-ter, unlefs Lady Scudamore comes to Sherburne, in which cafe I fhall prefs you to fee Dorfetfhire, as you propofed. May you have a long enjoyment of your new favourite Portico.

Your, &c.

LETTER VI.

From Mr. DIGBY.

Sherburne, July 9, 1720.

THE London language and convertation is, I find, quite changed fince I left it, tho' it is not above three or four months ago. No violent change in the natural world ever aftonifhed a Philofopher fo much as this does me. I hope this will calm all Party-rage, and introduce more humanity than has of late obtained in convertation. All fcandal will fure be laid afide, for there can be no fuch difcafe any more as Spleen in this new golden age. I am

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I am pleafed with the thoughts of feeing nothing but a general good humour when I come up to town; I rejoice in the univerfal riches I hear of, in the thought of their having this effect. They tell me you was foon content; and that you cared not for fuch an increase as others wished you. By this account I judge you the richeft man in the Southfea, and congratulate you accordingly. I can wish you only an increase of health, for of riches and fame you have enough.

Your. &c.

LETTER. VII.

July 20, 1720.

Y OUR kind defire to know the flate of my health had not been unfatisfied fo long, had not that ill flate been the impediment. Nor fhould I have feem'd an unconcerned party in the joys of your family, which I heard of from lady Scudamore, whofe fhort Efchantillon of a letter (of a quarter of a page) I value as the flort glymple of a vifion afforded to fome devout hermit; for it includes (as thofe revelations do) a promife of a better life in the Elyfian groves of Cirenceffer, whither, I could fay almoft in the flyle of a fermon, the Lord bring us all, &c. Thither may we tend, by various ways, to one blifful bower : thither may health, peace, and good humour wait upon us as affociates : thither may whole cargoes of nectar (liquor of life and longævity !) by mortals call'd fpawwater, be convey'd; and there (as Milton has it) may we, like the deaties,

On flow'rs repos'd, and with fresh garlands crown'd, Quaff immortality and joy.

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When I fpeak of garlands, I fhould not forget the green vefiments and fcarfs which your fifters promis'd to make for this purpofe: I expect you too in green, with a hunting-horn by your fide and a green hat, the model of which you may take from Ofborne's defcription of King James the firft.

What words, what numbers, what oratory, or what poetry, can fuffice, to express how infinitely I efteem, value, love, and defire you all, above all the great ones of this part of the world; above all the Jews, jobbers, bubblers, fubscribers, projectors, directors, governors, treasurers, &c. &c. &c. in fæcula fæculorum.

Turn your eyes and attention from this miferable mercenary period; and turn yourfelf, in a juft contempt of these fons of Mammon, to the contemplation of books, gardens, and marriage: in which I now leave you, and return (wretch that I am !) to water-gruel and Palladio. I am, &c.

LETTER VIII.

From Mr. DIGBY.

Sherburne, July 30.

I Congratulate you, dear Sir, on the return of the Golden-age, for fure this muft be fuch, in which money is fhowered down in fuch abundance upon us. I hope this overflowing will produce great and good fruits, and bring back the figurative moral golden-age to us. I have fome omens to induce me to believe it may; for when the Mufes delight to be near a Court, when I find you frequently with a Firft-minifter, I can't but expect from fuch an intimacy an encouragement and revival of the polite arts. I know, you defire to bring them into honour,

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nour, above the golden Image which is fet up and worthiped, and, if you cannot effect it, adieu to all fuch hopes. You feem to intimate in yours another face of things from this inundation of wealth, as if beauty, wit, and valour would no more engage our paffions in the pleafurable purfuit of them, tho' affifted by this encreafe : if fo, and if monfters only as various as thole of Nile arife from this abundance, who that has any fpleen about him will not hafte to town to laugh? What will become of the play-houfe ? who will go thither, while there is fuch entertainment in the fireets ? I hope we fhall neither want good Satire nor Comedy ; if we do, the age may well be thought barren of genius's, for nono has ever produced better fubjects.

Your, &c.

LETTER IX.

From Mr. DIBGY.

Colefhill, Nov. 12, 1720,

I Find in my heart that I have a taint of the corrupt age we live in. I want the public Spirit fo much admired in old Rome, of factificing every thing that is dear to us to the common-wealth. I even feel a more intimate concern for my friends who have fuffered in the S. Sea, than for the public, which is faid to be undone by it. But, I hope, the reafon is, that I do not fee fo evidently the ruin of the public to be a confequence of it, as I do the lofs, of my friends. I fear there are few befides yourfelf that will be perfuaded by old Hefiod, that half is, more than the whole. I know not whether I do not rejoyce rejoyce in your Sufferings *; fince they have flewn me your mind is principled with fuch a fentiment, I aflure you I expect from it a performance greater ftill than Homer. I have an extreme joy from your communicating to me this affection of your mind;

Quid voveat dulci Nutricula majus alumno?

Believe me, dear Sir, no equipage could fhew you to my eye in fo much fplendor. I would not indulge this fit of philosophy fo far as to be tedious to you, elfe I could profecute it with pleasure.

I long to fee you, your Mother, and your Villa; till then I will fay nothing of Lord Bathurft's wood, which I faw in my return hither. Soon after Chriffmas I defign for London, where I fhall mifs Lady Scudamore very much, who intends to flay in the country all winter. I am angry with her, as I am like to fuffer by this refolution, and would fain blame her, but cannot find a caufe. The man is curfed that has a longer letter than this to write with as bad a pen, yet I can ufe it with pleafure to fend my fervices to your good mother, and to write myfelf

Your, &c.

LETTER X.

Sept. 1, 1722.

Deftor Arbuthnot is going to Bath, and will ftay there a fortnight or more: perhaps you would be comforted to have a fight of him, whether you need him or not. I think him as good a Doctor as any man for one that is ill, and a better Doctor for one that is well. He would do admirably for

 See Note on v. 139. of the fecond Satire, ii. Book of Horace.

Mrs. Mary Digby : fhe needed only to follow his hints, to be in eternal bufinefs and amufement of mind, and even as active as the could defire. But indeed I fear the would out-walk him ; for (as Dean Swift observed to me the very first time I faw the Doctor) " He is a man that can do every thing but " walk." His brother, who is lately come into England, goes also to the Bath ; and is a more extraordinary man than he, worth your going thither on purpole to know him. The fpirit of Philan-thropy, fo long dead to our world, is revived in him: he is a philosopher all of fire; fo warmly, nay fo wildly in the right, that he forces all others about him to be fo too, and draws them into his own Vortex. He is a ftar that looks as if it were all fire, but is all benignity, all gentle and beneficial influence. If there be other men in the world that would ferve a friend, yet he is the only one, I believe, that could make even an enemy ferve a friend.

As all human life is chequered and mixed with acquifitions and loffes (tho' the latter are more certain and irremediable, than the former lafting or fatisfactory) fo at the time I have gained the acquaintance of one worthy man I have loft another, a very eafy, humane, and gentlemanly neighbour, Mr. Stonor. 'Tis certain the loss of one of this character puts us naturally upon fetting a greater value on the few that are left, tho' the degree of our efteem may be different. Nothing, fays Seneca, is fo melancholy a circumstance in human life, or fo foon reconciles us to the thought of our own death, as the reflection and prospect of one friend after another dropping round us ! Who would ftand alone, the fole remaining ruin, the laft tottering column of all the fabric of friendship; once to large, seem-ingly fo strong, and yet to suddenly funk and buried ? I am. &c.

LETTER

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LETTER XI.

Have belief enough in the goodnefs of your whole family, to think you will all be pleafed that I am arrived in fafety at Twickenham; tho' it is a fort of earnest that you will be troubled again with me, at Sherburne, or Colefhill ; for however I may like one of your places, it may be in that as in liking one of your family; when one fees the reft, one likes them all. Pray make my fervices accept-able to them; I wish them all the happiness they may want, and the continuance of all the happines they have; and I take the latter to comprize a great deal more than the former. I must separate Lady Scudamore from you, as, I fear, the will do herfelf before this letter reaches you : fo I with her a good Journey, and I hope one day to try if the lives as well as you do : tho' I much question if the can live as quietly : I fuspect the Bells will be ringing at her arrival, and on her own and Mifs Scudamore's birthdays, and that all the Clergy in the country come to pay respects; both the Clergy and their Bells expecting from her, and from the young Lady, further bufinefs and further employment. Befides all this, there dwells on the one fide of her the Lady Conningfby, and on the other Mr. W*. Yet I fhall, when the days and the years come about, adventure upon all this for her fake.

I beg my Lord Digby to think me a better man than to content myfelf with thanking him in the common way. I am in as fincere a lenle of the word, his fervant, as you are his fon, or he your father.

I must in my turn infit upon hearing how my last fellow-travellers got home from Clarendon, and defire Mr. Philips to remember me in his Cyder, and to tell Mr. W* that I am dead and buried.

I wifh

AG

1722.

I wish the young Ladies, whom I almost robb'd of their good name, a better name in return (even that very name to each of them, which they shall like best, for the fake of the man that bears it.) Your, &c.

LETTER XII.

Y OUR making a fort of apology for your not writing, is a very genteel reproof to me. I know I was to blame, but I know I did not intend to be fo, and (what is the happielt knowledge in the world) I know you will forgive me: for fure nothing is more fatisfactory than to be certain of fuch a friend as will overlook one's failings, fince every fuch inftance is a conviction of his kindnefs.

. If I am all my life to dwell in intentions, and never to rife to actions. I have but too much need of that gentle disposition which I experience in you, But I hope better things of myfelf, and fully purpofe to make you a vifit this fummer at Sherburne. I'm told you are all upon removal very fpeedily, and that Mrs Mary Digby talks in a letter to Lady Scudamore, of feeing my Lord Bathurft's wood in her way. How much I wish to be her guide thro' that enchanted foreft, is not to be exprest: I look upon myfelf as the magician appropriated to the place, without whom no mortal can penetrate into the receffes of those facred fhades I could pais whole days, in only defcribing to her the future, and as yet visionary beauties, that are to rife in those fcenes : the palace that is to be built, the pavillions that are to glitter, the colonades that are to adorn, them : nay more, the meeting of the Thames and the

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the Severn, which (when the noble owner has finer dreams than ordinary) are to be led into each other's embraces thro' fecret caverns of not above twelve or fifteen miles, till they rife and celebrate their marriage in the midft of an immenfe amphitheatre, which is to be the admiration of pofterity, a hundred years hence. But till the deftin'd time fhalt arrive that is to manifeft thefe wonders, Mrs. Digby muft content herfelf with feeing what is at prefent no more than the fineft wood in England.

The objects that attract this part of the world, are of a quite different nature. Women of quality are all turn'd followers of the camp in Hyde-Park this year, whither all the town refort to magnificent entertainments given by the officers, &c. The Scythian Ladies that dwelt in the waggons of war, were not more closely attached to the luggage. The matrons, like those of Sparta, attend their fons to the field, to be the witneffes of their glorious deeds ; and the maidens with all their charms difplay'd, provoke the fpirit of the Soldiers: Tea and Coffee fupply the place of Lacedemonian black broth. This Camp feems crown'd with perpetual victory, for every fun that rifes in the thunder of cannon, fets in the mufick of violins. Nothing is yet wanting but the constant prefence of the Princefs, to reprefent the Mater Exercitus.

At Twickenham the world goes otherwife. There are certain old people who take up all my time, and will hardly allow me to keep any other company. They were introduced here by a man of their own fort, who has made me perfectly rude to all contemporaries, and won't fo much as fuffer me to look upon them. The perfon I complain of is the Bifhop of Rochefter. Yet he allows me (from fomething he has heard of your character and that of your family, as if you were of the old fect of moralifts) to write three or four fides of paper to

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you,

you, and to tell you (what thefe fort of people never tell but with truth and religious fincerity) that I am, and ever will be,

Your, &c.

LETTER XIII.

THE fame reafon that hinder'd your writing. hinder'd mine, the pleafing expectation to fee you in town. Indeed fince the willing confinement I have lain under here with my mother (whom it is natural and reafonable I fhould rejoice with, as well as grieve) I could the better bear your absence from London, for I could hardly have feen you there; and it would not have been quite reasonable to have drawn you to a fick room hither from the first embraces of your friends. My mother is now (I thank God) wonderfully recovered, tho' not fo much as yet to venture out of her chamber, but enough to enjoy a few particular friends, when they have the good nature to look upon her. I may recommend to you the room we fit in, upon one (and that a favourite) account, that it is the very warmeft in the houfe; we and our fires will equally fmile In the nonle; we also our mes win equal times upon your face. There is a Perfian proverb that fays (I think very prettily) " The convertation of " a friend brightens the eyes." This I take to be a fplendor flill more agreeable than the fires you for delightfully describe.

That you may long enjoy your own fire-fide in the metaphorical tenfe, that is, all those of your family who make it pleafing to fit and fpend whole wintry months together (a far more rational delight, and better felt by an honess the heart, than all the glaring entertainments, numerous lights, and false fplendors, of an Affembly of empty heads, aking hearts, and 48 LETTERS TO AND

and falle faces.) This is my fincere with to you and yours.

You fay you propole much pleafure in feeing fome few faces about town of my acquaintance. I guefs you mean Mrs. Howard's and Mrs. Blount's. And I affure you, you ought to take as much pleafure in their hearts, if they are what they fometimes exprefs with regard to you.

Believe me, dear Sir, to you all, a very faithful fervant.

LETTER XIV.

From Mr. DIGBY.

Sherburne, Aug. 14, 1723.

Can't return from fo agreeable an entertainment as yours in the country, without acknowledging it. I thank you heartily for the new agreeable idea of life you there gave me; it will remain long with me, for it is very ftrongly imprefied upon my imagination. I repeat the memory of it often, and fhall value that faculty of the mind now more than ever, for the power it gives me of being entertained in your villa, when abfent from it. As you are poffeffed of all the pleafures of the country, and; as I think, of a right mind; what can I with you but health to enjoy them ? This I fo heartily do, that I fhould be even glad to hear your good old mother might lofe all her prefent pleafures in her unwearied care of you, by your better health convincing them it is unneceffary.

I am troubled and thall be fo till I hear you have received this letter: for you gave me the greateft pleafure imaginable in yours, and I am impatient to acknowledge it. If I any ways deferve that 2 friendly

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friendly warmth and affection with which you write, it is, that I have a heart full of love and effeem for you: fo truly, that I fhould lofe the greateft pleafure of my life if I loft your good opinion. It rejoices me very much to be reckoned by you in the clafs of honeft men: for tho' I am not troubled over much about the opinion moft may have of me, yet, I own, it would grieve me not to be thought well of, by you and fome few others. I will not doubt my own firength, yet I have this further fecurity to maintain my integrity, that I cannot part with that, without forfeiting your effeem with it. Perpetual diforder and ill health have for fome

years fo difguifed me, that I fometimes fear I do not to my beft friends enough appear what I really am. Sicknefs is a great opprefilor; it does great injury to a zealous heart, stifling its warmth, and not fuffering it to break out in action. But, I hope, I shall not make this complaint much longer. I have other hopes that pleafe me too, tho' not fo well grounded; thefe are, that you may yet make a journey weftward with Lord Bathurft; but of the probability of this I do not venture to reason, because I would not part with the pleasure of that belief. It grieves me to think how far I am removed from you, and from that excellent Lord, whom I love ! Indeed I remember him, as one that has made ficknefs eafy to me, by bearing with my infirmities in the fame manner that you have always done. I often too confider him in other lights that make him valuable to me. With him, 1 know not by what connection, you never fail to come into my mind, as if you were infeparable. I have, as you guels, many philosophical reveries in the fhades of Sir Walter Raleigh, of which you are a great part. You generally enter there with me, and like a good Genius, applaud and ftrengthen all my fentiments that have honour in them. This good office which you Vol. VIII. have E

have often done me unknowingly, I muft acknowledge now, that my own breaft may not reproach me with ingratitude, and difquiet me when I would mufe again in that folemin fcene. I have not room now left to afk you many quefitions I intended about the Odyffey. I beg I may know how far you have carried Ulyffes on his journey, and how you have been entertained with him on the way? I defire I may hear of your health, of Mrs. Pope's, and of every thing elfe that belongs to you.

How thrive your garden plants? how look the trees? how fpring the Brocoli and the Fenochio? hard names to fpell! how did the popies bloom? and how is the great room approved? what parties have you had of pleafure? what in the grotto? what upon the Thames? I would know how all your hours pafs, all you fay, and all you do; of which I fhould queftion you yet farther, but my paper is full and fpares you. My brother Ned is wholly yours, fo my father defires to be, and every foul here whofe name is Digby. My fifter will be yours in particular. What can I add more?

I am, &c.

LETTER XV.

O&. 10.

I was upon the point of taking a much greater journey than to Bermudas, even to that undifcovered country, from whose bourn No traveller returns!

A fever carried me on the high gallop towards it, for fix or feven days — But here you have me now, and that is all I fhall fay of it: fince which time an impertinent lamenefs kept me at home twice as long; as if fate fhould fay (after the other danger-

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ous illnefs) "You fhall neither go into the other "world, nor any where you like in this." Elfe who knows but I had been at Hom-lacy?

I confpire in your fentiments, emulate your pleafures, wifh for your company. You are all of one heart and one foul, as was faid of the primitive Chriftians: 'tis like the kingdom of the just upon earth; not a wicked wretch to interrupt you, but a fet of try'd, experienced friends, and fellow-comforters, who have feen evil men and evil days, and have by a fuperior rectitude of heart fet yourfelves above them, and reap your reward. Why will you ever, of your own accord, end fuch a millennary year in London ? transmigrate (if I may fo call it) into other creatures, in that scene of folly militant, when you may reign for ever at Hom-lacy in fense and reason triumphant? I appeal to a third Lady in your family, whom I take to be the most innocent, and the leaft warp'd by idle fashion and cuf-tom of you all; I appeal to her, if you are not every foul of you better people, better companions, and happier, where you are? I defire her opinion under her hand in your next letter, I mean Mifs Scudamore's *. I am confident if the would or durft fpeak her fenfe, and employ that reafoning which God has given her, to infuse more thoughtfulnefs into you all; those arguments could not fail to put you to the blufh, and keep you out of town, like people fenfible of your own felicities. I am not without hopes, if the can detain a parliament man and a lady of quality from the world one winter, that I may come upon you with fuch irrefiftible arguments another year, as may carry you all with

* Afterwards Dutchels of Beaufort, at this time very young. P.

me

me to Bermudas +, the feat of all earthly happines, and the new Jerufalem of the righteous.

Don't talk of the decay of the year, the feafon is good where the people are fo: 'tis the beft time in the year for a painter; there is more variety of colours in the leaves, the profpects begin to open, thro' the thinner woods, over the valleys; and thro' the high canopies of trees to the higher arch of heaven: the dews of the morning impearl every thorn, and fcatter diamonds on the verdant mantle of the earth; the frofts are frefh and wholefome: what would you have? the Moon fhines too, tho' not for Lovers thefe cold nights, but for Aftronomers.

Have ye not reflecting Telefcopes ‡, whereby ye may innocently magnify her fpots and blemifhes ? Content yourfelves with them, and do not come to a place where your own eyes become reflecting Telefcopes, and where thofe of all others are equally fuch upon their neighbours. Stay you at leaft (for what I've faid before relates only to the ladies : don't imagine I'll write about any Eyes but theirs) flay, I fay, from that idle, bufy-looking Sanhedrim, where wildom or no wifdom is the eternal debate, not (as it lately was in Ireland) an accidental one.

If, after all, you will defpife good advice, and refolve to come to London, here you will find me, doing juft the things I fhould not, living where I fhould not, and as worldly, as idle, in a word as much an Anti-Bermudanift as any body. Dear Sir, make the ladies know I am their fervant, you know I am Yours, &c.

+ About this time the Rev. Dean Berkley conceived his project of erecting a fettlement in Bermudas for the Propagation of the Chriftian faith, and introduction of Sciences into America. P.

t Thefe inftruments were just then brought to perfection. P.

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LET.

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LETTER XVI.

Aug. 12.

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I Have been above a month ftrolling about in Buckinghamfhire and Oxfordshire, from garden to garden, but still returning to Lord Cobham's with fresh satisfaction. I should be forry to see my Lady Scudamore's, till it has had the full advantage of Lord B* improvements; and then I will expect for the arguments of the state has, becaufe they were certainly both very great, and very wild. I hope Mrs. Mary Digby is quite tired of his Lordfhip's Extravagante Bergerie: and that fhe is just now fitting, or rather reclining on a bank, fatigued with over much dancing and fing-ing at his unwearied requeft and inffigation. I know your love of eafe fo well, that you might be in danger of being too quiet to enjoy quiet, and too phi-lofophical to be a philofopher; were it not for the ferment Lord B. will put you into. One of his Lordship's maxims is, that a total abstinence from Lordinp's maxims is, that a total abitinence from intemperance or bufinefs, is no more philofophy, than a total confopition of the fenfes is repofe; one muft feel enough of its contrary to have a relifh of either. But, after all, let your temper work, and be as fedate and contemplative as you will, I'll en-gage you fhall be fit for any of us, when you come to town in the winter. Folly will laugh you into all the cuffoms of the company here; nothing will be able to prevent your convertion to her, but indif-pofition, which, I hope, will be far from you. I

E 2

am

am telling the worft that can come of you; for as to vice, you are fafe; but folly is many an honeft man's, nay every good-humour'd man's lot : nay, it is the feafoning of life; and fools (in one fenfe) are the falt of the earth: a little is excellent, tho' indeed a whole mouthful is juftly call'd the Devil.

So much for your diversions next winter, and for mine. I envy you much more at prefent, than I fhall then; for if there be on earth an image of paradife, it is fuch perfect Union and Society as you all possible. I would have my innocent envies and wishes of your state known to you all; which is far better than making you compliments, for it is inward approbation and efteem. My Lord Digby has in me a fincere fervant, or would have, were there any occasion for me to manifest it.

LETTER XVII.

Decemb. 28, 1724.

T is now the feafon to wifh you a good end of one year, and a happy beginning of another: but both thefe you know how to make yourfelf, by only continuing fuch a life as you have been long accustomed to lead. As for good works, they are things I dare not name, either to those that do them, or to those that do them not; the first are too modeft, and the latter too felfish, to bear the mention of what are become either too old fashion'd, or too private, to conflitute any part of the vanity or reputation of the prefent age. However, it were to be wish'd people would now and then look upon good works as they do upon old wardrobes, merely in cafe any of them fhould by chance come into fashion again ; as ancient fardingales revive in modern hoop'd petticoats, (which may be properly compared

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compared to charities, as they cover a multitude of fins)

They tell me that at Colefhill certain antiquated charities, and obfolete devotions are yet fubfilting : that a thing call'd Christian chearfulness (not incompatible with Christmas-pyes and plumb-broth) whereof frequent is the mention in old fermons and almanacks, is really kept alive and in practice : that feeding the hungry, and giving alms to the poor, do yet make a part of good house-keeping, in a latitude not more remote from London than fourfcore miles : and laftly, that prayers and roaft-beef actually make fome people as happy, as a whore and a bottle. But here in town, I assure you, men, women, and children have done with these things. Charity not only begins, but ends, at home. Inftead of the four cardinal virtues, now reign four courtly ones: we have cunning for prudence, rapine for justice, time-ferving for fortitude, and luxury for temperance. Whatever you may fancy where you live in a flate of ignorance, and fee nothing but quiet, religion, and good-humour, the cafe is just as I tell you where people understand the world, and know how to live with credit and glory.

I wifh that Heaven would open the eyes of men, and make them fenfible which of thefe is right; whether, upon a due conviction, we are to quit faction, and gaming, and high-feeding, and all manner of luxury, and take to your country way ? or you to leave prayers, and almfgiving, and reading, and exercife, and come into our meafures ? I with (I fay) that this matter were as clear to all neen, as it is to

Your affectionate, &c.

LET.

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LETTER XVIII.

DEAR SIR,

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April 21, 1726.

I Have a great inclination to write to you, tho' I cannot by writing, any more than I could by words, express what part I bear in your fufferings. Nature and Effeem in you are join'd to aggravate your affliction: the latter I have in a degree equal even to yours, and a tye of friendship approaches near to the tenderness of nature : yet, God knows, no man living is lefs fit to comfort you, as no man is more deeply fenfible than myfelf of the greatnefs of the lofs. That very virtue, which fecures his prefent state from all the forrows incident to ours, does but aggrandize our fenfation of its being remov'd from our fight, from our affection, and from our imitation; for the friendship and fociety of good Men does not only make us happier, but it makes us better. Their death does but complete their felicity before our own, who probably are not yet arrived to that degree of perfection which merits an immediate reward. That your dear brother and my dear friend was fo, I take his very removal to be a proof; Providence would certainly lend virtuous men to a world that fo much wants them, as long as in its juffice to them it could fpare them to us. May my foul be with those who have meant well, and have acted well to that meaning ! and, I doubt not, if this prayer be granted, I shall be with him. Let us preferve his memory in the way he would best like, by recollecting what his behaviour would have been, in every incident of our lives to come, and doing in each juft as we think he would

Mr. Digby died in the year 1726, and is buried in the church of Sherburne in Dorfetthire, with an Epitaph written by the Author. P.

have

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have done; fo we fhall have him always before our eyes, and in our minds, and (what is more) in our lives and manners. I hope when we fhall meet him next, we fhall be more of a piece with him, and confequently not to be evermore feparated from him. I will add but one word that relates to what remains of yourfelf and me, fince fo valued a part of us is gone; it is to beg you to accept, as yours by inheritance, of the vacancy he has left in a heart, which (while he could fill it with fuch hopes, wifhes, and affections for him as fuited a mortal creature) was truly and warmly his; and fhall (I affure you in the fincerity of forrow for my own loss) be faithfully at your fervice while I continue to love his memory, that is, while I continue to be myfelf.

Fature form + Profess, which I have mud the

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LETTERS

TED LONGLO MORT

TO AND FROM

Dr. A T T E R B U R Y, Bifhop of Rochester.

From the Year 1716 to 1723.

LETTER I.

The Bishop of ROCHESTER to Mr. POPE.

Decemb. 1716.

Return your * Preface, which I have read twice with pleafure. The modefly and good fenfe there is in it, mult pleafe every one that reads it: And fince there is nothing that can offend, I fee not why you should balance a moment about printing it—always provided, that there is nothing faid there which you may have occasion to unfay hereafter : of which you yourfelf are the beft and the only judge. This is my fincere opinion, which I give, becaufe you afk it : and which I would not give, tho' afk'd, but to a man I value as much as I do you; being fenfible how improper it is, on many

* The General Preface to Mr. Pope's Poems, first printed 1717, the year after the date of this letter. P.

accounts, for me to interpole in things of this nature; which I never understood well, and now understand somewhat less than ever I did. But I can deny you nothing; especially fince you have had the goodness often, and patiently, to hear what I have faid against rhyme, and in behalf of blank verse; with little difcretion perhaps, but, I am fure, without the least prejudice : being myfelf equally incapable of writing well in either of those ways, and leaning therefore to neither fide of the queftion, but as the appearance of reafon inclines me. Forgive me this error, if it be one ; an error of above thirty years flanding, and which therefore I shall be very loth to part with. In other matters which relate to polite writing, I fhall feldom differ from you : or, if I do, shall, I hope, have the prudence to conceal my opinion. I am as much as I ought to be, that is, as much as any man can be.

Your, &c.

LETTER II.

The Bishop of Rochester to Mr. Pope.

Feb. 18, 1717.

Hop'd to find you laft night at Lord Bathurft's, and came but a few minutes after you had left him. I brought *Gorbodoc* * with me; and Dr. Arbuthnot telling me he fhould fee you, I deposited the book in his hands: out of which, I think,

* A Tragedy, written in the Reign of Edward the fixth (and much the belt performance of that Age) by Sackvil, afterwards Earl of Dorfet, and Lord Treafurer to Queen Elizabeth. It was then very fcarce, but lately reprinted by R, Dodfley in Pall-mall. P.

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LETTERS TO AND

my Lord Bathurft got it before we parted, and from him therefore you are to claim it. If Gorboduc fhould ftill mifs his way to you, others are to anfwer for it; I have delivered up my truft. I am not forry your † Alcander is burnt; had I known your intentions, I would have interceded for the firft page, and put it, with your leave, among my curiofities. In truth, it is the only inftance of that kind I ever met with, from a perfon good for any thing elfe, nay for every thing elfe to which he is pleas'd to turn himfelf.

Depend upon it, I fhall fee you with great pleafure at Bromley; and there is no requelt you can make to me, that I fhall not moft readily comply with. I wifh you health and happinels of all forts, and would be glad to be inftrumental in any degree towards helping you to the leaft fhare of either. I am always, every where, moft affectionately and faithfully

Your, &c.

LETTER III.

The Bishop of Rochester to Mr. Pope.

Bromley, Nov. 8, 1717.

I have nothing to fay to you on that melancholy fubject, with an account of which the printed papers have furnish'd me, but what you have already faid to yourfelf.

ready faid to yourfelf. When you have paid the debt of tendernefs you owe to the memory of a Father, I doubt not but you will turn your thoughts towards improving that accident to your own eafe and happinefs. You

+ An Heroic Poem writ at i 5 years old.

P. have have it now in your power, to purfue that method of thinking and living which you like beft. Give me leave, if I am not a little too early in my applications of this kind, to congratulate you upon it; and to affure you that there is no man living, who wifhes you better, or would be more pleas'd to contribute any ways to your fatisfaction or fervice.

I return you your Milton, which, upon collation, I find to be revifed, and augmented, in feveral places, as the title page of my third edition pretends it to be. When I fee you next, I will fhew you the feveral paffages alter'd, and added by the author, befide what you mentioned to me.

the author, befide what you mentioned to me. I proteft to you, this laft perufal of him has given me fuch new degrees, I will not fay of pleafure but of admiration and aftonifhment, that I look upon the fublimity of Homer, and the majefty of Virgil with fomewhat lefs reverence than I ufed to do. I challenge you, with all your partiality, to fhew me in the firft of thefe any thing equal to the Allegory of Sin and Death, either as to the greatnefs and juftnefs of the invention, or the height and beauty of the colouring. What I look'd upon as a rant of Barrow's, I now begin to think a ferious truth, and could almost venture to fet my hand to it,

Hac quicunque legit, tantum cecinisse putabit Maoniden Ranas, Virgilium Culices.

But more of this when we meet. When I left the town the D. of Buckingham continued fo ill that he receiv'd no meffages; oblige me fo far as to let me know how he does; at the fame time I fhall know how you do, and that will be a double faisfaction to

Your, &c.

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LET-

LETTER IV. The Anfwer.

My LORD, Nov. 20, 1717.

T Am truly obliged by your kind condolence on my Father's death, and the defire you express that I should improve this incident to my advantage. I know your Lordship's friendship to me is fo extensive, that you include in that with both my fpiritual and my temporal advantage; and it is what I owe to that friendship, to open my mind unrefervedly to you on this head. It is true, I have loft a parent for whom no gains I could make would be any equivalent. But that was not my only tye : I thank God another still remains (and long may it remain) of the fame tender nature : Genitrix est mihi - and excuse me if I fay with Euryalus,

nequiam lacrymas perferre parentis.

A rigid divine may call it a carnal tye, but fure it is a virtuous one : at least I am more certain that it is a duty of nature to preferve a good parent's life and happinefs, than I am of any fpeculative point whatever.

Ignaram bujus quodcunque pericli Hanc ego, nunc, linguam?

For she, my Lord, would think this feparation more grievous than any other, and I, for my part, know as little as poor Euryalus did, of the fuccefs of fuch an adventure, (for an Adventure it is, and no fmall one, in fpite of the most politive divinity.) Whether the change would be to my fpiritual advantage, God only knows : this I know, that I mean as well in the religion I now profess, as I can can poffibly ever do in another. Can a man who thinks fo, juflify a change, even if he thought both equally good? To fuch an one, the part of *Joyning* with any one body of Chriftians might perhaps be eafy, but I think it would not be fo, to *Renaunce* the other.

Your Lordship has formerly advis'd me to read the best controversies between the Churches. Shall I tell you a fecret ? I did fo at fourteen years old. (for I loved reading, and my father had no other books) there was a collection of all that had been written on both fides in the reign of King James the fecond : I warm'd my head with them, and the confequence was, that I found myfelf a Papift and a Protestant by turns, according to the last book I read *. I am afraid most Seekers are in the fame cafe, and when they ftop, they are not fo properly converted, as outwitted. You fee how little glory you would gain by my conversion. And after all, I verily believe your Lordship and I are both of the fame religion, if we were thoroughly underflood by one another, and that all honeft and reafonable chriftians would be fo, if they did but talk enough together every day; and had nothing to do together, but to ferve God, and live in peace with their neighbour.

As to the temporal fide of the queffion, I can have no difpute with you; it is certain, all the beneficial circumflances of life, and all the fhining ones, lie on the part you would invite me to. But if I could bring myfelf to fancy, what I think you do but fancy, that I have any talents for active life, I want health for it; and befides it is a real

• This is an admirable defeription of every Reader labouring in religious controverfy, without poffeffing the *principles* on which a right judgment of the points in queftion is to be regulated.

truth, I have lefs Inclination (if poffible) than Ability. Contemplative life is not only my fcene, but it is my habit too. I begun my life where most people end theirs, with a dif-relish of all that the world calls Ambition : I don't know why 'tis call'd fo, for to me it always feem'd to be rather *flooping* than *climbing*. I'll tell you my politic and religious fentiments in a few words. In my politics, I think no further than how to preferve the peace of my life, in any government under which I live; nor in my religion, than to preferve the peace of my confcience in any church with which I communicate. I hope all churches and all governments are fo far of God, as they are rightly understood, and rightly administred : and where they are, or may be wrong, I leave it to God alone to mend or reform them; which whenever he does, it must be by greater inftruments than I am. I am not a Papift, for I renounce the temporal invalions of the Papal power, and deteft their arrogated authority over Princes and States. I am a Catholick in the ftricteft fense of the word. If I was born under an absolute Prince, I would be a quiet subject; but I thank God I was not. I have a due fense of the excellence of the British conflictution. In a word, the things I have always withed to fee are not a Roman Catholic, or a French Catholic, or a Spanifh Catholic, but a true Catholic : and not a King of Whigs, or a King of Tories, but a King of England. Which God of his mercy grant his prefent Majesty may be, and all future Majesties : You fee, my Lord, I end like a preacher : this is Sermo ad Clerum, not ad Populum. Believe me, with in-finite obligation and fincere thanks, ever

Your, &c.

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LETTER V.

Sept. 23, 1720.

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I Hope you have fome time ago receiv'd the Sul-phur, and the two volumes of Mr. Gay, as infances (how fmall ones foever) that I with you both health and diversion. What I now fend for your perufal, I shall fay nothing of; not to fore-shall by a fingle word what you promis'd to fay upon that fubject. Your Lordship may criticife from Virgil to thefe Tales; as Solomon wrote of every thing from the cedar to the hyflop. I have fome caufe, fince I last waited on you at Bromley, to look upon you as a prophet in that retreat, from whom oracles are to be had, were mankind wife enough to go thither to confult you : The fate of the South-fea Scheme has, much fooner than I expected, verify'd what you told me. Most people thought the time would come, but no man prepared for it; no man confider'd it would come like a Thief in the Night; exactly as it happens in the cafe of our death. Methinks God has punish'd the avaritious, as he often punishes finners, in their own way, in the very fin itfelf : the thirst of gain was their crime, that thirst continued became their punifhment and ruin. As for the few who have the good fortune, to remain with half of what they imagined they had (among whom is your humble fervant) I would have them fenfible of their felici-ty, and convinced of the truth of old Hefiod's maxim, who, after half his eftate was fwallowed by the Directors of those days, refolv'd, that balf to be more than the whole.

Does not the fate of these people put you in mind of two passages, one in Job, the other from the Pfalmift?

VOL. VIII.

Men

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LETTERS TO AND

Men Shall groan out of the CITY, and hifs them out of their PLACE.

They have dreamed out their dream, and awaking have found nothing in their hands.

Indeed the univerfal poverty, which is the confequence of univerfal avarice, and which will fall hardeft upon the guiltlefs and induftrious part of mankind, is truly lamentable. The univerfal deluge of the S. Sea, contrary to the old deluge, has drowned all except a few Unrighteous men : but it is fome comfort to me that I am not one of them, even tho' I were to furvive and rule the world by it. I am much pleas'd with a thought of Dr. Arbuthnot's; he fays the Government and South-fea company have only lock'd up the money of the people, upon conviction of their Lunacy (as is ufual in the cafe of Lunaticks) and intend to reflore them as much as may be fit for fuch people, as faft as they fhall fee them return to their fenfes.

The latter part of your letter does me fo much honour, and fhews me fo much kindnefs, that I muft both be proud and pleas'd, in a great degree; but I affure you, my Lord, much more the laft than the firft. For I certainly know, and feel, from my own heart which truly refpects you, that there may be a ground for your partiality, one way; but I find not the leaft fymptoms in my head, of any foundation for the other. In a word, the beft reafon I know for my being pleas'd, is, that you continue your favour toward me; the beft I know for being proud, would be that you might cure me of it; for I have found you to be fuch a phyfician as does not only *repair*, bur *improve*. I am, with the fincereft effeem, and moft grateful acknowledgment.

Your, &c.

LET-

LETTER VI.

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From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

THE Arabian Tales, and Mr. Gay's books, I receiv'd not till Monday night, together with your letter; for which I thank you. I have had a fit of the gout upon me ever fince I returned hither from Weltminfter on Saturday night laft: it has found its way into my hands as well as legs, fo that I have been utterly incapable of writing. This is the firft letter that I have ventured upon; which will be written, I fear, vacillantibus literis, as, Tully fays, Tyro's letters were, after his Recovery from an illnefs. What I faid to you in mine about the Monument, was intended only to quicken, not to alarm you. It is not worth your while to know what I meant by it: but when I fee you, you fhall. I hope you may be at the Deanry, towards the end of October, by which time, I think of fettling there for the winter. What do you think of fome fuch fhort infcription as this in latin, which may, in a few words, fay all that is to be faid of Dryden, and yet nothing more than he deferves ?

IOHANNI DRIDENO.

CVI POESIS ANGLICANA VIM SVAM AC VENERES DEBET; ET S!QVA IN POSTERVM AVGEBITVR LAVDE, EST ADHVC DEBITVRA: HONORIS ERGO P. &c.

To fhew you that I am as much in earneft in the affair as you yourfelf, fomething I will fend you too of this kind in Englifth. If your defign holds of fixing Dryden's name only below, and his Bufto F a above—

above-may not lines like these be grav'd just under the name?

This Sheffield rais'd, to Dryden's afbes just, Here fix'd bis Name, and there his lawrel'd Bust. What elfe the Muse in Marble might express, Is known already; Praife would make him less.

Or thus -----

More needs not ; where acknowledg'd Merits reign, Praise is impertinent ; and Censure vain.

This you'll take as a proof of my zeal at leaft, tho' it be none of my talent in Poetry. When you have read it over, I'll forgive you if you fhould not once in your life-time again think of it.

And now, Sir, for your Arabian Tales. Ill as I have been, almoft ever fince they came to hand, I have read as much of them, as ever I fhall read while I live. Indeed they do not pleafe my tafte: they are writ with for romantic an air, and, allowing for the difference of eaftern manners, are yet, upon any fuppofition that can be made, of fo wild and abfurd a contrivance (at leaft to my northern underftanding) that I have not only no pleafure, but no patience, in perufing them. They are to me like the odd paintings on Indian fcreens, which at first glance may furprize and pleafe a little: but, when you fix your eye intently upon them, they appear fo extravagant, difproportion'd, and monftrous, that they give a judicious eye pain, and make him feek for relief from fome other object.

They may furnish the mind with fome new images: but I think the purchase is made at too great an expence : for to read those two volumes through, liking them as little as I do, would be a terrible penance,

nance, and to read them with pleafure would be dangerous on the other fide, becaufe of the infection. I will never believe, that you have any keen relifh of them, till I find you write worfe than you do, which, I dare fay, I never fhall. Who that *Petit de la Croife* is, the pretended author of them *,

* Not the pretended Author, but the real translator, from an Arabic MS of the tales, which is in the French King's library. What was translated in ten fmall Volumes, is not more than the tenth part of the Original. The Eastern people have been always famous for this fort of Composition : in which much fine morality is conveyed ; not indeed in a ftory always reprefenting life and manners, but fuch as the eaftern fuperflitions made pafs amongst the people for fuch. Their great genius for this kind of writing appears from these very tales. But the policy of fome of the later princes of the East greatly hurt it, by fetting all men upon composing them, to furnish matter for their coffee-houses and places of refort ; which were enjoined to give this entertainment to the people, with defign to divert them from politics, and matters of state. This Collection is fo strange a medley of fenfe and nonfenfe, that one would be tempted to think the Collector was fome Coffee man, who gathered indifferently from the best and worst. The contrivance he has invented of tying them together has led him into fuch a blunder, that after that one could not be furprized at any thing. The tales are fuppofed to be told to one of the Kings of Perfia of the Saffanian race be-fore Mahomet, and yet the fcene of them is laid in the Court of Harown Alrafchid the 26th Chalif, and the 5th of the Race of Abbafides. These are amongst the best, and, indeed, it is no wonder. He was one of the most munificent of the Chalifs, and the greatest encourager of Letters ; fo that it was natural for men of genius in after times, to do this honour to his memory. But the Bishop talks of Petit de la Creise. M. Galland was the translator of the Arabian tales. The name of the other is to the collection, called the Perfian tales, of which I have nothing to fay.

I cannot tell : but observing how full they are in the descriptions of dress, furniture, &c. I cannot help thinking them the product of fome Woman's imagination : and, believe me, I would do any thing but break with you, rather than be bound to read them over with attention.

I am forry that I was fo true a prophet in respect of the S. Sea, forry, I mean, as far as your loss is concern'd: for in the general I ever was and still am of opinion, that had that project taken root and flourish'd, it would by degrees have overturn'd our conftitution. Three or four hundred millions was fuch a weight, that whichfoever way it had leaned, must have born down all before it-But of the dead we must speak gently; and therefore, as Mr. Dryden fays fomewhere, Peace be to its Manes !

Let me add one reflection, to make you eafy in your ill luck. Had you got all that you have loft beyond what you ventur'd, confider that your fu-perfluous gains would have fprung from the ruin of feveral families that now want neceffaries ! a thought, under which a good and good-natured man that grew rich by fuch means, could not, I perfuade myfelf, be perfectly eafy. Adieu, and believe me, ever

Your, &c.

LETTER VIL

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

March 26, 1721.

VOU are not yourfelf gladder you are well, I than I am; efpecially fince I can pleafe my-felf with the thought that when you had loft your health elfewhere, you recovered it here. May thefe lodgings 6

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lodgings never treat you worfe, nor you at any time have lefs reafon to be fond of them !

I thank you for the fight of your * Verfes, and with the freedom of an honeft, tho' perhaps injudicious friend, must tell you, that the' I could like fome of them, if they were any body's elfe but yours, yet as they are yours and to be own'd as fuch, I can scarce like any of them. Not but that the four first lines are good, especially the second couplet; and might, if followed by four others as good, give reputation to a writer of a lefs eftablished fame : but from you I expect fomething of a more perfect kind, and which the oftener it is read, the more it will be admired. When you barely exceed other writers, you fall much beneath yourfelf: 'tis your misfortune now to write without a rival, and to be tempted by that means to be more careles, than you would otherwife be in your composures.

Thus much I could not forbear faying, tho' I have a motion of confequence in the Houfe of Lords to day, and muft prepare for it. I am even with you for your ill paper; for I write upon worfe, having no other at hand. I with you the continuance of your health moft heartily; and am ever

Yours, &c.

P.

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I have fent Dr. Arbuthnot + the Latin MS. which I could not find when you left me; and I am

* Epitaph on Mr. Harcourt.

+ Of Huetius, bilhop of Avranches, left after his death. He was a mean reafoner : he once attempted it in a valt collection of fanciful and extravagant conjectures, which he called a *Demonfration*; mixed up with much reading, which his friends called learning, and delivered (by the allowance of all) in good latin. This not being received for what he would give it, he compofed a treatife of the weaknef; of the buman under flanding: a poor fystem of fcepticifm; indeed little other than an abltract from Sextus Empiricus.

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LETTERS TO AND

fo angry at the writer for his defign, and his manner of executing it, that I could hardly forbear fending him a line of Virgil along with it. The chief Reafoner of that philofophic farce is a Galla-Ligur, as he is call'd—what that means in Englifh or French, I can't fay—but all he fays, is in fo loofe and flippery and trickifh a way of reafoning, that I could not forbear applying the paffage of Virgil to him,

Vane Ligur, frustraque animis elate superbis! Nequicquam patrias tentasti lubricus artes—

To be ferious, I hate to fee a book gravely written, and in all the forms of argumentation, which proves nothing, and which fays nothing; and endeavours only to put us into a way of diffurfing our own faculties, and doubting whether the marks of truth and fallhood can in any cafe be diffinguifhed from each other. Could that bleffed point be made out (as it is a contradiction in terms to fay it can) we fhould then be in the moft uncomfortable and wretched flate in the world; and I would in that cafe be glad to exchange my Reafon, with a dog for his Inflinct, to-morrow.

LETTER VIII.

L. Chancellor HARCOURT to Mr. POPE.

Decemb. 6, 1722:

Cannot but fulpect myfelf of being very unreafonable in begging you once more to review the inclos'd. Your friendfhip draws this trouble on you. I may freely own to you, that my tendernefs makes me exceeding hard to be faitsfied with any thing which can be faid on fuch an unhappy fubject. I caus'd

I caus'd the Latin Epitaph to be as often alter'd before I could approve it.

When once your Epitaph is fet up, there can be no alteration of it, it will remain a perpetual monument of your friendship, and, I affure myself, you will fo fettle it, that it shall be worthy of you. I doubt whether the word, deny'd, in the third line, will juftly admit of that conftruction which it ought to bear (viz.) renounced, deferted, &c. deny'd is capable, in my opinion, of having an ill fense put upon it, as too great uneasines, or more goodnature, than a wife man ought to have. I very well remember you told me, you could fcarce mend those two lines, and therefore I can fcarce expect your forgiveness for my defiring you to reconsider them.

Harcourt flands dumb, and Pope is forc'd to Speak.

I can't perfectly, at leaft without further difcourfing you, reconcile myfelf to the firft part of that line; and, the word *forc'd* (which was my own, and, I perfuade myfelf, for that reafon only fubmitted to by you) feems to carry too doubtful a confiruction for an Epitaph, which, as I apprehend, ought as eafily to be underflood as read. I fhall acknowledge it as a very particular favour, if at your beft leifure you will perufe the inclos'd and vary it, if you think it capable of being amended, and let me fee you any morning next week.

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I am, &c.

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LETTER IX.

The Bifhop of ROCHESTER to Mr. POPE.

Sept. 27, 1721.

Am now confined to my bed-chamber, and to the matted room, wherein I am writing, feldom venturing to be carried down even into the parlour to dinner unlefs when company to whom I cannot excufe myfelf, comes, which I am not ill pleas'd to find is now very feldom. This is my cafe in the funny part of the year: what muft I expect, when

inversum contristat Aquarius annum?

" If these things be done in the green tree, what " shall be done in the dry ?" Excuse me for employing a fentence of Scripture on this occafion; I apply it very forioufly. One thing relieves me a little under the ill profpect I have of fpending my time at the Deanry this winter ; that I shall have the opportunity of feeing you oftener; tho', I am afraid, you will have little pleafure in feeing me there. So much for my ill state of health, which I had not touched on, had not your friendly letter been fo full of it. One civil thing, that you fay in it, made me think you had been reading Mr. Waller; and poffefs'd of that image at the end of his copy, à la malade, had you not bestow'd it on one who has no right to the least part of the character. If you had not read the verfes lately, I am fure you remember them because you forget nothing.

With fuch a grace you entertain, And look with fuch contempt on pain, &c.

I mention them not on the account of that couplet, but one that follows; which ends with the very fame rhymes and words (appear and clear) that

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the couplet but one after that does—and therefore in my Waller there is a various reading of the first of these couplets; for there it runs thus,

So lightnings in a stormy air Scorch more, than when the sky is fair.

You will fay that I am not very much in pain, nor very bufy, when I can relifh these amusements, and you will fay true: for at present I am in both these respects very easy.

I had not ftrength enough to attend Mr. Prior to his grave, elfe I would have done it, to have fhew'd his friends that I had forgot and forgiven what he wrote on me. He is buried, as he defired, at the feet of Spencer, and I will take care to make good in every refpect what I faid to him when living; particularly as to the Triplet he wrote for his own Epitaph; which while we were in good terms, I promis'd him fhould never appear on his tomb while I was Dean of Weftminfter.

I am pleas'd to find you have fo much pleafure, and (which is the foundation of it) fo much health at Lord Bathurft's: may both continue till I fee you! may my Lord have as much fatisfaction in building the houfe in the wood, and ufing it when built, as you have in defigning it! I cannot fend a wifh after hini that means him more happinefs, and yet, I am fure, I wifh him as much as he wifhes himfelf.

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I am, &c.

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LETTER X.

From the fame.

Bromley, Oct. 15, 1721.

Notwithstanding I write this on Sunday even, to acknowledge the receipt of yours this morning: yet, I forefee, it will not reach you till Wednelday morning. And before fet of fun that day I hope to reach my winter quarters at the Deany. I hope, did I fay? I recall that word, for it implies defire : and, God knows, that is far from being the cafe. For I never part with this place but with regret, tho' I generally keep here what Mr. Cowley calls the worft of company in the world, my own; and fee either none befide, or what is worfe than none, fome of the Arrii; or Sebofi of my neighbourhood: Characters, which Tully paints fo well in one of his Epiftles, and complains of the too civil, but impertinent interruption they gave him in his retirement. Since I have named thofe gentlemen, and the book is not far from me, I will turn to the place, and by pointing it out to you, give you the pleafure of perufing the epiftle, which is a very agreeable one, if my memory does not fail me.

I am furpriz'd to find that my Lord Bathurft and you are parted fo foon; he has been fick, I know, of fome late tranfactions; but fhould that ficknefs continue fill in fome meafure, I prophefy, it will be quite off by the beginning of November: a letter or two from his London-friends, and a furfeit of folitude will foon make him change his refolution and his quarters. I vow to you, I could live here with pleafure all the winter, and be contented with hearing no more news than the London Journal, or fome

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fome fuch trifling paper, affords me, did not the duty of my place require, abfolutely require my attendance at Westminster; where, I hope, the Pro-phet will now and then remember he has a bed and a candleftic. In fhort, I long to fee you, and hope you will come, if not a day, at least an hour fooner to town than you intended, in order to afford me that fatisfaction. I am now, I thank God! as well as ever I was in my life, except that I can walk fcarce at all without crutches : And I would willingly compound the matter with the gout, to be no better, could I hope to be no worfe; but that is a vain thought, I expect a new attack long before Christmas. Let me fee you therefore while I am in a condition to relifh you, before the days (and the nights) come, when I shall (and must) fay, I have no pleafure in them.

I will bring your fmall volume of Paftorals along with me, that you may not be difcouraged from lending me books, when you find me fo punctual in returning them. Shakefpear fhall bear it com-pany, and be put into your hands as clear and as fair as it came out of them, tho you, I think, have been dabbling here and there with the text : I have had more reverence for the writer and the printer, and left every thing flanding just as I found it. However, I thank you for the pleasure you have given me in putting me upon reading him once more before I die.

I believe I shall farce repeat that pleasure any more, having other work to do, and other things to think of, but none that will interfere with the offices of friendship, in the exchange of which with you, Sir, I hope to live and die

Your, &c.

P. S. Addison's works came to my hands yefterday. I cannot but think it a very odd fet of incidents, dents, that the book fhould be dedicated by a * dead man to $\frac{1}{4}$ a dead man; and even that the new $\frac{1}{4}$ patron to whom Tickle chofe to inferibe his verfes, fhould be dead alfo before they were publifhed. Had I been in the Editor's place I thould have been a little apprehenfive for myfelf, under a thought that every one who had any hand in that work was to die before the publication of it. You fee, when I am converfing with you, I know not how to give over, till the very bottom of the paper admonifhes me once more to bid you adieu !

LETTER XI.

My Lord,

Feb. 8, 1721-2.

T is fo long fince I had the pleafure of an hour with your Lordfhip, that I fhould begin to think myfelf no longer *Anicus omnium horarum*, but for finding myfelf fo in my conftant thoughts of you. In thofe I was with you many hours this very day, and had you (where I wifh and hope one day to fee you really) in my garden at Twitnam. When I went laft to town, and was on wing for the Deanry, I heard your Lordfhip was gone the day before to Bromley, and there you continued till after my return hither. I fincerely wifh you whatever you wifh yourfelf, and all you wifh your friends or family. All I mean by this word or two, is juft to tell you fo, till in perfon I find you as I defire, that is, find you well: eafy, refign'd, and happy you will make yourfelf, and (I believe) every body that converfes with you; if I may judge of your power

* Mr. Addison. + Mr. Craggs. ‡ Lord Warwick.

over

over other mens minds and affections, by that which you will ever have over those of

Your, &c.

LETTER XII.

From the Bishop of Rochester.

Feb. 26, 1721-2.

DErmit me, dear Sir, to break into your retirement, and to defire of you a complete copy of those Verses on Mr. Addison *; fend me also your last refolution, which shall punctually be observ'd in relation to my giving out any copy of it; for I am again follicited by another Lord, to whom I have given the fame anfwer as formerly. No fmall piece of your writing has been ever fought after fo much : it has pleas'd every man without exception, to whom it has been read. Since you now therefore know where your real ftrength lies, I hope you will not fuffer that talent to lie unemploy'd. For my part, I fhould be fo glad to fee you finish fomething of that kind, that I could be content to be a little fneer'd at in a line or fo, for the fake of the pleafure I should have in reading the reft. I have talk'd my fenfe of this matter to you once or twice, and now I put it under my hand, that you may fee it is my deliberate opinion. What weight that may have with you I cannot fay: but it pleafes me to have an opportunity of fhewing you how well I wifh you, and how true a friend I am to your fame, which I defire may grow every day, and in every kind of writing, to which you fhall pleafe to

* An imperfect Copy was got out, very much to the Author's furprize, who never would give any. P.

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turn your pen. Not but that I have fome little intereft in the propofal, as I fhall be known to have been acquainted with a man that was capable of excelling in fuch different manners, and did fuch honour to his country and language; and yet was not difpleas'd fometimes to read what was written by his humble fervant.

LETTER XIII.

March 14, 1721-2.

I Was difappointed (much more than thofe who commonly ufe that phrafe on fuch occafions) in miffing you at the Deanry, where I lay folitary two nights. Indeed I truly partake in any degree of concern that affects you, and I with every thing may fucceed as you defire in your own family, and in that which, I think, you no lefs account your own, and is no lefs your family, the whole world: for I take you to be one of the true friends of it, and to your power its protector. The' the noife and daily buffle for the public be now over, I dare fay, a good man is ftill tendering its welfare; as the fun in the winter, when feeming to retire from the world, is preparing benedictions and warmth for a better feafon. No man withes your Lordfhip more quiet, more tranquillity, than I, who know you fhould underftand the value of it: but I don't wifh you a jot lefs concern'd or lefs active than you are, in all fincere, and therefore warm, defires of public good.

I beg the kindnefs (and 'tis for that chiefly I trouble you with this letter) to favour me with notice as foon as you return to London, that I may come and make you a proper vifit of a day or two: for hitherto I have not been your Vifiter, but your Lodger.

Lodger, and I accule myfelf of it. I have now no earthly thing to oblige my being in town (a point of no fmall fatisfaction to me) but the beft reafon, the feeing a friend. As long, my Lord, as you will let me call you fo (and I dare fay you will, till I forfeit what, I think, I never fhall, my veracity and integrity) I fhall efteem myfelf fortunate, in fpite of the South-fea, Poetry, Popery, and Poverty.

I can't tell you how forry I am, you fhould be troubled a-new by any fort of people. I heartily with, Quod fupereft, at tibi viva—that you may teach me how to do the fame: who, without any real impediment to acting and living rightly, do act and live as foolifhly as if I were a Great man.

1 am. &c.

LETTER XIV.

From the Bifhop of ROCHESTER.

March 16, 1721-2.

A S a vifitant, a lodger, a friend (or under what other denomination foever) you are always welcome to me; and will be more fo, I hope, every day that we live: for, to tell you the truth, I like you as I like myfelf, beft when we have both of us leaft bufine's. It has been my fate to be engaged in it much and often, by the flations in which I was placed : but God, that knows my heart, knows I never loved it: and am ftill lefs in love with it than ever, as I find lefs temptation to act with any hope of fuccefs. If I am good for any thing. 'tis in angulo cum libello; and yet a good part of my time has been fpent, and perhaps muft be fpent, far otherwife. For I will never, while I have health, Vet. VIII. G be wanting to my duty in any poft, or in any refpect, how little foever I may like my employment, and how hopelefs foever I may be in the difcharge of it.

In the mean time the judicious world is pleas'd to think that I delight in work which I am obliged to undergo, and aim at things which I from my heart delpife; let them think as they will, fo I might be at liberty to act as I will, and fpend my time in fuch a manner asis most agreeable to me. I cannot fay I do fo now, for I am here without any books, and if I had them could not use them to my fatisfaction, while my mind is taken up in a more melancholy * manner; and how long, or how little a while it may be fo taken up God only knows, and to his will I implicitly refign myfelf in every shing.

I am, &c.

LETTER XV.

My Lord,

March 19, 1721-2.

A mextremely fensible of the repeated favour of your kind letters, and your thoughts of me in absence, even among thoughts of much nearer concern to yourself on the one hand, and of much more importance to the world on the other, which cannot but engage you at this juncture. I am very certain of your good will, and of the warmth which is in you infeparable from it.

Your remembrance of Twitenham is a fresh inflance of that partiality. I hope the advance of the fine feason will fet you upon your legs, enough to enable you to get into my garden, where I will carry

* In his Lady's laft Sicknefs.

P. you

you up a Mount, in a point of view to fhew you the glory of my little kingdom. If you approve it, I fhall be in danger to boaft, like Nebuchadnezzar, of the things I have made, and to be turn'd to converfe, not with the beafts of the field, but with the birds of the grove, which I fhall take to be no great punifhment. For indeed I heartily defpife the ways of the world, and moft of the great ones of it.

Ob keep me innocent, make others great !

And you may judge how comfortably I am ftrengthen'd in this opinion, when fuch as your Lordfhip bear teffimony to its vanity and emptinefs. *Tinnit*, *inane eft*, with the picture of one ringing on the globe with his finger, is the beft thing I have the luck to remember in that great Poet Quarles (not that I forget the Devil at howls; which I know to be your Lordfhip's favourite cut, as well as favourite diversion.)

The fituation here is pleafant, and the view rural enough, to humour the moft retired, and agree with the moft contemplative. Good air, folitary groves, and fparing diet, fufficient to make you fancy yourfelf (what you are in temperance, the' elevated into a greater figure by your flation) one of the Fathers of the Defert. Here you may think (to ufe an author's words, whom you fo juftly prefer to all his followers that you'll receive them kindly, the' taken from his worft work *)

That in Eliah's banquet you partake, Or fit a guest with Daniel, at his Pulse.

I am fincerely free with you, as you defire I fhould, and approve of your not having your coach

• The Paradife Regain'd. I fuppofe this was in compliment to the Bithop. It could hardly be his own opirion.

here,

here, for if you would fee Lord C* or any body elfe, I have another chariot, befides that little one you laugh'd at when you compar'd me to Homer in a nut-shell. But if you would be entirely private, no body fhall know any thing of the matter. Believe me (my Lord) no man is with more perfect acquiescence, nay with more willing acquiescence (not even any of your own Sons of the Church)

Your obedient, &c.

LETTER. XVI.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

April 6, 1722.

UNDER all the leifure in the world, I have no leifure, no ftomach to write to you : The gradual approaches of death are before my eyes; I am convinced that it must be fo; and yet make a fhift to flatter myfelf fometimes with the thought, that it may poffibly be otherwife. And that very thought, tho' it is directly contrary to my reafon, does for a few moments make me eafy-however not easy enough in good earnest to think of any thing but the melancholy object that employs them. Therefore wonder not that I do not answer your kind letter: I shall answer it too foon, I fear, by accepting your friendly invitation. When I do fo, no conveniencies will be wanting: for I'll fee no body but you and your mother, and the fervants. Vifits to ftatefmen always were to me (and are now more than ever) infipid things; let the men that expect, that wish to thrive by them, pay them that homage; I am free. When I want them, they shall hear of me at their doors : and when they want me, I shall be fure to hear of them at mine. But

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But probably they will defpife me fo much, and I fhall court them fo little, that we fhall both of us keep our diftance.

When I come to you, 'tis in order to be with you only; a prefident of the council, or a ftar and garter will make no more imprefion upon my mind, at fuch a time, than the hearing of a bag-pipe, or the fight of a puppet-fhew. I have faid to Great-nets fometime ago—Tuas tibi res habeto, Egomet curabo meas. The time is not far off when we shall all be upon the level : and I am refolv'd, for my part, to anticipate that time, and be upon the level with them now : for he is fo, that neither feeks nor wants them. Let them have more virtue and lefs pride: and then I'll court them as much as any body : but till they refolve to diffinguish themselves fome way else than by their outward trappings, I am determined (and, I think, I have a right) to be as proud as they are : tho' I truft in God, my pride is neither of fo odious a nature as theirs, nor of fo mischievous a consequence.

I know not how I have fallen into this train of thinking-when I fat down to write I intended only to excufe myfelf for not writing, and to tell you that the time drew nearer and nearer, when I must diflodge; I am preparing for it: For I am at this moment building a vault in the Abby for me and mine. 'Twas to be in the Abby, becaufe of my relation to the place; but 'tis at the weft door of it: as far from Kings and Cæfars as the fpace will admit of.

I know not but I may flep to town to-morrow, to fee how the work goes forward ; but, if I do, I thall return hither in the evening. I would not have given you the trouble of this letter but that they tell me it will coft you nothing, and that our G' 3 privilege

privilege of Franking (one of the most valuable we have left) is again allow'd us.

Your, &c.

LETTER XVII.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

Bromley, May 25, 1722.

I Had much ado to get hither laft night, the water being fo rough that the ferry-men were unwilling to venture. The firft thing I faw this morning after my eyes were open, was your letter, for the freedom and kindnefs of which I thank you. Let all compliments be laid afide between us for the future; and depend upon me as your faithful friend in all things within my power, as one that truly values you, and wifnes you all manner of happinefs. I thank you and Mrs. Pope for my kind reception, which has left a pleafing imprefion upon me that will not foon be effaced.

Lord * has prefs'd me terribly to fee him at * and told me in a manner betwixt kindnefs and refentment, that it is but a few miles beyond Twitenham.

I have but a little time left, and a great deal to do in it; and muft expect that ill health will render a good fhare of it ufeles; and therefore what is likely to be left at the foot of the account, ought by me to be cherifh'd, and not thrown away in compliments. You know the Motto of my fundial, *Vivite*, ait, fugio. I will, as far as I am able, follow its advice, and cut off all unneceflary avocations and amufements. There are those that intend to employ me this winter in a way I do not like: If they perfult in their intentions, I muft apply

ply myfelf to the work they cut out for me, as well as I can. But withal, that fhall not hinder me from employing myfelf alfo in a way which they do not like. The givers of trouble one way fhall have their fhare of it another; that at laft they may be induced to let me be quiet, and live to myfelf, with the few (the very few) friends I like; for that is the point, the fingle point, I now aim at; tho', I know, the generality of the world who are unacquainted with my intentions and views, think the very reverfe of this character belongs to me. I don't know how I have rambled into this account of myfelf; when I fat down to write, I had no thought of making that any part of my letter.

of making that any part of my letter. You might have been fure without my telling you, that my right hand is at cafe; elfe I fhould not have overflow'd at this rate. And yet I have not done, for there is a kind intimation in the end of yours, which I underflood, becaufe it ferms to tend towards employing me in fomething that is agreeable to you. Pray explain yourfelf, and believe that you have not an acquaintance in the world that would be more in earneft on fuch an occafion than I, for I love you, as well as effecm you.

All the while I have been writing, Pain, and a fine Thrufh have been feverally endcavouring to call off my attention; but both in vain, nor fhould I yet part with you, but that the turning over a new leaf frights me a little, and makes me refolve to break thro'a new temptation, before it has taken too faft hold on me.

I am, &c.

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LETTER XVIII.

From the fame.

June 15, 1722.

Y O U have generally written firft, after our parting; I will now be before-hand with you in my enquiries, how you got home and how you do, and whether you met with Lord *, and deliver'd my civil reproach to him, in the manner I defir'd ? I fuppofe you did not, becaufe I have heard nothing either from you, or from him on that head; as, I fuppofe, I might have done, if you had found him.

I am fick of these Men of quality; and the more so, the off of the Men of quality; and the more fo, the off of the Automatical States and the act with them. They look upon it as one of their diffinguishing privileges, not to be punctual in any business, of how great importance source; nor to fet other people at ease, with the loss of the least part of their own. This conduct of his vexes me; but to what purpose? or how can I alter it?

I long to fee the original MS. of Milton : but don't know how to come at it, without your repeated affiftance.

I hope you won't utterly forget what pafs'd in the coach about Samfon Agoniftes. I fhall not prefs you as to time, but fome time or other, I with you would review, and polifh that piece. If upon a new perufal of it (which I defare you to make) you think as I do, that it is written in the very fpirit of the Ancients; it deferves your care, and is capable of being improved, with little trouble, into a perfect model and ftandard of Tragic poetry—always allowing for its being a flory taken

out

out of the Bible; which is an objection that at this time of day, I know, is not to be got over.

I am, &c.

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July 27.

LETTER XIX.

Have been as conftantly at Twitenham as your Lordfhip has at Bromley, ever fince you faw Lord Bathurft. At the time of the Duke of Marlborough's funeral, I intend to lie at the Deanry, and moralize one evening with you on the vanity of human Glory, —

The Duchefs's * letter concerns me nearly, and you know it, who know all my thoughts without difguife: I muft keep clear of Flattery; I will: and as this is an honeft refolution, I dare hope, your Lordship will not be fo unconcern'd for my keeping it, as not to affift me in fo doing. I beg therefore you would represent thus much at least to her Grace, that as to the fear fhe feems touch'd with, [That the Duke's memory should have no advantage but what he must give himself, without being beholden to any one friend] your Lordfhip may certainly, and agreeably to your character, both of rigid honour and Christian plainness, tell her, that no man can have any other advantage : and that all offerings of friends in fuch a cafe pafs for nothing. Be but fo good as to confirm what I've reprefented to her, that an infcription in the antient way, plain, pompous, yet modest, will be the most uncommon, and therefore the most diftinguishing manner of doing it. And fo, I hope,

" The Dachels of Buckingham.

the

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fhe will be fatisfied, the Duke's honour be preferv'd, and my integrity alfo: which is too facred a thing to be forfeited, in confideration of any little (or what people of quality may call great) Honour or diffinction whatever, which those of their rank can beftow on one of mine; and which indeed they are apt to over-rate, but never fo much, as when they imagine us under any obligation to fay one untrue word in their favour.

I can only thank you, my Lord, for the kind transition you make from common business, to that which is the only real bulinefs of every reafonable. creature. Indeed I think more of it than you imagine, tho' not fo much as I ought. I am pleas'd with those Latin verses extremely, which are so very good that I thought them yours, 'till you call'd them an Horatian Cento, and then I recollected the disjecta membra poeta. I won't pretend I am fo totally in those fentiments which you compliment me with, as I yet hope to be : You tell me I have them, as the civilleft method to put me in mind how much it fits me to have them. I ought, first, to prepare my mind by a better knowledge even of good prophane writers, especially the Moralifts, &c. before I can be worthy of tafking that fupreme of books, and fublime of all writings. In which, as in all the intermediate ones, you may (if your friendship and charity toward me continue fo far) be the beft guide to

Your, &c.

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LETTER XX.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

T Have written to the Duchefs * juft as you defir'd, and referred her to our meeting in town for a further account of it. I have done it the rather becaufe your opinion in the cafe is fincerely mine : and if it had not been fo, you yourfelf hould not have induced me to give it. Whether, and how far fhe will acquiefce in it, I cannot fay : efpecially in a cafe where fhe thinks the Duke's honour concern'd; but fhould fhe feem to perfift a little at prefent, her good fenfe (which I depend upon) will afterwards fatisfy her that we are in the right.

I go to morrow to the Deanry, and, I believe, I fhall ftay there, till I have faid Duft to duft, and fhut up that \dagger laft fcene of pompous vanity.

'Tis a great while for me to flay there at this time of year; and I know I shall often fay to myfelf, while I am expecting the funeral,

O Rus, quando ego te afpiciam ! quandoque licebit Duccre follicitæ jucunda oblivia vitæ !

In that cafe I shall fancy I hear the ghost of the dead, thus intreating me,

At tu facratæ ne parce malignus arenæ Offilus & capiti inhumato Particulam dare—

* Duchefs of Buckingham.

+ This was the Funeral of the Duke of Marlborough, at which the Bifhop officiatel as Dean of Weilminster, in Aug. 1722. P.

Quan-

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July 30, 1722.

Quanquam festinas, non est mora longa; licebit, Injecto ter pulvere, curras.

There is an anfwer for me fomewhere in Hamlet to this requeft, which you remember, tho' I don't. *Poor Ghoft! thou fhalt be fatisfied !---*or fomething like it. However that be, take care you do not fail in your appointment, that the company of the living may make me fome amends for my attendance on the dead.

I know you will be glad to hear that I am well: I fhould always, could I always be here—

Sed me

Imperiofa trabit Proferpina : vive, valeque.

You are the first man I fent to this morning, and the last man I defire to converse with this evening, tho' at twenty miles distance from you.

Te, veniente die, Te, decedente, requiro.

LETTER XXI.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

DEAR SIR, The Tower, April 10, 1723. Thank you for all the inflances of your friendfhip, both before, and fince my misfortunes. A little time will complete them, and feparate you and me for ever. But in what part of the world foever I am, I will live mindful of your fincere kindnefs to me; and will pleafe myfelf with the thought, that I ftill live in your effeem and affection, as much as ever I did; and that no accidents of life, no diffance of time, or place, will alter you in that refpect. It never can me; who have lov'd and valued you, ever fince I knew you, and fhall

shall not fail to do it when I am not allowed to tell you fo; as the cafe will foon be. Give my faithful fervices to Dr. Arbuthnot, and thanks for what he fent me, which was much to the purpofe, if any thing can be faid to be to the purpole, in a cafe that is already determined. Let him know my Defence will be fuch, that neither my friends need blufh for me, nor will my enemies have great occafion of Triumph, tho' fure of the Victory. I fhall want his advice before I go abroad, in many things. But I queftion whether I fhall be permitted to fee him, or any body, but fuch as are abfolutely neceffary towards the difpatch of my pri-vate affairs. If fo, God blefs you both ! and may no part of the ill fortune that attends me, ever purfue either of you ! I know not but I may call upon you at my hearing, to fay fomewhat about my way of fpending my time at the Deanry, which did not feem calculated towards managing plots and confpiracies. But of that I shall confider-You and I have fpent many hours together upon much pleafanter fubjects ; and, that I may preferve the old cuftom, I shall not part with you now till I have clos'd this letter, with three lines of Milton, which you will, I know, readily and not without fome degree of concern apply to your ever affectionate, &c.

Some nat'ral Tears he dropt, but wip'd them foon : The World was all before him, where to chuje His place of reft, and Providence his Guide.

LETTER XXII. The Anfwer.

April 20, 1723.

T is not poffible to exprefs what I think, and what I feel; only this, that I have thought and felt for nothing but you, for fome time paft : and fhall think of nothing fo long for the time to come. The greatest comfort I had was an intention (which I would have made practicable) to have attended you in your journey, to which I had brought that perfon to confent, who only could have hindered me, by a tye which, tho' it may be more tender, I do not think more firong, than that of friendship. But I fear there will be no way left me to tell you this great truth, that I remem-ber you, that I love you, that I am grateful to you, that I entirely effeem and value you : no way but that one, which needs no open warrant to authorize it, or fecret conveyance to fecure it; which no bills can preclude, and no Kings prevent; a way that can reach to any part of the world where you may be, where the very whilper or even the wifh of a friend must not be heard, or even fulpected : by this way, I dare tell my efteem and affection of you, to your enemies in the gates, and you, and they, and their fons, may hear of it.

You prove yourfelf, my Lord, to know me for the friend I am; in judging that the manner of your Defence, and your Reputation by it, is a point of the higheft concern to me: and affuring me, it shall be fuch, that none of your friends shall blußh for you. Let me further prompt you to do yourfelf the beft and most lafting juffice: the inftru-ments of your Fame to posterity will be in your own hands. May it not be, that providence has

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FROM DR. ATTERBURY.

appointed you to fome great and ufeful work, and calls you to it this fevere way? You may more eminently and more effectually ferve the Public even now, than in the flations you have fo honourably fill'd. Think of Tully, Bacon, and Clarendon *: is it not the latter, the difgraced part of their lives, which you moft envy, and which you would choofe to have liv'd?

I am tenderly fenfible of the wifh you exprefs, that no part of your misfortune may purfue me. But, God knows, I am every day lefs and lefs fond of my native country (fo torn as it is by Partyrage) and begin to confider a friend in exile as a friend in death; one gone before, where I am not unwilling nor unprepared to follow after; and where (however various or uncertain the roads and voyages of another world may be) I cannot but entertain a pleafing hope that we may meet again. I faithfully affure you, that in the mean time

I faithfully affure you, that in the mean time there is no one, living or dead, of whom I fhall think oftner or better than of you. I fhall look upon you as in a flate between both, in which you will have from me all the pafitons and warm withes that can attend the living, and all the refpect and tender fenfe of lofs, that we feel for the dead. And I fhall ever depend upon your conftant friendfhip, kind memory, and good offices, tho' I were never to fee or hear the effects of them : like the truft we have in benevolent fpirits, who, tho' we never fee or hear them, we think, are conftantly ferving us, and praying for us.

Whenever I am wifhing to write to you, I fhall conclude you are intentionally doing fo to me.

Clarendon indeed wrote his beft works in his banifhment : but the beft of Bacon's were written before his difgrace, and the beft of Tully's after his return from exile.

And

And every time that I think of you, I will believe you are thinking of me. I never thall fuffer to be forgotten (nay to be but faintly remember'd) the honour, the pleafure, the pride I muft ever have, in reflecting how frequently you have delighted me, how kindly you have diffinguifh'd me, how cordially you have advis'd me! In convertation, in fludy, I thall always want you, and with for you: In my moft lively, and in my moft thoughtful hours, I thall equally bear about me, the imprefinons of you : And perhaps it will not be in This life only, that I fhall have caufe to remember and acknowledge the friendfhip of the Bifhop of Rochefter.

I am, &c.

LETTER XXIII.

To the fame.

May, 1723.

O N C E more I write to you, as I promis'd, and this once, I fear, will be the laft ! the Curtain will foon be drawn between my friend and me, and nothing left but to wifh you a long good-night. May you enjoy a flate of repofe in this life, not unlike that fleep of the foul which fome have believ'd is to fucceed it, where we lye utterly forgetful of that world from which we are gone, and ripening for that to which we are to go. If you retain any memory of the paft, let it only image to you what has pleas'd you beft; fometimes prefent a dream of an abfent friend, or bring you back an agreeable converfation. But upon the whole, I hope you will think lefs of the time paft than of the future; as the former has been lefs kind to you than the latter infallibly will be. Do not envy the world your Studies; they will tend to the be-nefit of men againft whom you can have no com-plaint, I mean of all Pofterity; and perhaps, at your time of life, nothing elfe is worth your care. What is every year of a wife man's life but a cen-fure or critic on the paft? Those whose date is the formed. Fire long enough to have at one helf of fhorteft, live long enough to laugh at one half of it : the boy defpifes the infant, the man the boy, the philosopher both, and the Christian all. You may now begin to think your manhood was too much a puerility; and you'll never fuffer your age to be but a fecond infancy. The toys and baubles of your childhood are hardly now more below you, than those toys of our riper and of our declining years, the drums and rattles of Ambition, and the dirt and bubbles of Avarice. At this time, when you are cut off from a little fociety and made a citizen of the world at large, you fhould bend your talents not to ferve a Party, or a few, but all mankind. Your Genius should mount above that mift in which its participation and neighbourhood with earth long involv'd it; to fhine abroad and to heaven, ought to be the bufinels and the glory of your prefent fituation. Remember it was at fuch a time, that the greateft lights of antiquity dazled and blazed the moft, in their retreat, in their ex-ile, or in their death : but why do I talk of dazling or blazing ? it was then that they did good, that they gave light, and that they became Guides to mankind.

Thole aims alone are worthy of fpirits truly great, and fuch I therefore hope will be yours. Refeatment indeed may remain, perhaps cannot be quite extinquifhed, in the nobleft minds; but Revenge never will harbour there : higher principles than thole of the firft, and better principles than thole of the latter, will infallibly influence men, Vol. VIII. H whole

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whole thoughts and whole hearts are enlarged, and caufe them to prefer the Whole to any part of mankind, especially to fo small a part as one's fingle felf.

Believe me, my Lord, I look upon you as a fpirit entered into another life *, as one just upon the edge of Immortality; where the paffions and affeclions must be much more exalted, and where you ought to defpife all little views, and all mean retrofpects. Nothing is worth your looking back; and therefore look forward, and make (as you can) the world look after you. But take care that it be not with pity, but with effeem and admiration.

I am with the greateft fincerity, and paffion for your fame as well as happinefs,

Your, &c.

LETTER XXIV.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

Paris, Nov. 23, 1731.

Y OU will wonder to fee me in print; but how could I avoid it? The dead and the living, my friends and my foes, at home and abroad, call'd upon me to fay formething; and the reputation of an ‡ Hiftory which I and all the world value, mult have fuffered, had I continued filent. I have printed it here, in hopes that formebody may venture to reprint it in England, notwithftanding

* The Bifhop of Rochefter went into exile the month following, and continued in it till his death, which happen'd at Paris, on the fifteenth day of February in the year 1732. P.

1 E. of Clarendon's.

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FROM DR. ATTERBURY. 99

those two frightening words at the close of it. * Whether that happens or not, it is fit you fhould have a fight of it, who, I know, will read it with fome degree of fatisfaction, as it is mine, tho' it. fhould have (as it really has) nothing elle to re-commend it. Such as it is, Extremum hoc munus morientis habeto; for that may well be the cafe, confidering that within a few months I am entering into my feventieth year: after which, even the healthy and the happy cannot much depend upon life, and will not, if they are wife, much defire it. Whenever I go, you will lofe a friend who loves Whenever I go, you will lote a friend who loves and values you extremely, if in my circumftances I can be faid to be loft to any one, when dead, more than I am already whilf living. I expected to have heard from you by Mr. Morice, and won-dered a little that I did not; but he owns himfelf in a fault, for not giving you due notice of his mo-tions. It was not amifs that you forbore writing, on a head wherein I promis'd more than I was able to perform. Difgraced men fancy fometimes, that they preferve an influence, where when they endeavour to exert it, they foon fee their miftake. I did fo, my good friend, and acknowledge it under my hand. You founded the coaft, and found out my error, it feems, before I was aware of it; but enough on this fubject.

What are they doing in England to the honour of Letters; and particularly what are you doing? Iffe quid audes? Quæ circumvolitas agilis Thyma? Do you purfue the Moral plan you marked out, and feemed fixteen months ago fo intent upon? Am

* The Bifhop's Name, fet to his Vindication of Bifhop Smalridge, Dr. Aldrich, and himfelf, from the fcandalous Reflections of Oldmixon, relating to the Publication of Lord Clarendon's Hitkory. Paris, 1731. 4to. fince re-printed in England. P.

I to fee it perfected e'er I die, and are you to enjoy the reputation of it while you live ? or do you rather chuse to leave the marks of your friendship, like the legacies of a will, to be read and enjoyed only by those who furvive you? Were I as near you as I have been, I fhould hope to peep into the manufcript before it was finished. But alas! there is, and will ever probably be a great deal of land and fea between us. How many books have come out of late in your parts, which you think I should be glad to perufe? Name them: The catalogue, I believe, will not coft you much trouble. They must be good ones indeed to challenge any part of my time, now I have fo little of it left. J, who fquandered whole days heretofore, now hufband hours when the glass begins to run low, and care not to mifpend them on trifles. At the end of the Lottery of Life, our last minutes, like tickets left in the wheel, rife in their valuation: They are not of fo much worth perhaps in themfelves as those which preceded, but we are apt to prize them more, and with reason. I do so, my dear friend, and yet think the most precious minutes of my life are well employ'd, in reading what you write. But this is a fatisfaction I cannot much hope for, and therefore must betake myself to others lefs entertaining. Adieu ! dear Sir, and forgive me engaging with one, whom you, I think, have reckoned among the heroes of the Dunciad. It was neceffary for me either to accept of his dirty Challenge, or to have fuffered in the efteem of the world by declining it.

My respects to your Mother; I fend one of these papers for Dean Swift, if you have an opportunity, and think it worth while to convey it. My Country at this distance feems to me a firange fight, I know not how it appears to you, who are in the midst of the scene, and yourself a part of it; I with

FROM DR. ATTERBURY.

IOI

wifh you would tell me. You may write fafely to Mr. Morice, by the honeft hand that conveys this, and will return into these parts before Christmas; fketch out a rough draught of it, that I may be able to judge whether a return to it be really eligible, or whether I should not, like the Chemist in the bottle, upon hearing Don Quevedo's account of Spain, defire to be corked up again.

After all, I do and muft love my country, with all its faults and blemifhes; even that part of the conflitution which wounded me unjuftly, and iffelf through my fide, fhall ever be dcar to me. My laft wifh fhall be like that of father Paul, *Efto perpetua* ! and when I die at a diftance from it, it will be in the fame manner as Virgil defcribes the expiring Peloponnefian,

Sternitur,

et dulces moriens reminiscitur Argos.

Do I fiill live in the memory of my friends, as they certainly do in mine? I have read a good many of your paper-fquabbles about me, and am glad to fee fuch free conceffions on that head, tho' made with no view of doing me a pleafure, but merely of loading another.

I am, &c.

LETTER XXV.

From the Bishop of ROCHESTER.

On the Death of his Daughter.

Montpelier, Nov. 20, 1729.

I A M not yet Mafter enough of myfelf, after the late wound I have receiv'd, to open my very heart to you, and am not content with lefs H 3 than

than that, whenever I converse with you. My thoughts are at prefent vainly, but pleafingly employ'd, on what I have loft, and can never recover, I know well I ought, for that reafon, to call them off to other fubjects, but hitherto I have not been able to do it. By giving them the rein a little, and fuffering them to fpend their force, I hope in fome time to check and fubdue them. Multis fortunæ vulneribus perculfus, buic uni me imparem fensi, et pene fuccubui. This is weaknefs, not wifdom, I own; and on that account fitter to be trufted to the bofom of a friend, where I may fafely lodge all my infirmities. As foon as my mind is in fome measure corrected and calm'd, I will endeavour to follow your advice, and turn it to fomething of use and moment; if I have still life enough left to do any thing that is worth reading and preferving. In the mean time I shall be pleas'd to hear that you proceed in what you intend, without any such melancholy interruption as I have met with. Your mind is as yet unbroken by age and ill accidents, your knowledge and judgment are at the height : use them in writing fomewhat that may teach the prefent and future times, and if not gain equally the applause of both, may yet raise the envy of the one, and fecure the admiration of the other. Employ not your precious moments, and great ta-lents, on little men and little things; but chufe a fubject every way worthy of you, and handle it as you can, in a manner which no-body elfe can equal or imitate. As for me, my abilities, if I ever had any, are not what they were : and yet I will endeavour to recollect and employ them.

gelidus tardante senesta Sanguis hebet, frigentque effæto in corpore vires.

However, I fhould be ingrateful to this place, if I did not own that I gained upon the gout in the fouth

FROM DR. ATTERBURY.

fouth of France, much more than I did at Paris: tho' even there I fenfibly improved. I believe my cure had been perfected, but the earnest defire of meeting One I dearly loved, called me abruptly to Montpelier; where after continuing two months, under the cruel torture of a fad and fruitlefs expectation, I was forced at last to take a long journey to Toulouse; and even there I had miss'd the perfon I fought, had the not, with great fpirit and courage, ventured all night up the Garonne to fee me, which the above all things defired to do before fhe died. By that means the was brought where I was, between feven and eight in the morning, and liv'd twenty hours afterwards, which time was not loft on either fide, but pass'd in fuch a manner as gave great fatisfaction to both, and fuch as on her part, every way became her circumstances and character. For the had her fenfes to the very laft gasp, and exerted them to give me, in those few hours, greater marks of Duty and Love than she had done in all her life-time, the' fhe had never been wanting in either. The last words she faid to me were the kindeft of all ; a reflection on the goodness of God, which had allow'd us in this manner to meet once more, before we parted for ever. Not many minutes after that, fhe laid herfelf on her pillow, in a fleeping posture,

placidaque ibi demum morte quievit.

Judge you, Sir, what I felt, and still feel on this occafion, and fpare me the trouble of defcribing it. At my Age, under my Infirmities, among utter Strangers, how shall I find out proper reliefs and fupports? I can have none, but those with which Reafon and Religion furnish me, and those I lay hold on, and grafp as fast as I can. I hope that He, who laid the burthen upon me (for wife and good purposes no doubt) will enable me to bear it, in

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in like manner as I have born others, with fome degree of fortitude and firmnefs.

You fee how ready I am to relapfe into an argument which I had quitted once before in this letter. I fhall probably again commit the fame fault, if I continue to write; and therefore I flop fhort here, and with all fincerity, affection, and efteem, bid you adieu ! till we meet either in this world, if God pleafes, or elfe in another.

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I am, &c.

LETTERS

LETTERS

TO AND FROM

Mr. G A Y.

From 1712 to 1732.

LETTER I:

Binfield, Nov. 13, 1712.

Y OU writ me a very kind Letter fome months ago, and told me you were then upon the point of taking a journey into Devonfhire. That hindered my anfwering you, and I have fince feveral times inquired of you, without any fatisfaction; for fo I call the knowledge of your welfare, or of any thing that concerns you. I paft two months in Suffex, and fince my return have been again very ill. I writ to Lintot in hopes of hearing of you, but had no anfwer to that point. Our friend Mr. Cromwell too has been filent all this year; I believe he has been difpleafed at fome or other of my freedoms *, which I very innocently

• We fee by the letters to Mr. Cromwell, that Mr. Pope was used to railly him on his turn for trifling and pedantic criticifm. So he loft his two early friends, Cromwell and Wycherly, by his zeal to correct the bad poetry of the one, and the bad tafte of the other. take, take, and most with those I think most my friends. But this I know nothing of; perhaps he may have opened to you: and if I know you right, you are of a temper to cement friendfhips, and not to divide them. I really much love Mr. Cromwell, and have a true affection for yourfelf, which, if I had any interest in the world, or power with those who have, I should not be long without manifesting to you. I defire you will not, either out of modefty, or a vicious distruft of another's value for you (those two eternal foes to merit) imagine that your letters and conversation are not always welcome to me. There is no man more intirely fond of goodnature or ingenuity than myfelf, and I have feen too much of those qualities in you to be any thing less than

Your, &c.

LETTER II.

12

Dec. 24, 1791

Thas been my good fortune within this month paft, to hear more things that have pleas'd me than (I think) almoft in all my time befide. But nothing upon my word has been fo home-felt a fatisfaction as the news you tell me of yourfelf: and you are not in the leaft miftaken, when you congratulate me upon your own good fuccefs: for I have more people out of whom to be happy, than any ill-natur'd man can boaft of. I may with honefty affirm to you, that, notwithftanding the many inconveniences and difadvantages they commonly talk of in the Res angufa domi, I have never found any other, than the inability of giving people of merit the only certain proof of our value for them, in doing them fome real fervice. For after all, if we could but think a little, felf-love might make us philofophers, and convince us quantuli indiget Natura ! Ourfelves are eafily provided for; 'tis nothing but the circumftantials, and the Apparatus or equipage of human life, that cofts fo much the furnifhing. Only what a luxurious man wants for horfes, and footmen, a good-natur'd man wants for his friends, or the indigent.

I fhall fee you this winter with much greater pleafure than I could the laft; and, I hope, as much of your time, as your attendance on the Duchefs * will allow you to fpare to any friend, will not be thought loft upon one who is as much fo as any man. I muft alfo put you in mind, tho' you are now fecretary to this Lady, that you are likewife fecretary to nine other Ladies, and are to write fometimes for them too. He who is forced to live wholly upon thofe Ladies favours is indeed in as a precarious a condition as any He who does what Chaucer fays for fuftenance; but they are very agreeable companions, like other Ladies, when a man only paffes a night or fo with them at his leifure, and away. I am

Your, &c.

LETTER III.

Aug. 23, 1713.

have

JUST as I receiv'd yours, I was fet down to write to you, with fome fhame that I had fo long deferred it. But I can hardly repent my neglect, when it gives me the knowledge how little you infift upon ceremony, and how much a greater fhare in your memory I have, than I deferve. I

 Duchefs of Monmouth, to whom he was just then made Secretary.

have been near a week in London, where I am like to remain, till I become, by Mr. Jervas's help, Elegans Formarum Spectator. I begin to difcover beauties that were till now imperceptible to me. Every corner of an eye, or turn of a nofe or ear, the fmallest degree of light or shade on a cheek, or in a dimple, have charms to diffract me. I no longer look upon Lord Plaufible as ridiculous, for admiring a Lady's fine tip of an car and pretty elbow (as the Plain-Dealer has it) but am in fome danger even from the ugly and difagreeable, fince they may have their retired beauties, in one trait or other about them. You may guess in how uncafy a flate I am, when every day the performances of others appear more beautiful and excellent, and my own more defpicable. I have thrown away three Dr. Swifts, each of which was once my vanity, two Lady Bridgwaters, a Dutchefs of Montague, befides half a dozen Earls, and one knight of the garter. I have crucified Chrift over again in effigie, and made a Madona as old as her mother St. Anne. Nay, what is yet more miraculous, I have rivall'd St. Luke himfelf in painting, and as, 'tis faid, an angel came and finished his piece, fo, you would fwear, a devil put the last hand to mine, 'tis fo begrim'd and fmutted. However I comfort myfelf with a Christian reflection, that I have not broken the commandment, for my pictures are not the likeness of any thing in heaven above, or in carth below, or in the water under the earth. Neither will any body adore or worfhip them, except the Indians should have a fight of them, who, they tell us, worfhip certain idols purely for their uglinefs.

I am very much recreated and refreshed with the news of the advancement of the Fan*, which,

* A Poem of Mr. Gay's, fo intitled,

I doubt

I doubt not, will delight the eye and fenfe of the fair, as long as that agreeable machine fhall play in the hands of pofterity. I am glad your fan is mounted fo foon, but I would have you varnifh and glaze it at your leifure, and polifh the flicks as much as you can. You may then caufe it to be borne in the hands of both fexes, no lefs in Britain, than it is in China; where it is ordinary for a Mandarine to fan himfelf cool after a debate, and a Statefman to hide his face with it when he tells a grave lie.

I am, &c.

LETTER IV.

DEAR MR. GAY,

Sept. 23, 1714:

Elcome to your native foil \dagger ! welcome to your friends! thrice welcome to me! whether returned in glory, bleft with court-intereft, the love and familiarity of the great, and fill'd with agreeable hopes; or melancholy with dejection, contemplative of the changes of fortune, and doubtful for the future: Whether return'd a triumphant Whig, or a defponding Tory, equally all hail! equally beloved and welcome to me! If happy, I am to partake in your elevation; if unhappy, you have fill a warm corner in my heart, and a retreat at Binfield in the worft of times at your fervice. If you are a Tory, or thought fo by any man, I know it can proceed from nothing but your gratitude to a few people who endeavour'd to ferve you, and whofe

1 In the beginning of this year Mr. Gay went over to Hanover with the Earl of Clarendon, who was fent thither by Q. Anne. On her death they returned to England: and it was on this occafion that Mr. Pope met him with this friendly welcome.

politics

politics were never your concern. If you are a Whig, as I rather hope, and, as I think, your principles and mine (as brother poets) had ever a bias to the fide of Liberty, I know you will be an honeft man, and an inoffenfive one. Upon the whole, I know, you are incapable of being fo much of either party as to be good for nothing. Therefore once more, whatever you are, or in what flate you are, all hail!

One or two of your old friends complain'd they had heard nothing from you fince the Queen's death; I told them no man living lov'd Mr. Gay better than I, yet I had not once written to him in all his voyage. This I thought a convincing proof, how truly one may be a friend to another without telling him fo every month. But they had reafons too themfelves to alledge in your excufe; as men who really value one another, will never want fuch as make their friends and themfelves eafy. The late Universal concern in public affairs, threw us all into a hurry of fpirits: even I, who am more a Philosopher than to expect any thing from any Reign, was borne away with the current, and full of the expectation of the Succeffor: During your journeys I knew not whither to aim a letter after you ; that was a fort of fhooting flying : add to this the demand Homer had upon me, to write fifty verfes a day, befides learned notes, all which are at a conclusion for this year. Rejoice with me, O my friend, that my labour is over ; come and make merry with me in much feafting : We will feed among the lilies (by the lilies I mean the Ladics.) Are not the Rofalinda's of Britain as charming as the Bloufalinda's of the Hague? or have the two great Paftoral poets of our nation renounced love at the fame time? for Philips, immortal Philips hath deferted, yea, and in a ruffic manner kicked, his Rofalind. Dr. Parnelle and I have been infeparable

table ever fince you went. We are now at the Bath, where (if you are not, as I heartily hope, better engaged) your coming would be the greateft pleafure to us in the world. Talk not of expences: Homer fhall fupport his children. I beg a line from you directly to the post-house in Bath. Poor Parnelle is in an ill flate of health.

Pardon me if I add a word of advice in the poetical way. Write fomething on the King, or Prince, or Princefs. On whatfoever foot you may be with the court, this can do no harm—I thall never know where to end, and am confounded in the many things I have to fay to you, tho' they all amount but to this, that I am entirely, as ever,

Your, &c.

LETTER V.

London, Nov. 8, 1717-

I am extremely glad to find by a Letter of yours to Mr. Fortefcue, that you have received one from me; and I beg you to keep as the greateft of curiofities, that letter of mine which you received, and I never writ.

But the truth is, that we were made here to expect you in a flort time, that I was upon the ramble moft part of the Summer, and have concluded the feafon in grief, for the death of my poor father.

I fhall not enter into a detail of my concerns and troubles, for two reafons; becaufe I am really afflicted and need no airs of grief, and becaufe they are not the concerns and troubles of any but myfelf. But I think you (without too great a compliment) enough my friend, to be pleas'd to know he died cafily, without a groan, or the ficknefs of two minutes:

nutes: in a word, as filently and peacefully as he lived.

Sic mibi contingat vivere, sicque mori !

I am not in the humour to fay gay things, nor in the affectation of avoiding them. I can't pretend to entertain either Mr. Pulteney or you, as you have done both my Lord Burlington and me, by your letter to Mr. Lowndes *. 1 am only forry you have no greater quarrel to Mr. Lowndes, and with you paid fome hundreds a year to the land-tax. That gentleman is lately become an inoffenfive perfon to me too; fo that we may join heartily in our addreffes to him, and (like true patriots) rejoice in all that good done to the nation and government, to which we contribute nothing ourfelves.

I should not forget to acknowledge your letter fent from Aix; you told me then that writing was not good with the waters, and, I find fince, you are of my opinion, that 'tis as bad without the waters. But, I fancy, it is not writing but thinking, that is fo bad with the waters; and then you may write without any manner of prejudice, if you writ like our brother Poets of these days.

The Duchefs, Lord Warwick, Lord Stanhope, Mrs. Bellenden, Mrs. Lepell, and I can't tell who elfe, had your letters: Dr. Arbuthnot and I expect to be treated like Friends. I would fend my fervices to Mr. Pulteney, but that he is out of favour at court; and make fome compliment to Mrs. Pulteney, if the were not a Whig. My Lord Burling-ton tells me the has much out-fhin'd all the French ladies, as the did the English before : I am forry for it, because it will be detrimental to our holy reli-

* A Poem intituled, To my ingenious and worthy friend W. Lowndes, Elg. Suthor of that celebrated treatife in Folio, call'd the LAND-TAX BILL 5 gion,

: zidula

(TOORSOTT)

FROM MR. GAY.

gion, if heretical women fhould eclipfe those Nuns and orthodox Beauties, in whose eyes alone lie all the hopes we can have, of gaining such fine gentlemen as you to our church.

Your, &c.

I wifh you joy of the birth of the young prince, becaufe he is the only prince we have, from whom you have had no expectations and no difappointments.

LETTER VI.

From Mr. GAY to Mr. F

Stanton Harcourt, Aug. 9, 1718.

THE only news that you can expect to have from me here, is news from heaven, for I am quite out of the world, and there is fcarce any thing can reach me except the noife of thunder, which undoubtedly you have heard too. We have read in old authors of high towers levell'd by it to the ground, while the humble valleys have efcap'd : the only thing that is proof against it is the laurel, which, however, I take to be no great fecurity to the brains of modern authors. But to let you fee that the contrary to this often happens, I must ac-quaint you, that the highest and most extravagant heap of towers in the universe, which is in this neighbourhood, stands still undefaced, while a cock of barley in our next field has been confumed to afhes. Would to God that this heap of barley had been all that had perished ! for unhappily beneath this little shelter fat two much more constant Lovers than ever were found in Romance under the fhade of a beech tree. John Hewet was a well-fet man Vol. VIII. of

of about five and twenty, Sarah Drew might be rather called comely than beautiful, and was about the fame age. They had pass'd thro' the various labours of the year together, with the greateft fatis-faction; if fhe milk'd, 'twas his morning and evening care, to bring the cows to her hand; it was but laft fair that he bought her a prefent of green filk for her ftraw hat, and the polie on her filver ring was of his chuling. Their love was the talk of the whole neighbourhood; for fcandal never affirm'd, that they had any other views than the lawful poffeffion of each other in marriage. It was that very morning that he had obtained the confent of her parents, and it was but till the next week that they were to wait to be happy. Perhaps in the intervals of their work they were now talking of the wed-ding cloaths, and John was fuiting feveral forts of poppies and field flowers to her complexion, to chufe her a knot for the wedding-day. While they were thus bufied, (it was on the laft of July between two or three in the afternoon) the clouds grew black, and fuch a ftorm of lightning and thunder enfued, that all the labourers made the beft of their way to what fhelter the trees and hedges afforded. Sarah was frightned, and fell down in a fwoon on a heap of barley. John, who never feparated from her, fat down by her fide, having raked together two or three heaps, the better to fecure her from the ftorm. Immediately there was heard fo loud a crack, as if heaven had fplit afunder; every one was now follicitous for the fafety of his neighbour, and called to one another throughout the field : No answer being returned to those who called to our Lovers, they flept to the place where they lay; they perceived the barley all in a fmoke, and then fpied this faithful pair : John with one arm about Sarah's neck, and the other held over her, as to fkreen her from the lightning. They were ftruck dead.

dead, and fiffen'd in this tender pofture. Sarah's left eye-brow was fing'd, and there appeared a black fpot on her breaft : her lover was all over black, but not the leaft figns of life were found in either. Attended by their melancholy companions, they were convey'd to the town, and the next day were interr'd in Stanton-Harcourt Church-yard. My Lord Harcourt, at Mr. Pope's and my requeft, has caufed a ftone to be placed over them, upon condition that we furnifh'd the Epitaph, which is as follows;

When Eastern lovers feed the fun'ral fire, On the same pile the faithful pair expire : Hare pitying Heav'n that virtue mutual found, And blasted both, that it might neither wound. Hearts so fincere th' Almighty saw well pleas'd, Sent his own lightning, and the visitins feiz'd.

But my Lord is apprehenfive the country people will not underftand this, and Mr. Pope fays he'll make one with fomething of Scripture in it, and with as little of poetry as Hopkins and Sternhold *. Your, &c.

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Live

The Epitaph was this, Near this place lie the bodies of JOHN HEWET and MARY DREW, an induftious young Man and Virtuous Maiden of this Parifh; Who being at Harvelt-Work (with feveral others) were in one inflant killed by Lightning the laft day of July 1713.

Think not, by rig'rous Judgment feiz'd, A Pair fo faithful could expire; Victims fo pure Heav'n faw well pleas'd, And fnatch'd them in csleitial fre.

LETTER VII.

DEAR GAY,

Sept. 11, 1722.

Thank you for remembering me; I would do my beft to forget myfelf, but that, I find, your idea is fo clofely connected to me, that I muft forget both together, or neither. I am forry I could not have a glympfe either of you, or of the Sun (your father) before you went for Bath: But now it pleafes me to fee him, and hear of you. Pray put Mr. Congreve in mind that he has one on this fide of the world who loves him; and that there are more men and women in the univerfe than Mr. Gay and my Lady Duchefs. There are ladies in and about Richmond, that pretend to value him and yourfelf; and one of them at leaft may be thought to do it without affectation, namely Mrs. Howard.

Pray confult with Dr. Arbuthnot and Dr. Chene, to what exact pitch your belly may be fuffered to fwell, not to outgrow theirs, who are, yet, your betters. Tell Dr. Arbuthnot that even pigconpyes and hogs-puddings are thought dangerous by our governors; for thofe that have been fent to the Bifhop of Rochefter are open'd and prophanely pry'd into at the Tower: 'Tis the firft time dead pigeons have been fuffected of carrying intelligence. To be ferious, you and Mr. Congreve and the Doctor will be fentible of my concern and furprize at his commitment, whofe welfare is as much my concern as any friend's I have. I think myfelf a

Live well, and fear no fudden fate ;

When God calls Virtue to the grave, Alike 'tis juffice foon or late, Mercy alike to kill or fave.

Virtue unmov'd can hear the call, And face the flash that melts the ball.

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moft

TI FROM MR. GAY.

most unfortunate wretch: I no fooner love, and, upon knowledge, fix my effeem to any man; but he either dies, like Mr. Craggs, or is fent to imprifonment like the Bifhop. God fend him as well as I wish him, manifest him to be as innocent as I believe him, and make all his enemies know him as well as I do, that they may think of him as well !

If you apprehend this period to be of any danger in being addreffed to you, tell Mr. Congreve or the Doctor, it is writ to them. I am

Your, &c.

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LETTER VIII.

Tuly 13, 1722.

Was very much pleas'd, not to fay obliged, by your kind letter, which fufficiently warm'd my heart to have answered it sooner, had I not been deceived (a way one often is deceived) by hearkening to women; who told me that both Lady Burlington and yourfelf were immediately to return from Tunbridge, and that my Lord was gone to bring you back. The world furnishes us with too many examples of what you complain of in yours, and, I affure you, none of them touch and grieve me to much as what relates to you. I think your fentiments upon it are the very fame I fhould entertain : I wish those we call great men had the same notions, but they are really the most little creatures in the world; and the most interested, in all but one point; which is, that they want judgment * to know their greateft intereft, to encourage and chufe honeft men for their friends.

* Inflead of -that they want judgment, propriety of expression requires he should have faid-there where they want judgment -I have

I have not once feen the perfon you complain of, whom I have of late thought to be, as the Apoftle admonifheth, one flefh with his wife.

Pray make my fincere compliments to Lord Burlington, whom I have long known to have a ftronger bent of mind to be all that is good and honourable, than almost any one of his rank.

I have not forgot yours to Lord Bolingbroke, tho' I hope to have fpeedily a fuller opportunity, he returning for Flanders and France next month.

Mrs. Howard has writ you fomething or other in a letter, which, the fays, the repents. She has as much good nature as if the had never feen any ill nature, and had been bred among lambs and turtledoves, inflead of Princes and court-ladies.

By the end of this week, Mr. Fortefcue will pafs a few days with me: we fhall remember you in our potations, and with you a fifher with us, on my grafs-plat. In the mean time we wifh you fuccefs as a fifher of women at the Wells, a rejoycer of the comfortlefs and widow, and a play-fellow of the maiden. I am

Your, &c.

LETTER IX.

Sept. 11, 1722.

Think it obliging in you to defire an account of my health. The truth is, I have never been in a worfe flate in my life, and find whatever I have try'd as a remedy to ineffectual, that I give myfelf entirely over. I with your health may be fet perfectly right by the waters; and, be affured, I not only with that, and every thing elfe for you, as common friends with, but with a zeal not ufual among thofe we call fo. I am always glad to hear of, and from

from you; always glad to fee you, whatever acci-dents or amufements have interven'd to make me do either lefs than ufual. I not only frequently think of you, but conftantly do my beft to make others do it, by mentioning you to all your acquaintance. I defire you to do the fame for me to those you are now with: do me what you think juffice in regard to those who are my friends, and if there are any, whom I have unwillingly deferved so little of as to be my enemies, I don't defire you to forseit their opinion, or your own judgment in any cafe. Let time convince those who know me not, that I am an inoffenfive perfon; tho' (to fay truth) I don't care how little I am indebted to Time, for the world is hardly worth living in, at leaft to one that is never to have health a week together. I have been made to expect Dr. Arbuthnot in town this fort-night, or elfe I had written to him. If he, by ne-ver writing to me, feems to forget me, I confider I do the fame feemingly to him, and yet I don't believe he has a more fincere friend in the world than I am : therefore I will think him mine. I am his, Mr. Congreve's, and

Your, &c.

LETTER X.

Faithfully affure you, in the midft of that me-lancholy with which I have been fo long encompaffed, in an hourly expectation almost of my Mo-ther's death; there was no circumstance that rendered it more infupportable to me, than that I could not leave her to fee you. Your own prefent efcape from fo imminent danger, I pray God may prove less precarious than my poor Mother's can be; whole life at best can be but a short repreive, or a longer

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longer dying. But I fear, even that is more than God will pleafe to grant me; for, thefe two days paft, her most dangerous fymptoms are returned upon her; and, unless there be a fudden change, I must in a few days, if not in a few hours, he deprived of her. In the afflicting profpect before me, I know nothing that can fo much alleviate it as the view now given me (Heaven grant it may increase!) of your recovery. In the fincerity of my Heart, I am exceffively concern'd, not to be able to pay you, dear Gay, any part of the debt, I very gratefully remember, I owe you on a like fad occafion, when you was here comforting me in her last great Illnes. May your health augment as fast as, I fear, hers must decline: I believe that would be very fastmay the Life that is added to you be past in good fortune and tranquillity, rather of your own giving to yourfelf, than from any expectations or truft in others. May you and I live together, without wifhing more felicity or acquifitions than Friendship can give and receive without obligations to Greatnefs. God keep you, and three or four more of thofe I have known as long, that I may have fome-thing worth the furviving my Mother. Adieu, dear Gay, and believe me (while you live and while I live)

Your, &c.

As I told you in my last letter, I repeat it in this: Do not think of writing to me. The Doctor, Mrs. Howard, and Mrs. Blount give me daily accounts of you.

LET-

FROM MR. GAY.

LETTER XI.

Sunday Night.

Truly rejoyced to fee your hand-writing, though I feared the trouble it might give you. I with I had not known that you are ftill fo exceffively weak. Every day for a week paft I had hopes of being able in a day or two more to fee you. But my Mother advances not at all, gains no ftrength, and feems but upon the whole to wait for the next cold day to throw her into a Diarrhœa, that must, if it return, carry her off. This being daily to be fear'd, makes me not dare to go a day from her, left that fhould prove to be her laft. God fend you a fpeedy recovery, and fuch a total one as, at your time of life, may be expected. You need not call the few words I writ to you, either kind, or good; that was, and is, nothing. But whatever I have in my nature of kindnefs, I really have for you, and whatever good I could do, I would, among the very first, be glad to do to you. In your circumstance the old Roman farewell is proper, Vive memor nostri.

Your, &c.

I fend you a very kind letter of Mr. Digby, between whom and me two letters have pais'd concerning you.

LETTER XII.

N O words can tell you the great concern I feel for you; I affure you it was not, and is not leffened, by the immediate apprehenfion I have now every day lain under of lofing my Mother. Be affur'd, no duty lefs than that fhould have kept me one

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one day from attending your condition: I would come and take a room by you at Hampftead, to be with you daily, were fhe not fiill in danger of death. I have conftantly had particular accounts of you from the Doctor, which have not ceas'd to alarm me yet. God preferve your life, and reftore your health. I really beg it for my own fake, for I feel I love you more than I thought in health, tho' I always loved you a great deal. If I am fo unfortunate as to bury my poor mother, and yet have the good fortune to have my prayers heard for you, I hope we may live most of our remaining days together. If, as I believe, the air of a better clime, as the Southern part of France, may be thought useful for your recovery, thither I would go with you infallibly; and it is very probable we might get the Dean with us, who is in that abandon'd flate already in which I shall shortly be, as to other cares and duties. Dear Gay, be as chearful as your fufferings will permit: God is a better friend than a Court; even any honeft man is a better. I promife you my entire friendship in all events, heartily praying for your recovery.

Your, &c.

to

Do not write, if you are ever fo able: the Doctor tells me all.

LETTER XIII.

Am glad to hear of the progrefs of your recovery, and the oftner I hear it, the better, when it becomes eafy to you to give it me. I fo well remember the confolation you were to me in my Mother's former illnefs, that it doubles my concern at this time not to be able to be with you, or you able

to be with me. Had I loft her, I would have been no where elfe but with you during your confinement. I have now paft five weeks without once going from home, and without any company but for three or four of the days. Friends rarely ftretch their kindness fo far as ten miles. My Lord Bolingbroke and Mr. Bethel have not forgotten to vifit me : the reft (except Mrs. Blount once) were contented to fend meffages. I never paffed fo melancholy a time, and now Mr. Congreve's death touches me nearly. It was twenty years and more that I have known him : Every year carries away fomething dear with it, till we outlive all tenderneffes, and become wretched individuals again as we begun. Adieu! This is my birth-day, and this is my reflection upon it.

With added days if life give nothing new, But, like a Sieve, let ev'ry Pleafure thro'; Some Jay Aill loft, as each vain Year runs o'er, And all we gain, fome fad Reflection more I Is this a Birth-day?—'Tis, alas! too clear, 'Tis but the Fun'ral of the former year.

Your, &c.

June 201

LETTER XIV.

To the Honourable Mrs. ----

W E cannot omit taking this occafion to congratulate you upon the encreafe of your family, for your Cow is this morning very happily deliver'd of the better fort, I mean a female calf; fhe is as like her mother as fhe can flare.

ftare. All Knights Errants Palfreys were diftin-guifh'd by lofty names : we fee no reafon why a Paftoral Lady's fheep and calves fhould want names of the fofter found; we have therefore given her the name of Cæfar's wife, Calfurnia: imagining, that as Romulus and Remus were fuckled by a wolf, this Roman lady was fuckled by a cow, from whence fhe took that name. In order to celebrate this birth-day, we had a cold dinner at Marblehill*, Mrs. Sufan offered us wine upon the occafion, and upon fuch an occasion we could not refuse it. Our entertainment confisted of flesh and fish, and the lettice of a greek Island called Cos. We have fome thoughts of dining there to-morrow, to celebrate the day after the birth-day, and on friday to celebrate the day after that, where we intend to entertain Dean Swift; because we think your hall the most delightful room in the world except that where you are. If it was not for you, we would forfwear all courts ; and really it is the most mortifying thing in nature, that we can neither get into the court to live with you, nor you get into the country to live with us; fo we will take up with what we can get that belongs to you, and make ourfelves as happy as we can, in your house. I hope we shall be brought into no worse com-

pany, when you all come to Richmond : for whatever our friend Gay may wifh as to getting into Court, I difclaim it, and defire to fee nothing of the court but yourfelf, being wholly and folely

Your, &c.

Mrs. Howard's houfe.

Care Building and Frank the interior (cros & crossil and

LET-

FROM MR. GAY.

LETTER XV.

July 21.

Y OU have the fame fhare in my memory that good things generally have; I always know (whenever I reflect) that you fhould be in my mind; only I reflect too feldom. However, you ought to allow me the indulgence I allow all my friends (and if I did not, they would take it) in confideration that they have other avocations, which may prevent the proofs of their remembring me, the they preferve for me all the friendfhip and good-will which I deferve from them. In like manner I expect from you, that my paft life of twenty years may be fet against the omiffion of (perhaps) one month : and if you complain of this to any other, 'tis you are in the fpleen, and not I in the wrong. If you think this letter fplenetic, confider I have just received the news of the death of a friend, whom I efteem'd almost as many years as you; poor Fenton. He died at Eafthamstead, of indolence and inactivity; let it not be your fate, but use exercise. I hope the Duchess * will take care of you in this refpect, and either make you gallop after her, or teize you enough at home to ferve inftead of exercise abroad. Mrs. Howard is fo concern'd about you, and fo angry at me for not writing to you, and at Mrs. Blount for not doing the fame, that I am piqu'd with jealoufy and envy at you, and have you as much as if you had a great place at court ; which you will confers a proper caufe of envy and hatred, in any Poet militant, or unpenfion'd. But to fet matters even, I own I love you; and own, I am, as I ever was and just as I ever shall be.

Your, &c.

* Of Queenfberry.

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LETTER XVI.

DEAR SIR,

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Oct. 6, 1727.

Have many years ago magnify'd in my own mind, and repeated to you, a ninth Beatitude; added to the eighth in the Scripture; "Bleffed is " he who expects nothing, for he shall never be " difappointed." I could find in my heart to congratulate you on this happy difmiffion from all Courtdependance ; I dare fay I shall find you the better and the honefter man for it, many years hence : very probably the healthfuller, and the chearfuller into the bargain. You are happily rid of many curfed ceremonies, as well as of many ill, and vicious Habits, of which few or no men escape the infection, who are hackney'd and tramelled in the ways of a court. Princes indeed, and Peers (the lackies of Princes) and Ladies (the fools of peers) will fmile on you the lefs; but men of worth, and real friends will look on you the better. There is a thing, the only thing which Kings and Queens cannot give you (for they have it not to give) Liberty, and which is worth all they have; which, as yet, I thank God, Englishmen need not ask from their hands. You will enjoy that, and your own integrity, and the fatisfactory confciousness of having not merited fuch graces from courts as are beftow'd only on the mean, fervile, flattering, in-terefted, and undeferving. The only fteps to the fayour of the Great are fuch complacencies, fuch compliances, fuch diftant decorums, as delude them in their vanities, or engage them in their paffions. He is their greatest favourite, who is the falfest : and when a man, by fuch vile gradations, arrives at the height of grandeur and power, he is then at best but in a circumstance to be hated, and in a concondition to be hanged, for ferving their ends: So many a Minifter has found it !

I believe you did not want advice, in the letter you fent by my Lord Grantham; I prefume you writ it not, without: and you could not have better, if I guefs right at the perfon who agreed to your doing it, in refpect to any Decency you ought to obferve: for I take that perfon to be a perfect judge of decencies and forms. I am not without fears even on that perfon's account: I think it a bad omen: but what have I to do with Courtomens?——Dear Gay, adicu. I can only add a plain uncourtly fpeech: While you are no body's fervant, you may be any one's friend; and as fuch I embrace you, in all conditions of life. While I have a fhilling, you fhall have fix-pence, nay eight pence, if I can contrive to live upon a groat. I am faithfully

Your, &c.

LETTER XVIL

From Mr. GAY to Mr. POPE.

Aug. 2, 1728.

"T WAS two or three weeks ago that I writ you a letter; I might indeed have done it fooner; I thought of you every poft-day upon that account, and every other day upon fome account or other. I muft beg you to give Mrs. B. my fincere thanks for her kind way of thinking of me, which I have heard of more than once from our friend at court, who feem'd in the letter fhe writ to be in high health and fpirits. Confidering the multiplicity of pleafures and delights that one is over-run with in those places, I wonder how any body

body hath health and fpirits enough to fupport them: I am heartily glad fhe has, and whenever I hear fo, I find it contributes to mine. You fee I near 10, 1 nud it contributes to mine. You fee I am not free from dependance, tho' I have lefs at-tendance than I had formerly; for a great deal of my own welfare ftill depends upon hers. Is the widow's houfe to be difpos'd of yet? I have not given up my pretenfions to the Dean; if it was to be parted with, I with one of us had it; I hope you with fo too, and that Mrs. Blount and Mrs. Howard wish the same, and for the very same reafon that I wifh it. All I could hear of you of late hath been by advertifements in news-papers, by which one would think the race of Curls was mulwhich one would think the race of Curls was mul-tiplied; and, by the indignation fuch fellows flow againft you, that you have more mcrit than any body alive could have. Homer himfelf hath not been worfe us'd by the French. I am to tell you that the Duchefs makes you her compliments, and is always inclin'd to like any thing you do; that Mr. Congreve admires, with me, your fortitude: and loves, not envies your performance, for we are not Dunces. Adieu.

LETTER XVIII.

April 18, 1730.

I F my friendfhip were as effectual as it is fincere, you would be one of those people who would be vaftly advantag'd and enrich'd by it. I ever honour'd those Popes who were most famous for Nepotifm, 'tis a fign that the old fellows loved ' Somebody, which is not ufual in fuch advanced years. And I now honour Sir Robert Walpole for his extensive bounty and goodness to his private friends and relations. But it vexes me to the beart

FROM MR. GAY. 120

heart when I reflect, that my friendship is fo much less effectual than theirs; nay fo utterly ufe-less that it cannot give you any thing, not even a dinner at this diffance, nor help the General whom I greatly love, to catch one fifth. My only confo-lation is to think you happier than myfelf, and to begin to envy you, which is next to hating you (an excellent remody for love.) How comes it that Providence has been fo unkind to me (who am a greater object of compafiion than any fat man alive) that I am forced to drink wine, while you riot in water, prepar'd with oranges by the hand of the Duchefs of Queensberry ? that I am condemn'd to live by a high-way fide, like an old Patriarch, rcceiving all guests, where my portico (as Virgil has it)

Mane falutantum totis vomit ædibus undam,

while you are wrapt into the Idalian Groves, fprinkled with rofe-water, and live in burrage, balm, and burnet up to the chin, with the Duchefs of Queenfberry ? that I am doom'd to the drudgery of din-ing at court with the ladies in waiting at Windfor, while you are happily banish'd with the Duchefs of Queensberry ? So partial is fortune in her difpensations ! for I deserved ten times more to be banish'd than you, and I know some ladies who merit it better than even her Grace. After this I must not name any, who dare do fo much for you as to fend you their fervices. But one there is, who exhorts me often to write to you, I suppose, to prevent or excuse her not doing it herfelf; the feems (for that is all I'll fay for a courtier) to with you mighty well. Another, who is no courtier, frequently mentions you, and does certainly with you well-I fancy, after all, they both do fo.

I writ to Mr. Fortescue and told him the pains you took to fee him. The Dean is well; I have VOL. VIII, K had

had many accounts of him from Irifh evidence, but only two letters thefe four months, in both which you are mentioned kindly: he is in the north of Ireland, doing I know not what, with I know not whom. Mr. Cleland always fpeaks of you: he is at Tunbridge, wondering at the fuperior carnivoracity of our friend: he plays now with the old Duchefs, nay dines with her, after fhe has won all his moncy. Other news I know not, but that Counfellor Bickford has hurt himfelf, and has the flrongeft walking-ftaff I ever faw. He intends fpeedly to make you a vifit with it at Amefbury. I am my Lord Duke's, my Lady Duchefs's, Mr. Dormer's, General Dormer's, and

Your, &c.

LETTER XIX.

and liters

Sept. II, '1730.

T May with great truth return your fpeech, that I think of you daily; oftener indeed than is con-fiftent with the character of a reasonable man, who is rather to make himfelf eafy with the things and men that are about him, than unealy for those which he wants. And you, whofe abfence is in a manner perpetual to me, ought rather to be remembred as a good man gone, than breathed after as one living. You are taken from us here, to be laid up in a more bleffed flate with fpirits of a higher kind: fuch I reckon his Grace and her Grace, fince their banishment from an earthly court to a heavenly one, in each other and their friends; for, I conclude, none but true friends will confort or affociate with them afterwards. I can't but look upon myfelf (fo unworthy as a man of Twitnam 154 feems. feems, to be rank'd with fuch rectify'd and fubli-mated beings as you) as a feparated fpirit too from Courts and courtly fopperies. But, I own, not altogether fo divested of terrene matter, nor altogether fo fpiritualized, as to be worthy admiffion to your depths of retirement and contentment. I am tugg'd back to the world and its regards too often ; and no wonder, when my retreat is but ten miles from the capital. I am within ear-fhot of reports, within the vortex of lies and cenfures. I hear fometimes of the lampooners of beauty, the calumniators of virtue, the jokers at reafon and re-ligion. I prefume thefe are creatures and things as unknown to you, as we of this dirty orb are to the inhabitants of the planet Jupiter ; except a few fervent prayers reach you on the wings of the poft, from two or three of your zealous votaries at this distance; as one Mrs. H. who lifts up her heart now and then to you, from the midft of the Col-luvies and fink of human greatness at W---r; one Mrs. B. that fancies you may remember her while you liv'd in your mortal and too transitory flate at Petersham; one Lord B. who admir'd the Duchefs before the grew a Goddels; and a few others.

To defcend now to tell you what are our wants, our complaints, and our miferies here; I muft ferioufly fay, the lofs of any one good woman is too great to be born eafily: and poor Mrs. Rollinfon, tho' a private woman, was fuch. Her hufband is gone into Oxford/hire very melancholy, and thence to the Bath, to live on, for fuch is our fate, and duty. Adieu. Write to me as often as you will, and (to encourage you) I will write as feldom as if you did not. Believe me

K 2

Your, &c.

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LETTER XX.

DEAR SIR,

Oct. 1, 1730.

I A M fomething like the fun at this feafon, with-drawing from the world, but meaning it mighty well, and refolving to fhine whenever I can again. But I fear the clouds of a long winter will over-come me to fuch a degree, that any body will take a farthing candle for a better guide, and more ferviceable companion. My friends may remember my brighter days, but will think (like the Irifhman) that the moon is a better thing when once I am gone. I don't fay this with any allusion to my poetical capacity as a fon of Apollo, but in my companionable one (if you'll fuffer me to use a phrase of the Earl of Clarendon's) for I shall see or be feen of few of you this winter. I am grown too faint to do any good, or to give any pleafure. I not only, as Dryden finely fays, feel my notes de-cay as a poet, but feel my fpirits flag as a compa-nion, and fhall return again to where I first began, my books. I have been putting my library in or-der, and enlarging the chimney in it, with equal intention to warm my mind and body (if I can) to fome life. A friend (a woman-friend, God help me !) with whom I have spent three or four hours a day these fifteen years, advised me to pass more time in my fludies: I reflected, she must have found fome reafon for this admonition, and concluded the would complete all her kindneffes to me by returning me to the employment I am fitteft for; converfation with the dead, the old, and the wormcaten.

Judge therefore if I might not treat you as a beatify'd fpirit, comparing your life with my flupid flate. For as to my living at Windfor with the the ladies, &c. it is all a dream; I was there but two nights, and all the day out of that company. I fhall certainly make as little court to others as they do to me; and that will be none at all. My Fair-weather friends of the fummer are going away for London, and I fhall fee them and the butterflies together, if I live till next year; which I would not defire to do, if it were only for their fakes. But we that are writers, ought to love pofterity, that pofterity may love us; and I would willingly live to fee the children of the prefent race, merely in hope they may be a little wifer than their Parents.

I am, &c.

LETTER XXI.

I T is true that I write to you very feldom, and have no pretence of writing which fatisfies me, becaufe I have nothing to fay that can give you much pleafure: only merely that I am in being, which in truth is of little confequence to one from whole convertation I am cut off by fuch accidents or engagements as feparate us. I continue, and ever thall, to with you all good and happinefs : I with that fome lucky event might fet you in a ftate of eafe and independency all at once! and that I might live to fee you as happy, as this fully world and fortune can make any one. Are we never to live together more, as once we did? I find my life ebbing apace, and my affections ftrengthening as my age encreafes; not that I am worfe, but better, in my health than laft winter; but my mind finds no amendment nor improvement, nor fupport to lean upon, from thofe about me: and fo I feel myfelf leaving the world, as faft as it leaves me. K a

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Companions I have enough, friends few, and those too warm in the concerns of the world, for me to bear pace with; or elfe fo divided from me, that they are but like the dead whole remembrance I hold in honour. Nature, temper, and habit from my youth made me have but one ftrong defire ; all other ambitions, my perfon, education, conflitu-tion, religion, &c. confpired to remove far from me. That defire was, to fix and preferve a few lafting, dependable friendships: and the accidents which have difappointed me in it, have put a period to all my aims. So I am funk into an idlenefs, which makes me neither care nor labour to be noticed by the reft of mankind ; I propofe no rewards to myself, and why should I take any fort of pains? here I fit and sleep, and probably here I shall sleep till I fleep for ever, like the old man of Verona. I hear of what paffes in the bufy world with fo little attention, that I forget it the next day: and as to the learned world, there is nothing paffes in it. I have no more to add, but that I am with the fame truth as ever,

Your, &c.

LETTER XXIII.

i) if little contequence to one from board any rest off by frein accidents. Contents of a contention, and

I stati lien ! seto i. In vonstate Oct. 23, 1730.

Y OUR letter is a very kind one, but I can't fay to pleafing to me as many of yours have been, thro' the account you give of the dejection of your fpirits. I with the too conftant ufe of water does not contribute to it; I find Dr. Arbuhnot and another very knowing phyfician of that opinion. I alfo with you were not fo totally immers'd in the country; I hope your return to town will be a prevalent remedy againft the evil of too much

FROM MR. GAY.

recollection. I wish it partly for my own fake. We have lived little together of late, and we want to be phyficians for one another. It is a remedy that agreed very well with us both, for many years, and I fancy our conflitutions would mend upon the old medicine of *Studiorum fimilitudo*, &c. I believe we both of us want whetting; there are feveral here who will do you that good office, merely for the love of wit, which feems to be bidding the town a long and laft adieu. I can tell you of no one thing worth reading, or feeing; the whole age feems refolv'd to justify the Dunciad, and it may fland for a public Epitaph or monumental Inferip-tion like that at Thermopylæ, on a whole people perified ! There may indeed be a Wooden image that there once were bards in Britain; and (like the Giants at Guildhall) fhow the bulk and bad tafte of our anceftors: At prefent the poor Laureat * and Stephen Duck ferve for this purpofe; a drunken fot of a Parfon holds forth the emblem of Inspiration, and an honeft industrious Thresher not unaptly reprefents Pains and Labour. I hope this Phænomenon of Wilthire has appear'd at Amefbury, or the Duchefs will be thought infenfible to all bright qualities and exalted genius's, in court and country alike. But he is a harmle's man, and therefore I am glad.

This is all the news talk'd of at court, but it will pleafe you better to hear that Mrs. Howard talks of you, tho' not in the fame breath with the Threfher, as they do of me. By the way, have you feen or convers'd with Mr. Chubb, who is a wonderful Phænomenon of Wilthire? I have read

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thro' his whole volume * with admiration of the writer; tho' not always with approbation of the doctrine. I have paft just three days in London in four months, two at Windfor, half an one at Richmond, and have not taken one excursion into any other country. Judge now whether I can live in my library. Adieu. Live mindful of one of your first friends, who will be fo till the last Mrs. Blount deferves your remembrance, for the never forgets you, and wants nothing of being a friend +. I beg the Duke's and her Grace's acceptance of my fervices : the contentment you express in their

company pleafes me, tho' it be the bar to my own, in dividing you from us. I am ever very truly

Your. &c.

LETTER XXIII.

auroune; a

Qct. 2, 1732.

R Clem. Cottrel tells me you will fhortly come to town. We begin to want comfort in a few friends about us, while the winds whiftle, and the waters roar. The fun gives us a parting look, but

* This was his guarto Volume, written before he had given any figns of those extravagancies, which have fince rendered him to famous. As the Court fet up Mr. Duck for the rival of Mr. Pope, the City at the fame time confidered Chubb, as one who would eclipfe Locke. The modefly of the court Poet kept him fober in a very intoxicating fituation, while the vanity of this new-fashioned Philosopher affisted his fage admirers in turning his brains.

+ Alluding to those lines in the Epist. on the characters of Women,

" With ev'ry pleafing, ev'ry prudent part, " Say what can Cloe want?-She wants a heart.

is but a cold one; we are ready to change thefe diftant favours of a lofty beauty, for a grofs material fire that warms and comforts more. I with you could be here till your family come to town : you'll live more innocently, and kill fewer harmlefs creatures, nay none, except by your proper deputy, the butcher. It is fit for confcience fake, that you fhould come to town, and that the Duchefs fhould ftay in the country, where no innocents of another fpecies may fuffer by her. I hope fhe never goes to church : the Duke fhould lock you both up, and lefs harm would be done. I advise you to make man your game, hunt and beat about here for coxcombs, and trufs up Rogues in Satire : I fancy they'll turn to a good account, if you can produce them fresh, or make them keep: and their relations will come, and buy their bodies of you.

The death of Wilks leaves Cibber without a colleague, absolute and perpetual dictator of the ftage, tho' indeed while he lived he was but as Bibulus to Cæfar. However ambition finds fomething to be gratify'd with in a mere name; or elfe, God have mercy on poor ambition ! Here is a dead vacation at prefent, no politics at court, no trade in town, nothing ftirring but poetry. Every man, and every boy, is writing verfes on the Royal Hermitage : I hear the Queen is at a lofs which to prefer; but for my own part I like none fo well as Mr. Poyntz's in Latin. You would oblige my Lady Suffolk if you tried your Muse on this occasion. I am fure I would do as much for the Duchels of Queenlberry, if fhe defired it. Several of your friends affure me it is expected from you : one fhould not bear in mind, all one's life, any little indignity one receives from a Court; and therefore I am in hopes, neither her Grace will hinder you, nor you decline it.

The volume of Mifcellanics is just publish'd, which concludes all our fooleries of that kind. All

your friends remember you, and, I affure you, no one more than

Your, &c.

LETTER. XXVI.

From Mr. GAY to Mr. POPE.

Oct. 7, 1732.

T Am at last return'd from my Somersetshire expedition, but fince my return I cannot fo much boaft of my health as before I went, for I am frequently out of order with my colical complaints, fo as to make me uneafy and difpirited, tho' not to any violent degree. The reception we met with, and the little excursions we made were every way agreeable. I think the country abounds with beautiful prospects. Sir William Wyndham is at pre-fent amufing himself with fome real improvements, and a great many visionary caftles. We were often entertain'd with sea views and sea fish, and were at fome places in the neighbourhood, among which, I was mightily pleafed with Dunster-Caftle near Minehead. It flands upon a great eminence, and hath a prospect of that town, with an extensive view of the Briftol channel, in which are feen two fmall Iflands call'd the Steep Holms and Flat Holms, and on the t'other fide we could plainly diffinguish the divisions of fields on the Welch coaft. All this journey I perform'd on horfeback, and I am very much difappointed that at prefent I feel myfelf fo little the better for it. I have indeed followed riding and exercife for three months fucceffively, and really think I was as well without it; fo that I begin to fear the illillness I have fo long and fo often complain'd of, is inherent 3

FROM MR. GAY.

herent in my conflictution, and that I have nothing for it but patience *.

As to your advice about writing Panegyric, 'tis what I have not frequently done. I have indeed done it fometimes againft my judgment and inclinations, and I heartily repent of it. And at prefent, as I have no defire of reward, and fee no juft reafon of praife, I think I had better let it alone. There are flatterers good enough to be found, and I would not interfere in any Gentleman's profefion. I have feen no verfes upon thefe fublime occafions; fo that I have no emulation: Let the patrons enjoy the authors, and the authors their patrons, for I know myfelf unworthy.

I am, &c.

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LETTER XXV.

Mr. CLELAND to Mr. GAY +.

Decemb. 16, 1731.

Am aftonifh'd at the complaints occafion'd by a late Epiffle to the Earl of Burlington; and I fhould be afflicted were there the leaft juft ground for them. Had the writer attack'd Vice, at a time when it is not only tolerated but triumphant, and fo far from being conceal'd as a Defect, that it is proclaimed with oftentation as a Merit; I fhould have been apprehenfive of the confequence: Had he fatyrized Gamefters of a hundred thoufand pounds fortune, acquir'd by fuch methods as are in daily practice, and almost univerfally encouraged a

 Mr Gay died the November following at the Dake of Queenherry's house in London, aged 60 years.
 P. This was written by the fame hand that wrote the Letter is the Publisher, prefixed to the Dunciad.

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had he overwarmly defended the Religion of his country, againft fuch books as come from every prefs, are publicly vended in every fhop, and greedily bought by almoft every rank of men; or had he called our excellent weekly writers by the fame names which they openly beftow on the greateft men in the Miniftry, and out of the Miniftry, for which they are all uppunifhed, and moft rewarded: In any of thefe cafes, indeed, I might have judged him too prefumptuous, and perhaps have trembled for his rafhnefs.

I could not but hope better for this fmall and modeft Epiftle, which attacks no one Vice whatfoever; which deals only in Folly, and not Folly in general, but a fingle fpecies of it; the only branch, for the opposite excellency to which, the Noble Lord to whom it is written muft neceffarily be celebrated. I fancied it might efcape cenfure, effecially fecing how tenderly thefe Follies are treated, and really lefs accufed than apologized for.

Yet hence the Poor are cloath'd, the Hungry fed, Health to himself, and to his Infants Bread The Lab'rer bears.

Is this fuch a crime, that to impute it to a man muft be a grievous offence? 'Tis an innocent Folly, and much more beneficent than the want of it; for ill Tafte employs more hands, and diffufes expence more than a good one. Is it a moral defect? No, it is but a natural one; a want of tafte. It is what the beft good man living may be liable to. The worthieft Peer may live exemplarily in an ill-favour'd houfe, and the beft reputed citizen be pleafed with a vile garden. I thought (I fay) the author had the common liberty to obferve a defect, and to compliment a friend for a quality that diffinguifhes him : which I know not how any quality flould do, if we were not to remark that it was wanting in others.

FROM MR. GAY.

But, they fay, the fatire is perfonal. I thought it could not be fo, becaufe all its reflections are on things. His reflections are not on the man, but his houle, garden, &c. Nay, he refpects (as one may fay) the Perfons of the Gladiator, the Nile, and the Triton: he is only forry to fee them (as he might be to fee any of his friends) ridiculous by being in the wrong place, and in bad company. Some fancy, that to fay, a thing is Perfonal, is the fame as to fay, it is Injuft, not confidering, that nothing can be Juft that is not perfonal. I am afraid that " all fuch writings and difcourfes as " touch no man, will mend no man." The goodnatured, indeed, are apt to be alarmed at any thing like fatire; and the guilty readily concur with the upon folly as their frontier:

Jam proximus ardet

Ucalegon.

No wonder those who know ridicule belongs to them, find an inward consolation in removing it from themsfelves as far as they can; and it is never fofar, as when they can get it fixed on the best characters. No wonder those who are Food for Satirists should rail at them as creatures of prey; every beast born for our use would be ready to call a man fo.

I know no remedy, unlefs people in our age would as little frequent the theatres, as they begin to do the churches; unlefs comedy were forfaken, fatire filent, and every man left to do what feems good in his own eyes, as if there were no King, no Prieft, no Poet, in Ifrael.

But I find myfelf obliged to touch a point, on which I muft be more ferious; it well deferves I fhould: I mean the malicious application of the character of Timon, which, I will boldly fay, they would impute pute to the perfon the most different in the world from a Man-hater, to the perfon whole tafte and encouragement of wit have often been fhewn in the rightest place. The author of that epiftle muft certainly think fo, if he has the fame opinion of his own merit as authors generally have; for he has been diffinguished by this very perfon.

Why, in God's name, muit a Portrait, apparently collected from twenty different men, be applied to one only? Has it his eye? no, it is very unlike. Has it his nofe or mouth? no, they are totally differing. What then, I befeech you? Why, it has the mole on his chin. Very well; but muft the picture therefore be his, and has no other man that blemifh?

Could there be a more melancholy inftance how much the tafte of the public is vitiated, and turns the moft falutary and feafonable phyfic into poifon, than if amidft the blaze of a thoufand bright qualities in a great man, they fhould only remark there is a fhadow about him; as what eminence is without? I am confident the author was incapable of imputing any fuch to one, whole whole life (to ufe his own expression in print of him) is a continued feries of goad and generous actions.

I know no man who would be more concerned, if he gave the leaft pain or offence to any innocent perfon; and none who would be lefs concerned, if the faire were challenged by any one at whom he would really aim at. If ever that happens, I dare engage, he will own it, with all the freedom of one whole centures are juft, and who fets his name to them.

handware thing a douor of toreil a Witten hand

I fundi I any hab low it proprie and the rest I le substanti of to rot spinger and the LETmi bloov yade stally lood low i stalles man

FROM MR. GAY.

LETTER XXVI.

To the Earl of BURLINGTON.

My LORD, March 7, 1731.

143

THE clamour rais'd about my Epiftle to you, could not give me fo much pain, as I receiv'd pleasure in seeing the general zeal of the world in the caufe of a Great man who is beneficent, and the particular warmth of your Lordship in that of a private man who is innocent.

It was not the Poem that deferv'd this from you ; for as I had the honour to be your Friend, I could not treat you quite like a Poet : but fure the writer deferv'd more candour, even from those who knew him not, than to promote a report, which in regard to that noble perfon, was impertinent; in regard to me, villainous. Yet I had no great caule to worder, that a character belonging to twenty fhould be applied to one; fince, by that means, nineteen would escape the ridicule.

I was too well content with my knowledge of that noble perfon's opinion in this affair, to trouble the public about it. But fince Malice and Mistake are fo long a dying, I have taken the opportunity of a third edition to declare his belief, not only of my innocence, but their malignity; of the former of which my own heart is as confcious, as, I fear, fome of theirs must be of the latter. His humanity feels a concern for the Injury done to me, while his greatness of mind can bear with indifference the infult offered to himfelf *.

Alludes to the letter the Duke of Cl.* wrote to Mr. Pope on this occasion. P.

How-

However, my Lord, I own, that critics of this fort can intimidate me, nay half incline me to write no more: That would be making the Town a compliment which, I think, it deferves; and which fome, I am fure, would take very kindly. This way of Satire is dangerous, as long as flander rais'd by fools of the loweft rank, can find any countenance from those of a higher. Even from the conduct shewn on this occasion, I have learnt there are fome who would rather be wicked than ridiculous ; and therefore it may be fafer to attack Vices than Follies. I will therefore leave my betters in the quiet poffession of their Idols, their Groves, and their High-places; and change my fubject from their pride to their meannefs, from their vanities to their miferies; and, as the only certain way to avoid mifconstructions, to leffen offence, and not to multiply ill-natur'd applications, I may probably, in my next, make use of real names instead of fictitious ones. I am.

My Lord, Your most Affectionate, &c.

LETTER XXVII*.

Cirencester.

T is a true faying, that misfortunes alone prove one's friendfhips; they flow us not only that of other people for us, but our own for them. We hardly know outfelves any otherwife. I feel my being forced to this Bath-journey as a misfortune; and to follow my own welfare preferably to thofe I love, is indeed a new thing to me: my health has

To Mrs. B.

not ufually got the better of my tenderneffes and affections. I fet out with a heavy heart, withing I had done this thing the laft feafon; for every day I defer it, the more I am in danger of that accident which I dread the moft, my Mother's death (efpecially fhould it happen while I am away.) And another Reflection pains me, that I have never, fince I knew you, been fo long feparated from you, as I now muft be. Methinks we live to be more and more ftrangers, and every year teaches you to live without me: This abfence may, I fear, make my return lefs welcome and lefs wanted to you, than once it feem'd, even after but a formight. Time ought not in reafon to diminifh friendfhip, when it confirms the truth of it by experience.

The journey has a good deal difordered me, not-withfanding my refling place at Lord Bathurft's. My Lord is too much for me, he walks, and is in fpirits all day long; I rejoice to fee him fo. It is a right diffinction, that I am happier in feeing my friends fo many degrees above me, be it in fortune, health; or pleafures, than I can be in fharing either with them : for in these fort of enjoyments' I cannot keep pace with them, any more than I can walk with a ftronger man. I wonder to find I am a companion for none but old men, and forget that I am not a young fellow myfelf. The worft is, that reading and writing, which I have full the greateft relifh for, are growing painful to my eyes. But if I can preferve the good opinion of one or two friends, to fuch a degree, as to have their indulgence to my weakneffes, I will not complain of life: And if I could live to fee you confult your eafe and quiet, by becoming independent on those who will never help you to either, I doubt not of finding the latter part of my life pleafanter than the former, or prefent. My uneafineffes of body I can bear; my chief un-cafinefs of mind is in your tegard. You have a Vol. VIII.

temper that would make you *eafy* and *beloved* (which is all the happine's one needs to wifh in this world) and content with moderate things. All your point is not to lofe that temper by 'factificing yourfelf to others, out of a miftaken tenderne's, which hurts you, and profits not them. And this you muft do foon, or it will be too late : Habit will make it as hard for you to live independent, as for L- to live out of a Court.

You muft excufe me for obferving what I think any defect in you: You grow too indolent, and give things up too eafily: which would be otherwife, when you found and felt yourfelf your own: Spirits would come in, as ill-ufage went out. While you live under a kind of perpetual dejection and oppreffion, nothing at all belongs to you, not your own Humeur, nor your own Senfe.

You can't conceive how much you would find refolution rife, and chearfulnefs grow upon you, if you'd once try to live independent for two or three months. I never think tenderly of you but this comes acrofs me, and therefore excufe my repeating it, for whenever I do not, I diffemble half that I think of you: Adieu, pray write, and be particular about your health.

LETTER XXVIII*.

YOUR letter dated at nine a clock on Tuesday (night, as I suppose) has funk me quite. Yefterday I hoped; and yesterday I fent you a line or two for our poor Friend Gay, inclos'd in a few words to you; about twelve or one a clock you should have had it. I am troubled about that, tho'

.* To the fame.

the prefent caufe of our trouble be fo much greater †-Indeed I want a friend, to help me to bear it better. We want each other. I bear a hearty fhare with Mrs. Howard, who has loft a man of a moft honeft heart; fo honeft an one, that I wifh her Mafter had none lefs honeft about him. The world after all is a little pitiful thing; not performing any one promife it makes us, for the future, and every day taking away and annulling the joys of the paft. Let us comfort one another, and, if poffible, fludy to add as much more friendfhip to each other, as death has deprived us of in him: I promife you more and more of mine, which will be the way to deferve more and more of yours.

more and more of yours. I purpofely avoid faying more. The fubject is beyond writing upon, beyond cure or eafe by reafon or reflection, beyond all but one thought, that it is the will of God.

So will the death of my mother be ! which now I tremble at, now refign to, now bring clofe to me, now fet farther off: Every day alters, turns me about, and confufes my whole frame of mind. Her dangerous diftemper is again return'd, her fever coming onward again, tho' lefs in pain; for which laft however I thank God.

I am unfeignedly tired of the world, and receive nothing to be call'd a Pleafure in it, equivalent to countervail either the death of one I have fo long lived with, or of one I have fo long lived for. I have nothing left but to turn my thoughts to one comfort; the laft we ufually think of, tho' the only one we fhould in wildom depend upon, in fuch a difappointing place as this. I fit in her room, and the is always prefent before me, but when I fleep.

† Mr. Gay's death, which happen'd in Nov. 1732, at the Duke of Queensberry's house in London, aged 46.

....

I wonder I am fo well: I have fhed many tears, but now I weep at nothing. I would above all things fee you, and think it would comfort you to fee me fo equal-temper'd and fo quiet. But pray dine here; you may, and fhe know nothing of it, for fhe dozes much, and we tell her of no earthly thing, left it run in her mind, which often trifles have done. If Mr, Bethel had time, I wifh he were your companion hither. Be as much as you can with each other: Be affur'd I love you both, and be farther affur'd, that friendfhip will increase as I live on.

LETTER XXIX.

TO HUGH BETHEL, Efq.

July 12, 1723.

I Aflure you unfeignedly any memorial of your good-nature and friendline(s is moft welcome to me, who know those tenders of affection from you are not like the common traffic of compliments and profeffions, which most people only give that they may receive; and is at beft a commerce of Vanity, if not of Falsehood. I am happy in not immediately wanting the fort of good offices you offer; but if I did want them, I should not think myfelf unhappy in receiving them at your hands: this really is fome compliment, for I would rather most men did me a small injury, than a kindnefs. I know your humanity, and, allow me to fay, I love and value, than all the qualities I see the world so fond of: They generally admire in the wrong place, and

and generally most admire the things they don't comprehend, or the things they can never be the better for. Very few can receive pleafure or advantage from wit which they feldom tafte, or learn-ing which they feldom underftand : much lefs from the quality, high birth, or fhining circumftances of those to whom they profess effecm, and who will always remember how much they are their Inferiors. But Humanity and fociable virtues are what every creature wants every day, and ftill wants more the longer he lives, and most the very moment he dies. It is ill travelling either in a ditch or on a terras ; we fhould walk in the common way, where terras; we should waik in the common way, where others are continually paffing on the fame level, to make the journey of life fupportable by bearing one another company in the fame circumflances.—Let me know how I may convey over the Odyfles for your amufement in your journey, that you may compare your own travels with those of Ulyfles: I am fure yours are undertaken upon a more difinite-med theorement proves berois motive. refted, and therefore a more heroic motive. Far be the omen from you, of returning as he did, alone, without faving a friend.

There is lately printed a book * wherein all human virtue is reduced to one teft, that of Truth, and branch'd out in every inflance of our duty to God and man. If you have not feen it, you muft, and I will fend it together with the Odyfley. The very women read it, and pretend to be charm'd with that beauty which they generally think the leaft of. They make as much ado about *truth*, fince

• Mr. Wollafton's book of the Religion of Nature delineated. The Queen was fond of it, and that made the reading of it, and the talking of it, fallionable.

this

this book appear'd, as they did about *health* when Dr. Cheyne's came out; and will doubtlefs be as conftant in the purfuit of one, as of the other. Adieu.

LETTER XXX.

To the fame.

Aug. 9, 1726.

and the tow summer no I Never am unmindful of those I think fo well of as yourfelf; their number is not fo great as to confound one's memory. Nor ought you to decline writing to me, upon an imagination, that I am much employ'd by other people. For tho' my house is like the house of a Patriarch of old, standing by the highway fide and receiving all travellers, neverthelefs I feldom go to bed without the reflection, that one's chief bufinefs is to be really at home : and I agree with you in your opinion of company, amufements, and all the filly things which mankind would fain make pleafures of, when in truth they are labour and forrow.

I condole with you on the death of your Relation, the E. of C. as on the fate of a mortal man : Efteem I never had for him, but concern and humanity I had : the latter was due to the infirmity of his last period, tho' the former was not due to the triumphant and vain part of his courfe. He certainly knew himfelf best at last, and knew best the little value of others, whofe neglect of him, whom they fo grofly follow'd and flatter'd in the former scene of his life, shew'd them as worthless as they could imagine him to be, were he all that his worft enemies believed of him: For my own part, I am forry for his death, and wifh he had lived long enough

enough to fee fo much of the fai.hleffinefs of the world, as to have been above the mad ambition of governing fuch wretches as he must have found it to be composed of.

Tho' you could have no great value for this Great man, yet acquaintance itfelf, the cuftom of feeing the face, or entering under the roof, of one that walks along with us in the common way of the world, is enough to create a wifh at leaft for his being above ground, and a degree of uncafinefs at his removal. 'Tis the lofs of an object familiar to us: I fhould hardly care to have an old poft pull'd up, that I remember'd ever fince I was a child. And add to this the reflection (in the cafe of fuch as were not the beft of their Species) what their condition in another life may be, it is yet a more important motive for our concern and compafion. To fay the truth, either in the cafe of death or life, almoft every body and every thing is a caufe or object for humanity, even proiperity itfelf, and health itfelf; fo many weak pitiful incidentals attend on them.

I am forry any relation of yours is ill, whoever it be, for you don't name the perfon. But I conclude it is one of thofe to whofe houfes, you tell me, you are going, for I know no invitation with your is fo ftrong as when any one is in diffrefs, or in want of your affiftance: The ftrongeft proof in the world of this, was your attendance on the late Earl.

I have been very melancholy for the lofs of Mr. Blount. Whoever has any portion of good nature will fuffer on thefe occafions: but a good mind rewards its own fufferings. I hope to trouble you as little as poffible, if it he my fate to go before you. I am of old Ennius's mind, Nemo me decoret lachrymis—I am but a Ladger here: this is not an abiding city, I am only to flay out my leafe: for what has Perpetuity and mortal man to do with each other?

But I could be glad you would take up with an Inn at Twitenham, as long as I am Hoft of it: if not, I would take up freely with any Inn of yours.— Adieu, dear Sir: Let us while away this life: and (if we can) meet in another.

LETTER XXXI.

To the fame.

June 24, 1727.

Y OU are too humane and confiderate (things few people can be charged with.) Do not fay you will not expect letters from me; upon my word I can no more forbear writing fometimes to you, than thinking of you. I know the world too well, not to value you who are an example of acting, living, and thinking, above it, and contrary to it.

I thank God for my Mother's unexpected recovery, tho' my hope can rife no higher than from reprieve to reprieve, the fmall addition of a few days to the many fhe has already feen. Yet fo fhort and transitory as this light is, it is all I have to warm or fhine upon me; and when it is out, there is nothing elfe that will live for me, or confume itfelf in my fervice. But I would have you think this is not the chief motive of my concern about her : Gratitude is a cheap virtue, one may pay it very punctually, for it cofts us nothing, but our memory of the good done. And I owe her more good, than ever I can pay, or fhe at this age receive, if I could. I do not think the tranquillity of the mind ought to be dif-turbed for many things in this world : but those offices that are necessary duties either to our friends or ourfelves, will hardly prove any breach of it; and

as

as much as they take away from our indolence and eafe of body, will contribute to our peace and quiet of mind by the content they give. They often afford the higheft pleafure ; and thofe who do not feel that, will hardly ever find another to match it, let them love themfelves ever fo dearly. At the fame time it muft be own'd, one meets with cruel difappointments in feeing fo often the beft endeavours ineffectual to make others happy, and very often (what is moft cruel of all) thro' their own means*. But ftill, I affirm, thofe very difappointments of a virtuous man are greater pleafures, than the utmoft gratifications and fucceffes of a mere felf-lover.

The great and fudden event which has juft now happened +, puts the whole world (I mean this whole world) into a new flate: The only ufe I have, fhall, or wifh to make of it, is to obferve the difparity of men from themfelves in a week's time: the defultory leaping and catching of new motions, new modes, new meafures: and that flrange fpirit and life, with which men broken and difappointed refume their hopes, their follicitations, their ambitions! It would be worth your while as a Philofopher, to be bufy in thefe obfervations, and to come hither to fee the fury and buftle of the Bees this hot feafon, without coming fo near as to be flung by them.

Your, &c.

* See Letter xxv11. from Cirencester.

+ The death of K. George the First, which happened the 11th of June, 1727.

LET-

LETTER XXXII.

To the fame.

June 17, 1728.

A Fter the publifhing my Boyifh Letters to Mr. Cromwell, you will not wonder if I fhould forfwear writing a letter again while I live; fince I do not correfpond with a friend upon the terms of any other free fubject of this kingdom. But to you I can never be filent, or referved; and, I am fure, my opinion of your heart is fuch, that I could open mine to you in no manner which I could fear the whole world fhould know. I could publifh my own heart too, I will venture to fay, for any mifchief or malice there is in it: but a little too much folly or weaknefs might (I fear) appear, to make fuch a fpectacle either inftructive or agreeable to others.

I am reduced to beg of all my acquaintance to fecure me from the like ufage for the future, by returning me any letters of mine which they may have preferved; that I may not be hurt, after my death, by that which was the happinels of my life, their partiality and affection to me.

I have nothing of myfelf to tell you, only that I have had but indifferent health. I have not made a vifit to London: Curiofity and the love of Diffipation die apace in me. I am not glad nor forry for it, but I am very forry for those who have nothing elfe to live on.

I have read much, but writ no more. I have fmall hopes of doing good, no vanity in writing, and little ambition to pleafe a world not very candid or deferving. If I can preferve the good opinion of a few friends, it is all I can expect, confidering how little good I can do even to them to merit it. Few people

people have your candour, or are fo willing to think well of another from whom they receive no benefit, and gratify no vanity. But of all the foft fenfations, the greateft pleafure is to give and receive mutual Truft. It is by Belief and firm Hope, that men are made happy in this life, as well as in the other. My confidence in your good opinion, and depen-dance upon that of one or two more, is the chief cordial drop I tafte, amidft the Infipid, the Difagreeable, the Cløying, or the Dead-fweet, which are the common draughts of life. Some pleafures are too pert, as well as others too flat, to be relifh'd long: and vivacity in fome cafes is worfe than dulnefs. Therefore indeed for many years I have not chofen my companions for any of the qualities in fashion, but almost entirely for that which is the most out-of-fashion, fincerity. Before I am aware of it, I am making your panegyric, and perhaps my own too, for next to poffeffing the beft qualities is the effeeming and diffinguifhing those who poffers them. I truly love and value you, and fo I ftop fhort.

LETTER XXXIII.

To the Earl of PETERBOROW.

My LORD,

Aug. 24, 1728.

I Prefume you may before this time be returned, from the contemplation of many Beauties, animal and vegetable, in Gardens; and pofibly fome rational, in Ladies; to the better enjoyment of your own at Bevis-Mount. I hope, and believe, all you have feen will only contribute to it I am not fo fond of making compliments to Ladies as I was twenty years ago, or I would fay there are fome very reafonable, and one in particular there. I think

think you happy, my Lord, in being at least half the year almost as much your own master as I am mine the whole year : and with all the difadvantageous incumbrances of quality, parts, and honour, as meer a gardener, loiterer, and labourer, as he who never had Titles, or from whom they are taken. I have an eye in the laft of these glorious appellations to the flyle of a Lord degraded or attainted : methinks they give him a better title than they deprive him of, in calling him Labourer: Agricultura, fays Tully, proxima Sapientia, which is more than can'be faid, by most modern Nobility, of Grace or Right Honourable, which are often proxima Stultitia. The Great Turk, you know, is often a Gardener, or of a meaner trade: and are there not (my Lord) fome circumstances in which you would refemble the Great Turk ? The two Paradifes are not ill connected, of Gardens and Gallantry; and fomo there are (not to name my Lord B.) who pretend they are both to be had, even in this life, without turning Muffelmen.

We have as little politics here within a few miles of the Court (nay perhaps at the Court) as you at Southanpton; and our Minifters, I dare fay, have lefs to do. Our weekly hiftories are only full of the feafts given to the Queen and Royal Family by their fervants, and the long and laborious walks her Majefty takes every morning. Yet if the graver Hiftorians hereafter fhall be filent of this year's events, the amorous and anecdotical may make pofterity fome amends, by being furnifhed with the gallantries of the Great at home; and 'tis fome comfort, that if the Men of the next age do not read of us, the Women may.

From the time you have been ablent, I've not been to wait on a certain great man, thro' modefly, thro' idleness, and thro' respect. But for my com-

fort I fancy, that any great man will as foon forget one that does him no harm, as he can one that has done him any good. Believe me, my Lord, yours.

LETTER XXXIV.

From the Earl of PETERBOROW.

I Muft confefs that in going to Lord Cobham's, I was not led by curiofity. I went thither to fee what I had feen, and what I was fure to like.

I had the idea of those gardens fo fix'd in my imagination by many deferiptions, that nothing furprized me; Immensity and Van Brugh appear in the whole, and in every part. Your joining in your letter animal and vegetable beauty, makes me use this expression: I confess the stately Sachariffa at Stow, but am content with my little Amoret.

I thought you indeed more knowing upon the fubject, and wonder at your miftake: why will you imagine women infenfible to Praife, much lefs to yours? I have feen them more than once turn from their Lover to their Flatterer. I am fure the Farmerefs at Bevis in her higheft mortifications, in the middle of her Lent*, would feel emotions of vanity, if the knew you gave her the character of a reafonable woman.

You have been guilty again of another miftake, which hinder'd me flowing your letter to a friend; when you join two ladies in the fame compliment, tho' you gave to both the beauty of Venus and the wit of Minerva, you would pleafe neither.

If you had put me into the Dunciad, I could not have been more difpoled to criticife your letter.

* The Counters of Peterborow, a Roman-catholic.

What,

What, Sir, do you bring it in as a reproach, or as a thing uncommon to a Court, to be without Politics? With politics indeed the Richlieu's and fuch folks have brought about great things in former days; but what are they, Sir, who, without policy, in our times, can make ten Treaties in a year, and fecure everlafting peace?

I can no longer difagree with you, tho' in jeft. Oh how heartily I join with you in your contempt for Excellency and Grace, and in your Efteem of that moft noble title, Loiterer. If I were a man of many plums, and a good heathen, I would dedicate a Temple to Lazinefs: No man fure could blame my choice of fuch a Deity, who confiders, that, when I have been fool enough to take pains, I always met with fome wife man able to undo my labours.

Yours, &c.

LETTER XXXV.

O U were in a very polemic humour when you did me the honour to anfwer my laft. I always underflood, like a true controvertift, that to anfwer is only to cavil and quartel : however, I forgive you; you did it (as all Polemics do) to fhew your parts. Elfe was it not very vexatious, to deny me to commend two women at a time? It is true, my Lord, you know women as well as men : but fince you certainly love them better, why are you fo uncharitable in your opinion of them? Surely one Lady may allow another to have the thing fhe herfelf leaft values, Reafon, when Beauty is uncontefled. Venus herfelf could allow Minerva to be Goddefs of Wit, when Paris gave hor the apple (as the fool herfelf thought) on a better

better account. I do fay, that Lady P* is a reafonable woman; and, I think, fhe will not take it amifs, if I fhould infift upon effeeming her, inftead of Toafting her, like a filly thing I could name, who is the Venus of thefe days. I fee you had forgot my letter, or would not let her know how much I thought of her in this reafonable way: but I have been kinder to you, and have fhewn your letter to one who will take it candidly.

But, for God's fake, what have you faid about Politicians? you made me a great compliment in the truft you repofed in my prudence, or what mifchief might not I have done you with fome that affect that denomination? Your Lordfhip might as fafely have fpoken of Heroes. What a blufter would the God of the winds have made, had one that we know puff'd againft Æolus, or (like Xerxes) whipp'd the feas? They had dialogued it in the language of the Rehearfal,

> I'll give him flash for flash-I'll give him dash for dash-

But all now is fafe; the Poets are preparing fongs of joy, and Halcyon days are the word.

I hope, my Lord, it will not be long before your dutiful affection brings you to town. I fear it will a little raife your envy to find all the Mufes employed in celebrating a Royal work *, which your own partiality will think inferior to Bevis-Mount. But if you have any inclination to be even with them, you need but put three or four Wits into any hole in your Garden, and they will out-rhyme all Eaton and Weftminfter. I think, Swift, Gay, and I could undertake it, if you don't think our Heads too expensive: but the fame hand that did

* The Hermitage.

the others, will do them as cheap. If all elfe fhould fail, you are fure at leaft of the head, hand, and heart of your fervant.

Why fhould you fear any difagreeable news to reach us at Mount Bevis? Do as I do even within ten miles of London, let no news whatever come near you. As to public affairs we never knew a deader feason : 'tis all filent, deep tranquillity. Indeed, they fay, 'tis fometimes fo just before an Earthquake. But whatever happens, cannot we observe the wife neutrality of the Dutch, and let all about us fall by the ears? or if you, my Lord, fhould be prick'd on by any old-fashion'd notions of Honour and Romance, and think it neceffary for the General of the Marines to be in action, when our Fleets are in motion ; meet them at Spithead, and take me along with you. I decline no danger where the glory of Great Britain is concern'd ; and will contribute to empty the largeft bowl of punch that shall be rigg'd out on such an occafion. Adieu, my Lord, and may as many Years attend you, as may be happy and honourable !

LETTER XXXVI.

From the Earl of PETERBOROW.

OU must receive my letters with a just impartiality, and give grains of allowance for a gloomy or rainy day; I fink grievously with the weather-glafs, and am quite fpiritlefs when opprefs'd with the thoughts of a Birth-day or a Return. Dutiful affection was bringing me to town, but

Dutiful affection was bringing me to town, but undutiful lazinefs, and being much out of order, keep me in the country; however, if alive, I muft make

make my appearance at the Birth-day. Where you fhowed one letter, you may fhew the other; fhe that never was wanting in any good office in her power, will make a proper excufe, where a fin of Omiffion, I fear, is not reckoned as a venial fin.

I confert you fhall call me polemic, or affociate me to any fect or Corporation, provided you do not join me to the Charitable Rogues or to the Pacific Politicians of the prefent age. I have read over * Barkley in vain, and find, after a flroke given on the left, I cannot offer the right cheek for another blow: all I can bring myfelf to, is to bear mortification from the Fair fex with patience.

You feem to think it vexatious that I fhall allow you but one woman at a time, either to praife, or love. If I difpute with you upon this point, I doubt every jury will give a verdict againft me. So, Sir, with a Mahometan indulgence, I allow you pluralities, the favourite privilege of our church.

I find you do not mend upon correction; again I tell you, you muft not think of women in a reafonable way: you know we always make Goddeffes of those we adore upon earth; and do not all the good men tell us, we muft lay afide Reason in what relates to the Deity?

'Tis well the Poets are preparing fongs of joy : 'tis well to lay in antidotes of foft rhyme, againft the rough profe they may chance to meet with at Weftminfter. I fhould have been glad of any thing of Swift's: pray, when you write to him next, tell him I expect him with impatience, in a place as odd and as much out of the way, as himfelf.

Yours.

* Barkley's apology for the Quakers. P.

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LETTER XXXVII: From the fame.

Henever you apply as a good Papift to yourfemale Mediatrix, you are fure of fuccels; but there is not a full affurance of your entire fubmiffion to mother-church, and that abates a little of your authority. However, if you will accept of country letters, file will correspond from the hay-cock, and I will write to you upon the fide of my wheelbarrow: furely fuch letters might escape examination.

Your Idea of the Golden Age is, that every fhepherd might pipe where he pleafed. As I have lived longer, I am more moderate in my wifhes, and would be content with the liberty of not piping where I am not pleafed.

Oh how I with, to myfelf and my friends, a freedom which Fate feldom allows, and which we often refufe ourfelves ! why is our Shepherdefs * in voluntary flavery ? why muft our Dean fubmit to the Colour of his coat, and live abfent from us ? and why are you confined to what you cannot relieve ?

I feldom venture to give accounts of my journeys before-hand, becaufe I take refolutions of going to London, and keep them no better than quartelling lovers do theirs. But the devil will drive me thither about the middle of next month, and I will call upon you, to be fprinkled with holy water, before I enter the place of corruption.

Your, &c.

* Mrs. H.

LET-

LETTER XXXVIII.

From the fame.

1732.

Now.

I AM under the greateft impatience to fee Dr. Swift at Bevis-Mount, and muft fignify my mind to him by another hand, it not being permitted me to hold correspondence with the faid Dean, for no letter of mine can come to his hands.

And whereas it is apparent, in this protestant land, most especially under the care of divine pro-vidence, that nothing can fucceed or come to a happy iffue but by Bribery; therefore let me know what he expects to comply with my defires, and it shall be remitted unto him.

For tho' I would not corrupt any man for the whole world, yet a benevolence may be given without any offence to confcience ; every one must confefs, that gratification and corruption are two diftinct terms ; nay at worst many good men hold, that for a good end, fome very naughty measures may be made use of.

But, Sir, I must give you fome good news in relation to myfelf, becaufe, I know, you wifh me well; I am cur'd of fome difeafes in my old age, which tormented me very much in my youth.

I was poffels'd with violent and unealy paffions, fuch as a peevifh concern for Truth *, and a faucy love for my country.

When a Christian Priest preached against the Spirit of the Gospel, when an English Judge de-termined against Magna Charta, when the Minifter acted against Common Senfe, I used to fret.

* As may be feen from his transactions with Fenwick in the year 1696-7. M 2

Now, Sir, let what will happen, I keep myfelf in temper: As I have no flattering hopes, fo I banish all useless fears; but as to the things of this world, I find myfelf in a condition beyond expeetation; it being evident from a late Parliamentary inquiry, that I have as much ready money, as much in the funds, and as great a perfonal effate, as Sir Robert S-tt-n.

If the Translator of Homer find fault with this unheroic difpolition, or (what I more fear) if the Draper of Ireland accuse the Englishman of want of fpirit: I filence you both with one line out of your own Horace. Quid te exempta juvat spinis e pluribus una? For I take the whole to be fo corrupted, that a cure in any part would be of little

Your. &c.

LETTER XXXIX.

Dr. Swift to the E. of PETERBOROW.

My LORD,

NOV.

Never knew or heard of any perfon fo volatile, and fo fix'd as your Lordfhip: You, while your imagination is carrying you through every corner of the world, where you have or have not been, can at the fame time remember to do offices of favour and kindness to the meaneft of your friends; and in all the fcenes you have paffed, have not been able to attain that one quality peculiar to a great man, of forgetting every thing but injuries. Of this I am a living witnefs against you; for being the most infignificant of all your old humble fervants, you were fo cruel as never to give me time to afk a favour, but prevented me in doing whatever

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 165 ever you thought I defired, or could be for my credit or advantage.

I have often admired at the capricioufnels of Fortune in regard to your Lordfhip. She hath forced Courts to act againft their oldeft, and moft conftant maxims; to make you a General becaufe you had courage and conduct; an Ambafiador, becaufe you had wifdom and knowledge in the interefts of Europe; and an Admiral on account of your fkill in maritime affairs: whereas, according to the ufual method of Court proceedings, I fhould have been at the head of the Army, and you of the Church, or rather a Curate under the Dean of St. Patrick's.

The Archbishop of Dublin laments that he did not fee your Lordship till he was just upon the point of leaving the Bath: I pray God you may have found fuccels in that journey, elfe I shall continue to think there is a fatality in all your Lordship's undertakings, which only terminate in your own honour, and the good of the public, without the least advantage to your health or fortune.

I remember Lord Öxford's Miniftry us'd to tell me, that not knowing where to write to you, they were forced to write at you. It is fo with me, for you are in one thing an Evangelical man, that you know not where to lay your head, and, I think, you have no houfe. Pray, my Lord, write to me, that I may have the pleafure in this focundrel country, of going about, and fhewing my depending Parfons a letter from the Earl of Peterborow.

I am, &c.

M 3

and b

LETTER XL.

To **** †.

Sept. 23.

T Believe you are by this time immers'd in you vaft wood; and one may address to you as to a very abstracted person, like Alexander Selkirk, or the * Self-taught Philosopher. I should be very curious to know what fort of contemplations employ you. I remember the latter of those I mention'd, gave himfelf up to a devout exercise of making his head giddy with various circumrotations, to imitate the motions of the celeftial bodies. I don't think it at all impossible that Mr. L* may be far advanced in that exercise, by frequent turns towards the feveral afpects of the heavens, to which you may have been pleafed to direct him in fearch of profpects and new avenues. He will be tractable in time, as birds are tamed by being whirl'd about; and doubtless come not to despife the meaneft fhrubs or coppice-wood, tho' naturally he feems more inclined to admire God, in his greater works, the tall timber: for, as Virgil has it, Non omnes arbufla juvant, humilefque myricæ. I wifh myfelf with you both, whether you are in peace or at war, in violent argumentation or fmooth confent, over Gazettes in the morning, or over Plans in the evening. In that last article, I am of opinion, your Lordship has a loss of me; for generally after the

+ Lord Bathurft.

20.52 年初

• The title of an Arabic Treatife of the Life of Hai Ebn Yocktan.

debate

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 167

debate of a whole day, we acquiefced at night in the best conclusion of which human Reason seems capable in all great matters, to fall fast asleep ! And fo we ended, unless immediate Revelation (which ever must overcome human reason) fuggested some new lights to us, by a Vision in bed. But laying afide Theory, I am told, you are going directly to Practice. Alas, what a Fall will that be? A new Building is like a new Church; when once it is fet up, you must maintain it in all the forms, and with all the inconveniencies ; then cease the pleafant luminous days of infpiration, and there is an end of miracles at once!

That this Letter may be all of a piece, I'll fill the reft with an account of a confultation lately held in my neighbourhood about defigning a princely garden. Several Critics were of feveral opinions: One declar'd he would not have too much Art in it; for my notion (faid he) of gardening is, that it is only fweeping Nature * : Another told them that Gravel walks were not of a good tafte, for all-the fineft abroad were of loofe fand ; A third advis'd peremptorily there fhould not be one Lyme-tree in the whole plantation : A fourth made the fame exclusive claufe extend to Horfe-chefnuts. which he affirmed not to be Trees, but Weeds: Dutch Elms were condemn'd by a fifth; and thus about half the Trees were profcribed, contrary to the Paradife of God's own planting, which is expresly faid to be planted with all trees. There were fome who could not bear Ever-greens, and call'd them Never-greens ; fome, who were angry at them only when cut into fhapes, and gave the modern Gardeners the name of Ever-green Tay-

* An expression of Sir T. H. me, to be plain and unreferved uten

lors;

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lors; fome, who had no diflike to Cones and Cubes, but would have them cut in Forest-trees; and fome who were in a paffion against any thing in shape, even against clipt-hedges, which they call'd green walls. Thefe (my Lord) are our Men of Tafte, who pretend to prove it by taffing little or nothing. Sure fuch a Tafte is like, fuch a stomach, not a good one, but a weak one. We have the fame fort of Critics in poetry; one is fond of nothing but Heroics, another cannot relish Tragedies, another hates Pastorals, all little Wits delight in Epigrams. Will you give me leave to add, there are the fame in Divinity ; where many leading Critics are for rooting up more than they plant, and would leave the Lord's Vineyard either very thinly furnish'd, or very oddly trimm'd.

I have lately been with my Lord * who is a zcalous, yet a charitable Planter, and has fo bad a Tafte, as to like all that is good. He has a difpolition to wait on you in his way to the Bath, and, if he can go and return to London in eight or ten days, I am not without a hope of feeing your Lordhip with the delight I always fee you. Every where I think of you, and every where I with for you.

I am, &c.

LETTER XLI.

To Mr. C---.

Sept. 2, 1732.

I Affure you I am glad of your letter, and have long wanted nothing but the permiffion you now give me, to be plain and unreferved upon this

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 169

this head. I wrote to you concerning it long fince; but a friend of yours and mine was of opinion, it was taking too much upon me, and more than I could be entitled to by the mere merit of long acquaintance, and good will. I have not a thing in my heart relating to any friend, which I would not, in my own nature, declare to all mankind. The truth is what you guefs; I could not efteem your conduct, to an object of milery fo near you as Mrs. —, and I have often hinted it to yourfelf: The truth is, I cannot yet efteem it for any reafon I am able to fee. But this I promile, I acquit you as far as your own mind acquits you. I have now no further caufe of complaint, for the unhappy Lady gives me now no farther pain ; fhe is no longer an object either of yours or my compafion ; the hardfhips done her, are lodg'd in the hands of God, nor has any man more to do in them, except the perfons concern'd in occafioning them.

As for the interruption of our Correspondence, I am forty you feem to put the Teft of my friendfhip upon that, because it is what I am disqualified from toward my other acquaintance, with whom I cannot hold any frequent commerce. I'll name you the obstacles which I can't furmount : want of health, want of time, want of good cyes; and one yet ftronger than them all, I write not upon the terms of other men. For however glad I might be, of expressing my respect, opening my mind, or venting my concerns, to my private friends; I hardly dare while there are Curlls in the world. If you please to reflect either on the impertinence of weak admirers, the malice of low enemies, the avarice of mercenary Bookfellers, or the filly curiofity of people in general; you'll confest

reis

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fefs I have finall reafon to indulge correspondencies: in which too I want materials, as I live altogether out of town, and have abstracted my mind (I hope) to better things than common news. I wish my friends would fend me back those forfeitures of my discretion, commit to my juffice what I trusted only to their indulgence, and return me at the year's end those trifling letters, which can be to them but a day's amuscement, but to me may prove a discredit as lafting and extensive, as the aforefaid weak admirers, mean enemies, mercenary fcriblers, or curious fimpletons, can make it.

I come now to a particular you complain of, my not anfwering your queffion about fome Partypapers, and their authors. This indeed I could not tell you, becaufe I never was, or will be privy to fuch papers: And if by accident, thro' my acquaintance with any of the writers, I had known a thing they concealed; I fhould certainly never be the Reporter of it.

For my waiting on you at your country-houfe, I have often with'd it; it was my compliance to a fuperior duty that hinder'd me, and one which you are too good a Chriftian to with I fhould have broken, having never ventur'd to leave my mother (at her great age) for more than a week, which is too little for fuch a journey.

Upon the whole, I muft acquit myfelf of any act or thought, in prejudice to the regard I owe you, as fo long and obliging an acquaintance and correspondent. I am fure I have all the good withes for yourfelf and your family, that become a friend : There is no accident that can happen to your advantage, and no action that can redound to your credit, which I should not be ready to extol, or to rejoice in. And therefore I beg you to be aflured,

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I am in difpolition and will, tho' not fo much as I would be in teftimonies or writing,

Yours, &c.

LETTER XLII.

To Mr. RICHARDSON.

Jan. 13, 1732.

I have at laft got my Mother fo well, as to allow myfelf to be abfent from her for three days. As funday is one of them, I do not know whether I may propofe to you to employ it in the manner you mentioned to me once. Sir Godfrey call'd imploying the pencil, the prayer of a painter, and affirmed it to be his proper way of ferving God, by the talent he gave him. I am fure, in this inftance, it is ferving your friend; and, you know, we are allowed to do that (nay even to help a neighbour's ox or afs) on the fabbath: which tho' it may feem a general precept, yet in one fenfe particularly applies to you, who have help'd many a human ox, and many a human afs, to the likenefs of man, not to fay of God.

Believe me, dear Sir, with all good wifnes for yourfelf and your family (the happinefs of which tyes I know by experience, and have learn'd to value from the late danger of lofing the beft of mine)

Your, &c.

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LETTER XLIII.

To the fame.

Twickenham, June 10, 1733

S I know, you and I mutually defire to fee one another, I hoped that this day our wifhe would have met, and brought you hither. And this for the very reason which possibly might hin der your coming, that my poor Mother is dead + I thank God, her death was as eafy, as her life was innocent; and as it coft her not a groan, o even a figh, there is yet upon her countenance fuch an expression of Tranquillity, nay, almost of Plea fure, that it is even amiable to behold it. It would afford the fineft Image of a Saint expir'd, that eve Painting drew; and it would be the greatest obli gation which even That obliging Art could eve beftow on a friend, if you could come and fketch i for me. I am fure, if there be no very prevalent ob stacle, you will leave any common bufiness to do this: and I hope to fee you this evening as lat as you will, or to morrow morning as early, befor this winter flower is faded. I will defer her inter ment till to morrow night. I know you love me or I could not have written this-I could not (a this time) have written at all --- Adieu ! May you die as happily !

Your, &c.

+ Mrs. Pope died the feventh of June, 1733, aged 93

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LETTER XLIV.

To the fame.

I is hardly poffible to tell you the joy your pencil gave me, in giving me another friend, fo much the fame ! and which (alas for mortality !) will out-laft the other. Pofterity will, thro' your means, fee the man whom it will for ages honour, vindicate, and applaud, when envy is no more, and when (as I have already faid in the Effay to which you are fo partial)

The fons shall blush their fathers were his foes.

That Effay has many faults, but the poem you fent me has but one, and that I can eafily forgive. Yet I would not have it printed for the world, and yet I would not have it kept unprinted neither but all in good time. I'm glad you publifh your Milton. B—ly will be angry at you, and at me too fhortly for what I could not help, a Satyrical Poem on Verbal Criticifm by Mr. Mallet, which he has infirib'd to me, but the poem itfelf is good (another caufe of anger to any Critic.) As for myfelf, I refolve to go on in my quiet, calm, moral courfe, taking no fort of notice of man's anger, or woman's fcandal, with Virtue in my eyes, and Truth upon my tongue. Adieu,

1735

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LETTER XLV. To Mr. Bethel.

Aug. 9, 1733.

VOU might well think me negligent or forgetful of you, if true friendship and fincere effeem were to be meafured by common forms and compliments. The truth is, I could not write then, without faying fomething of my own condition, and of my lofs of fo old and fo deferving a parent, which really would have troubled you ; or I must have kept a filence upon that head, which would not have fuited that freedom and fincere opening of the heart which is due to you from me. I am now pretty well; but my home is uneafy to me ftill, and I am therefore wandering about al. this fummer. I was but four days at Twickenham fince the occafion that made it fo melancholy. have been a fortnight in Effex, and am now at Dawley (whofe mafter is your fervant) and going to Cirencester to Lord Bathurst. I shall also fee Southampton with Lord Peterborow. The Court and Twit'nam I shall forfake together. I wish I did not leave our friend *, who deferves more quiet, and more health and happiness, that can be found in fuch a family. The reft of my acquaintance are tolerably happy in their various ways of life. whether court, country, or town; and Mr. Cleland is as well in the Park, as if he were in Paradife. I heartily hope, Yorkshire is the fame to you; and that no evil, moral or physical, may come near you.

I have now but too much melancholy leifure, and no other care but to finish my Estay on Man:

> * Mrs. B. 5

There

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 175

There will be in it one line that may offend you (I fear) and yet I will not alter or omit it, unlefs you come to town and prevent me before I print it, which will be in a fortnight in all probability. In plain truth, I will not deny myfelf the greateft pleafure I am capable of receiving, becaule another may have the modefty not to fhare it. It is all a poor poet can do, to bear teftimony to the virtue he cannot reach: befides, that, in this age, I fee too few good Examples not to lay hold on any I can find. You fee what an interefted man I am. Adieu.

LETTER XLVI.

To _____ *

Sept. 7, 1733.

Y OU cannot think how melancholy this place makes me; every part of this wood puts into my mind poor Mr. Gay, with whom I paft once a great deal of pleafant time in it, and another friend who is near dead, and quite loft to us, Dr. Swift. I really can find no enjøyment in the place; the fame fort of uneafinefs as I find at Twit'nam, whenever I pafs near my Mother's room.

I've not yet writ to Mrs. *. I think I fhould, but have nothing to fay that will anfwer the character they confider me in, as a Wit; befides, my eyes grow very bad (whatever is the caufe of it) I'll put them out for no body but a friend; and, I proteft, it brings tears into them almost to write to you, when I think of your flate and mine. I long

Mrs. B.

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to write to Swift, but cannot. The greateft pain I know, is to fay things fo very fhort of one's meaning, when the heart is full.

I feel the going out of life faft enough, to have little appetite left to make compliments, at beft nedels, and for the moft part unfelt, fpeeches. 'Tis but in a very narrow circle that Friendship walks in this world, and I care not to tread out of it more than I needs muft; knowing well, it is but to two or three (if quite fo many) that any man's welfare, or memory, can be of confequence: The reft, I believe, I may forget, and be pretty certain they are already even, if not before-hand with me.

Life, after the first warm heats are over, is all down-hill: and one almost wishes the journey's end, provided we were fure but to lie down easy, whenever the Night shall overtake us.

I dream'd all laft night of—She has dwelt (a little more than perhaps is right) upon my fpirits : faw a very deferving gentleman in my travels, who has formerly, I have heard, had much the fame misfortune ; and (with all his good breeding and fenfe) ftill bears a cloud and melancholy caft, that never can quite clear up, in all his behaviour and converfation. I know another, who, I believe, could promife, and easly keep his word, never to laugh in his life. But one muft do one's beft, not to be ufed by the world as that poor lady was by her fifter; and not feem too good, for fear of being thought affected, or whimfical.

It is a real truth, that to the laft of my moments, the thought of you, and the beft of my wifnes for you, will attend you, told or untold: I could wifn you had once the conftancy and refolution to act for yourfelf, whether before, or after I leave you (the only way I ever fhall leave you) you muft determine; but reflect, that the firft would make me,

as

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 177

as well as yourfelf, happier; the latter could make you only fo. Adieu.

LETTER XLVII.

From Dr. Arbuthnot.

Hampftead, July 17, 1734:

I Little doubt of your kind concern for me, nor of that of the Lady you mention. I have no-thing to repay my friends with at prefent, but prayers and good wifnes. I have the fatisfaction to find that I am as officiously ferv'd by my friends, as he that has thousands to leave in legacies ; befides the affurance of their fincerity. God al-mighty has made my bodily diftrefs' as eafy as a thing of that nature can be. I have found fome relief, at least fometimes, from the air of this place. My nights are bad, but many poor creatures have worfe.

As for you, my good friend, I think fince our first acquaintance there have not been any of those little fuspicions or jealoufies that often affect the fincerest friendships : I am fure, not on my fide. I must be fo fincere as to own, that though I could not help valuing you for those Talents which the world prizes, yet they were not the foundation of my friendships; they were quite of another fort; nor fhall I at prefent offend you by enumerating them : And I make it my Laft Requeft, that you will continue that Noble Difdain and Abhorrence of Vice, which you feem naturally endued with ; but ftill with a due regard to your own fafety; and ftudy more to reform than chaftife, the' the one cannot be effected without the other.

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Lord

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Lord Bathurft I have always honour'd, for every good quality that a perfon of his rank ought to have: Pray, give my refpects and kindeft wifnes to the family. My venifon flomach is gone, but I have those about me, and often with me, who will be very glad of his prefent. If it is left at my houfe, it will be transmitted fafe to me.

A recovery in my cafe, and at my age, is impoffible; the kindeft wifh of my friends is Euthanafia. Living or dying, I fhall always be

Yours, &c.

LETTER XLVIII.

northerits

Activity Deliver

To Dr. ARBUTHNOT.

July 26, 1734

2

Thank you for your letter, which has all those genuine marks of a good mind by which I have ever diftinguifh'd yours, and for which have fo long loved you. Our friendfhip has been conftant; becaufe it was grounded on good primciples, and therefore not only uninterrupted by any Diffuft, but by any Vanity, much lefs any Intereft.

What you recommend to me with the folemnity of a Laft Requeft, fhall have its due weight wild me. That difdain and indignation againft Vice, i (I thank God) the only difdain and indignation I have: It is fincere, and it will be a lafting one But fure it is as impossible to have a just abhorrence of Vice, without hating the Vicious, as to bear a true love for Virtue, without loving the Good. To reform and not to chaftife, I am afraid is impossible; and that the beft Precepts, as wel

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 179

as the beft Laws, would prove of fmall ufe, if there were no Examples to inforce them. To attack Vices in the abstract, without touching Perfons, may be fafe fighting indeed, but it is fighting with Shadows. General propolitions are obscure, misty, and uncertain, compar'd with plain, full, and home examples : Precepts only apply to our Reafon, which in most men is but weak : Examples are pictures, and strike the Senses, nay raise the Paffions, and call in those (the ftrongest and most general of all motives) to the aid of reformation, Every vicious man makes the cafe his own; and that is the only way by which fuch men can be affected; much lefs deterr'd. So that to chaftife is to reform. The only fign by which I found my writings ever did any good, or had any weight, has been that they rais'd the anger of bad men. And my greatest comfort, and encouragement to proceed, has been to fee, that those who have no thame, and no fear of any thing elfe, have appear'd touch'd by my Satires.

As to your kind concern for my Safety, I can guess what occasions it at this time. Some Charaeters * I have drawn are such, that if there be any who deferve them, 'tis evidently a fervice to mankind to point those men out ; yet such as, if all the world gave them, none, I think, will own they take to themfelves. But if they should, those of whom all the world think in' such a manner, mult be men I cannot fear. Such in particular as have the meanners to do mischiers in the dark, have feldom the courage to justify them in the face of day; the talents that make a Cheat or a Whisperer, are not the fame that qualify a man for an Infulter; and as to private villainy, it is not fo faste to join

* The Character of Sporus in the Epifile to Dr. Arbuthnot.

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in an Aflaffination, as in a Libel *: I will confult my fafety fo far as I think becomes a prudent man but not fo far as to omit any thing which I think becomes an honeft one. As to perfonal attacks beyond the law, every man is liable to them : as fou danger within the law, I am not guilty enough to fear any. For the good opinion of all the world. I know, it is not to be had : for that of worthy men I hope, I fhall not forfeit it: for that of the Great or thofe in power, I may wifh I had it; but if thro mifreprefentations (too common about perfons in that flation) I have it not, I fhall be forry, but no miferable in the want of it.

It is certain, much freer Satirifts than I, have enjoy'd the encouragement and protection of the Princes under whom they lived. Augustus and Mæcenas made Horace their companion, though h had been in arms on the fide of Brutus; and, allow me to remark, it was out of the fuffering Party too that they favour'd and diftinguish'd Virgil. You will not fuspect me of comparing myfelf with Virgil and Horace, nor even with another Court-fa vourite, Boileau +. I have always heen too mo deft to imagine my Panegyrics were Incenfe worth of a Court; and that, I hope, will be thought the true reafon why I have never offer'd any. I would only have obferv'd, that it was under the greatef Princes and best Ministers, that moral Satirists were most encouraged; and that then Poets exercised the fame jurisdiction over the Follies, as Historians die over the Vices of men. It may also be worth confidering, whether Augustus himself makes the greater figure, in the writings of the former, or of the latter ? and whether Nero and Domitian do not ap-

* See the following Letter to a noble Lord. + See Letter CIII. to Mr. Warburton.

5 31

pear

FROM SEVERAL PERSONS. 181

pear as ridiculous for their falfe Tafte and Affectation, in Perflus and Juvenal, as odious for their bad Government in Tacitus and Suetonius? In the firft of thefe reigns it was, that Horace was protected and carefs'd; and in the latter that Lucan was put to death, and Juvenal banifh'd.

I would not have faid fo much, but to fhew you my whole heart on this fubject; and to convince you, I am deliberately bent to perform that Requeft which you make your laft to me, and to perform it with Temper, Juftice, and Refolution. As your Approbation (being the teftimony of a found head and honeft heart) does greatly confirm me herein, I with you may live to fee the effect it may hereafter have upon me, in fomething more deferving of that approbation. But if it be the Will of God, (which, I know, will alfo be yours) that we muft feparate, I hope it will be better for You than it can be for me. You are fitter to live, or to die, than any man I know. Adieu, my dear friend ! and may God preferve your life eafy, or make your death happy *.

* This excellent perfon died Feb. 27, 1734-5.

EP was de daugh de l'Inder the lecture, aufat die Control of I miller as also advantal meging and vitte of de lecture with angese To beirs unknown descends th' anguarded store, Or awanders, beav'n-directed, to the poor.

are fuppofed to mark her out in fuch a manner as not to be miltaken for another 1 and having faid of himfelf, that be beld a lye in profe and worfe to be the fame : All, this together gave a handle to his enemies, fince his death, to publish the following Paper (initided The Charaster of Katharine, &c.), as written by him. To which (in vindication of the deccafed Poet) we have fubjoined a Letter to a friend, that will let the Reader fully into the hitlery of the surfiting and publication of this extraordinary CHARACTER.]

KATHARINE,

will also be yours) that we shall

LATE

Duchels of Buckingham/hire and Normanby.

By the late Mr. POPE.

SHE was the daughter of James the fecond, and of the Countels of Dorchefter, who inherited the Integrity and Virtue of her father with happier fortune. She was married firft to James earl of Anglefey; and fecondly, to John Sheffield duke of Buckinghamfhire and Normanby; with the former the exercifed the virtues of *Patience* and *Suffering*, as long as there was any hopes of doing good by either; with the latter all other *Conjugal virtues*. The man of fineft fenfe and fharpeft different the had the happinels to pleafe; and in that, found her

her only pleafure. When he died, it feemed as if his spirit was only breathed into her, to fulfil what he had begun, to perform what he had concerted, and to preferve and watch over what he had left, bis only fon; in the care of whofe Health, the form-ing of whofe Mind, and the improvement of whofe Fortune, the acted with the conduct and fense of the Father, foften'd, but not overcome, with the tenderness of the Mother. Her Understanding was fuch as must have made a figure, had it been in a man; but the Modefty of her fex threw a veil over its luftre, which nevertheless suppress'd only the expreffion, not the exertion of it; for her fense was not fuperior to her Refolution, which, when once fhe was in the right, preferv'd her from making it only a transition to the wrong, the frequent weakness even of the best women. She often followed wife counfel, but fometimes went before it, always with fuccefs. She was poffeffed of a fpirit, which affifted her to get the better of those accidents which admitted of any redrefs, and enabled her to fupport outwardly, with decency and dignity, those which admitted of none; yet melted inwardly, through almost her whole life, at a fuccession of melancholy and affecting objects, the loss of all her Children, the misfortunes of Relations and Friends, public and private, and the death of those who were dearest to her. Her Heart was as compassionate as it was great : Her Affections warm even to follicitude : her Friendship not violent or jealous, but rational and perfevering : her Gratitude equal and conftant to the living; to the dead boundless and heroical. What perfon foever fhe found worthy of her efteem, fhe would not give up for any power on earth; and the greateft on earth whom fhe could not effeem, obtain'd from her no farther tribute than Decency. Her Good-will was wholly directed by merit, not by accident; not meafured by the regard they pro-N 4 fefs'd

fcs'd for her own defert, but by her idea of theirs : And as there was no merit which fhe was not able to imitate, there was none which fhe could envy: therefore her Conversation was as free from detraction, as her Opinions from prejudice or prepoffeffion. As her Thoughts were her own, fo were her Words; and the was as fincere in uttering her Judgment, as impartial in forming it. She was a fafe Companion, many were ferv'd, none ever fuf-fered by her acquaintance : inoffenfive, when unprovoked; when provoked, not flupid: But the moment her enemy ceafed to be hurtful, fhe could ceafe to act as an enemy. She was therefore not a bitter but confiftent enemy: (tho' indeed, when forced to be fo, the more a finish'd one for having been long a making.) And her proceeding with ill people was more in a calm and fleddy courfe, like Juffice, than in quick and paffionate onfets, like Revenge. As for those of whom the only thought ill, fhe confidered them not fo much as once to wifh them ill; of fuch, her Contempt was great enough to put a flop to all other Passions that could hurt them. Her Love and Averfion, her Gratitude and Refentment, her Effeem and Neglect were equally open and ftrong, and alterable only from the alteration of the perfons who created them. Her Mind was too noble to be infincere, and her Heart too honeft to fland in need of it; fo that fhe never found cause to repent her Conduct either to a friend or an enemy. There remains only to speak of her Perfon, which was most amiably majeftic, the niceft eye could find no fault in the outward lineaments of her Face or proportion of her Body: it was fuch, as pleas'd wherever fhe had a defire it fhould; yet The never envied that of any other, which might better pleafe in general: In the fame manner, as being content that her merits were effcemed where the

fhe defired they fhould, fhe never depreciated those of any other that were effeemed or preferred elfewhere. For fhe aimed not at a general love or a general efteem where she was not known; it was enough to be poffefs'd of both wherever fhe was. Having lived to the age of Sixty-two years; not courting Regard, but receiving it from all who knew her; not loving Business. but discharging it fully wherefoever duty or friendship engaged her in it; not following Greatness, but not declining to pay refpect, as far as was due from independency and difintereft ; having honourably abfolv'd all the parts of life, the forfook this World, where the had left no act of duty or virtue undone, for that where alone fuch acts are rewarded, on the 13th Day of March, 1742+3 *.

" " The above Character was written by Mr. Pope "fonie years before her Grace's Death." So the printed Edition.

The whole of which he has benefit of the working the consider of which he has benefit of the heybern in the rest. I do not remember structo to have found in this not have I are state the polyres to manufathe otherwork then the state basic polyres. I do not work the state the basic polyres is a with the Will, and function on the two polyres is which the Will, and function on the two polyres is which the Will are compared to the two polyres.

nt only. "There was cookin Linewice written?"

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Mr.

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Mr. Pope to JAMES MOYSER, of Beverly, Efq;

DEAR SIR,

Bath, July 11, 1743.

I Am always glad to hear of you, and where I can, I always enquire of you. But why have you omitted to tell me one word of your own health? The account of our friend's * is truly melancholy, added to the circumftance of his being detained (I fear, without much hope) in a foreign country, from the comfort of feeing (what a good man moft defires and beft deferves to fee to the laft hour) his Friends about him. The public news † indeed gives every Englifhman a reafonable joy, and I truly feel it with you, as a national joy, not a party one ; nay as a general joy to all nations where bloodfhed and mifery muft have been introduced, had the ambition and perfidy of — prevail'd.

I come now to answer your friend's queftion: The whole of what he has heard of my writing the Character of the old \ddagger Duke of Buckingham is untrue. I do not remember ever to have seen it in MS. nor have I ever feen the pedigree he mentions, otherwise than after the Duchels had printed it with the Will, and sent one to me, as, I suppose, set the did to all her acquaintance. I do not wonder it should be reported I writ that Character, after a ftory which I will tell you in your ear, and to yourfelf only. There was another Character written of her Grace by herfelf (with what help, I know not)

* Mr. Bethel.

+ The Victory at_Dettingen.

[†] He fays the old Duke, because he wrote a very fine Epitaph for the Son.

but

but fhe fnewed it to me in her blots, and preffed me, by all the adjurations of Friendship, to give her my fincere opinion of it. I acted honeftly and did fo. She feemed to take it patiently, and, upon many exceptions which I made, engaged me to take the whole, and to felect out of it just as much as I judged might fland, and return her the Copy. I did fo. Immediately the picked a quarrel with me, and we never faw each other in five or fix years. In the mean time, fhe fhewed this Character (as much as was extracted of it in my hand-writing) as a composition of my own, in her praise. And very probably it is now in the hands of Lord Harvey. Dear Sir, I fincerely wifh you, and your whole family (whole welfare is fo clofely connected) the best health and truest happines; and am (as is alfo the Master of this place)

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* Solvaid to contract a difference of annual from a finite of H internationary of the solution (1988), and printed the New MAT Educating the p- Internation Fill in printed the New MAT Educating the p- Internation Fill in the solution of the solution of the p- Internation of the pinternationary from the solution of the pinternationary field in the solution of the psolution of the solution of the solution of the pinternationary field in the solution of the psolution of the solution of the solution of the psolution of the solution of the solution of the psolution of the solution of

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Your, &c.

A LET-

en verfehltmähte eferret.

A LETTER* to a Noble Lord.

On occafion of fome Libels written and propagated at Court, in the Year 1732-3.

My LORD,

Nov. 30, 1733.

Y OUR Lordfhip's + Epiftle has been publifh'd fome days, but I had not the pleafure and pain of feeing it ill yefterday: Pain, to think your Lordfhip fhould attack me at all; Pleafure, to find that you can attack me fo weakly. As I want not the humility, to think myfelf in every way but one your inferiour, it feems but reafonable that I fhould take the only method either of felf-defence or retaliation, that is left me, againft a perfon of your quality and power. And as by your choice of this weapon, your pen, you generoully (and modefly too, no doubt) meant to put yourfelf upon a level with me; I will as foon believe that your Lordfhip would give a wound to a man unarm'd, as that you would deny me the ufe of it in my own defence.

* 'This Letter bears the fame place in our Author's profe that the Epifle to Dr. Arbuthnot does in his poetry. They are both Apologetical, repelling the libelous flanders on his Reputation : with this difference, that the Epifle to Dr. Arbuthnot, his friend, was chiefly directed againt Grub firest Writers, and this Letter to the Noble Lord, his enemy, againt Genri Scriblers. For the reft, they are both Mafter-pieces in their kinds; That in verfe, more grave, moral, and fubline; This in profe, more fively, critical, and pointed ; but equally conducive to what he had most at heart, the vindication of his Moral Character : the only thing, he thought worth his care in literary altercations; and the first thing he would expect from the good offices of a furviving Friend.

+ Entitled, An Epifile to a Doctor of Divinity from Nobleman at Hampton-Court, Aug. 28, 1733, and printed the November following for J. Roberts. Fol.

I pro-

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A LETTER, &c.

I prefume you will allow me to take the fame hiberty, in my anfwer to fo candid, polite, and ingenieus a Nobleman, which your Lordhip took in yours, to fo grave, religious, and refpetiable a Clergyman *: As you anfwered his Latin in Englife, permit me to anfwer your Verfe in Profe And tho' your Lordfhip's reafons for not writing in Latin, might be ftronger than mine for not writing in Verfe, yet I may plead Two good ones, for this conduct: the one that I want the Talent of fpinning a thoufand lines iw a Day + (which, I think, is as much Time as this fubject deferves) and the other, that I take your Lordfhip's Verfe to be as much Profe as this letter. But no doubt it was your choice, in writing to a friend, to renounce all the pomp of Poetry, and to give us this excellent model of the familiar.

When I confider the great difference betwixt the rank your Lordfoip holds in the World, and the rank which your auritings are like to hold in the learned world, I prefume that diffinction of ftyle is but neceffary, which you will be observed thro' this letter. When I fpeak of you, my Lord, it will be with all the deference due to the inequality which Fortune has made between you and myfelf: but when I fpeak of your auritings, my Lord, I muft, I can do nor thing but trifle.

I fhould be obliged indeed to leffen this *Refpen*, if all the Nobility (and effectally the elder brothers) are but fo many hereditary fools \ddagger , if the privilege of Lords be to want brains \parallel , if noblemen can hard-

- That to good blood by old pre/triptive rules Gives right hereditory to be Fools.
- Nor wonder that my Brain no more affords,
 - But recollect the privilege of Lords.

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^{*} Dr. S.

⁺ And Pope with justice of fuch lines may say, His Lordship spins a thrusand in a day. Epist. p. 6.

ly write or read *, if all their bufinefs is but to drefs and vote +, and all their employment in court, to tell lies, flatter in public, flander in private, be falfe to each other, and follow nothing but felf-intereft ‡. Blefs me, my Lord, what an account is this you give of them ? and what would have been faid of me, had I immolated, in this manner, the whole body of the Nobility, at the ftall of a well-fed Prebendary ?

Were it the mere Excefs of your Lordfhip's Wit, that carried you thus triumphantly over all the bounds of decency, I might confider your Lordfhip on your Pegafus, as a fprightly hunter on a mettled horfe; and while you were trampling down all our works, patiently fuffer the injury, in pure admiration of the Noble Sport. But thould the cafe be quite other wife, thould your Lordfhip be only like a Bey that is run away with; and run away with by a Very Foal; really common charity, as well as refpect for a noble family, would oblige me to ftop your carreer, and to belp you down from this Pegafus.

Surely the little praife of a Writer fhould be a thing below your ambition: You, who were no fooner born, but in the lap of the Graces; no fooner at fchool, but in the arms of the Mufes; no fooner in the World, but you practis'd all the fkill of it; no fooner in the Court, but you pofiefs'd all the art of it! Unrivall'd as you are, in making a figure,

* And when you see me fairly write my name; For England's sake wish all could do the same.

+ Whilft all our bus'ness is to dress and wote. ibid.

‡ Courts are only larger families,

The growth of each, few truths, and many lies t in private fatyrize, in public flatter.

Few to each other, all to one point true ; Which one I fain't, nor need explain. Adieu. p. ult.

and

TO A NOBLE LORD. 191

and in making a speech, methinks, my Lord, you may well give up the poor talent of turning a Diftich. And why this fondness for Poetry ? Profe admits of the two excellencies you most admire, Diction and Fiction: It admits of the talents you chiefly possels, a most fertile invention, and most florid expression; it is with profe, nay the plainest profe, that you best could teach our nobility to vote, which, you justly observe, is half at least of their bufinefs *: And, give me leave to prophefy, it is to your talent in profe, and not in verie, to your fpeak-ing, not your writing, to your art at court, not your art of poetry, that your Lordfhip muft owe your future figure in the world.

My Lord, whatever you imagine, this is the advice of a Friend, and one who remembers he formerly had the honour of fome profession of Friendship from you : Whatever was his real share in it, whether small or great, yet as your Lordship could ne-ver have had the least Loss by continuing it, or the least Interest by withdrawing it; the misfortune of lofing it, I fear, muft have been owing to his own deficiency or neglect. But as to any actual fault which deferved to forfeit it in fuch a degree, he protefts he is to this day guiltless and ignorant. It could at most be but a fault of omiffion; but indeed by omif-fions, men of your Lordship's uncommon merit may fometimes think themfelves fo injur'd, as to be capable of an inclination to injure another; who, tho' very much below their quality, may be above the injury.

I never heard of the least difpleafure you had conceived against me, till I was told that an imitation I had made of + Horace had offended fome perfons,

* All their bus' nefs is to drefs, and vote. + The first Satire of the second Book, printed in 1732.

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and among them your Lordfhip. I could not have apprehended that a few general Arokes about a Lord feribling carelefy*, a Pimp, or a Spy at Court, a Sharper in a gilded chariot, &cc. that thefe, I fay, fhould be ever applied as they have been, by any malice but that which is the greateft in the world, the Malice of Ill people to them ledues.

Your Lordfhip fo well knows (and the whole Court and town thro' your means fo well know) how far the referitment was carried upon that imagination, not only in the *Nature* of the *Libel* + you propagated againft me, but in the extraordinary manner, place, and prefence in which it was propagated ‡; that I fhall only fay, it feem'd to me to exceed the bounds of juffice, common fenfe, and decency.

I wonder yet more, how a Lady, of great wit, beauty, and fame for her poetry (between whom and your Lordfhip there is a natural, a just, and a well-grounded estimation of the prevailed upon to take a part in that proceeding. Your refertments againft me indeed might be equal, as my offence to you both was the fame; for neither had I the least mifunderftanding with that Lady, till after I was the Author of my own misfortune in discontinuing her acquaintance. I may venture to own a truth, which cannot be unpleasing to either of you; I affure you my reason for fo doing, was merely that you had both too much wit for me \parallel ; and that I could

• He fhould have added, that he called this Nobleman, who fcribled fo carelefly, Lord Fanny.

+ Verses to the Imitator of Horace, afterwards printed by J. Roberts 1732. fol.

1 It was for this reason that this Letter, as foon as it was printed, was communicated to the Q.

Once, and but once, his heedlefs youth was bit,

And lik'd that dangerous thing a female Wit.

See the Letter to Dr. Arbuthnot amongst the Vari tions.

TO A NOBLE LORD.

not do, with mine, many things which you could with yours. The injury done you in withdrawing myfelf could be but fmall, if the value you had for me was no greater than you have been pleas'd fince to profess. But furely, my Lord, one may fay, nei-ther the Revenge, nor the Language you held, bore any propartion to the pretended offence: The appellations of * Foe to bumankind, an Enemy like the Devil to all that have Being ; ungrateful, unjust, deferving to be whipt, blanketed, kicked, nay killed ; a Monster, an Affaffin, whole conversation every man ought to foun, and againft whom all doors thould be thut; I beleech you, my Lord, had you the leaft right to give, or to encourage or juftify any other in giving fuch language as this to me ? Could I be treated in terms more firong or more atrocious, if, during my acquaintance with you, I had been a Betrayer, a Backbiter, a Whifperer, an Eves-dropper, or an In-former ? Did I in all that time ever throw a falfe Dye, or palm a foul Card upon you? Did I ever borrow, fleal, or accept, either Money, Wit, or Advice from you ? Had I ever the honour to join with either of you in one Ballad, Satire, Pamphlet, or Epigram, on any perfon living or dead? Did I ever do you fo great an injury as to put off my own Verfes for yours, especially on those Persons whom they might most offend? I am confident you cannot anfwer in the affirmative ; and I can truly affirm, that ever fince I loft the happiness of your conversation I have not published or written, one fyllable of, or to either of you; never hitch'd your names in a Verfe, or trifled with your good names in company. Can I be honeftly charged with any other crime but an Omifion (for the word Neglect, which I us'd before, flip'd my pen unguardedly) to continue my admira-tion of you all my life, and fill to contemplate, face

* See the aforefaid Verfes to the Imitator of Horace.

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to face, your many excellencies and perfections? I am perfuaded you can reproach me truly with no great Faults, except my natural ones, which I am as ready to own, as to do all justice to the contrary Beauties in you. It is true, my Lord, I am fhort, not well fhap'd, generally ill-drefs'd, if not fometimes dirty : Your Lordship and Ladyship are still in bloom; your Figures fuch, as rival the Apollo of Belvedere, and the Venus of Medicis; and your faces fo finish'd, that neither fickness or passion can deprive them of Colour ; I will allow your own in particular to be the fineft that ever Man was bleft with : preferve it, my Lord, and reflect, that to be a Critic, would cost it too many frowns, and to be a Statefman, too many wrinkles ! I further confels, I am now fomewhat old ; but fo your Lordfhip and this excellent Lady, with all your beauty will (I. hope) one day be. I know your Genius and hers to perfectly tally, that you cannot but join in admiring each other, and by confequence in the contempt of all fuch as myfelf. You have both, in my regard, been alike - (your Lordship, I know, loves a Simile, and it will be one fuitable to your Quality) you have been like Two Princes, and I like a poor Animal facrificed between them to cement a lafting League: I hope I have not bled in vain ; but that fuch an amity may endure for ever ! For tho' it be what common under flandings would hardly conceive, Two Wits however may be perfuaded, that it is in Friendship as in Enmity, The more danger, Give me the liberty, my Lord, to tell you, why

Give me the liberty, my Lord, to tell you, why I never replied to those Veries on the Invitator of Herace? They regarded nothing but my Figure, which I fet no value upon; and my Morals, which, I knew, needed no defence: Any honeft man has the pleafure to be confcious, that it is out of the power of the Wittigh, may the Greatest Perform in the king-MIV dom,

TO A NOBLE LORD.

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Slight,

dom, to leffen him that way, but at the expence of his own Truth, Honour, or Justice.

But the' I declin'd to explain myfelf juft at the time when I was fillily threaten'd, I fhall now give your Lordhip a frank account of the offence you imagined to be meant to you. Fanny (my Lord) is the plain English of Fannius, a real perfon, who was a foolish Critic, and an enemy of Horace : perhaps a Noble one, for fo (if your Latin be gone in earneft*) I must acquaint you, the word Beatus may be confirued.

Beatus Fannius ! ultro Delatis capfis et imagine.

This Fannius was, it feems, extremely fond both of his Poetry and his Perfon, which appears by the pictures and Statues he caufed to be made of himfelf, and by his great diligence to propagate bad Verfes at Court, and get them admitted into the library of Augusfus. He was moreover of a delicate or effeminate complexion, and conftant at the alienblies and Opera's of thole days, where he took it into his head to flander poor Horace.

Ineptus

Fannius, Hermogenis lædat conviva Tigelli. till it provoked him at laft juft to name him, give him a lafb, and fend him whimpering to the Ladies.

Discipularum inter jubes plorare cathedras.

So much for Fanny, my Lord. The word fpins (as Dr. Freind or even Dr. Sherwin could affure you) was the literal translation of *deduci*; a metaphor taken from a Silk-worm, my Lord, to fignify any

* all I learn'd from Dr. Freind at school, Has quite deserted this poor John Trot head, And lest plain native English in its stead. Epist. p. 2.

et all

flight, filken, or (as your Lordfhip and the Ladies call it) * flimzy piece of work. I prefume your Lordfhip has enough of this, to convince you there was nothing perfonal but to that Fannius, who (with all his fine accomplishments) had never been heard of, but for that Harace he injur'd.

In regard to the right honourable Lady, your Lordship's friend, I was far from defigning a perfon of her condition by a name fo derogatory to her, as that of Sappho; a name profituted to every infamous Creature that ever wrote Verfes or Novels. I proteft I never apply'd that name to her in any verfe of mine, public or private; and (I firmly believe) not in any Letter or Conversation. Whoever could invent a Falschood to support an accusation, I pity; and whoever can believe fuch a Character to be theirs, I pity still more. God forbid the Court or Town should have the complaifance to join in that opinion ! Certainly I meant it only of fuch modern Sappho's, as imitate much more the Lewdness than the Genius of the ancient one; and upon whom their wretched brethren frequently beftow both the Name and the Qualification there mentioned +.

There was another reafon why I was filent as to that paper-I took it for a Lady's (on the printer's word in the title page) and thought it too prefuming, as well as indecent, to contend with one of that Sex in altercation : For I never was fo mean a creature as to commit my Anger against a Lady to paper, tho' but in a private Letter. But soon after, her denial of it was brought to me by a Noble perfon of real Honour and Truth. Your Lordship indeed faid you had it from a Lady, and the Lady faid it was your Lordship's; fome thought the beautiful by-blow had

Weak texture of bis flimzy brain. p. 6.
 From furious Sappho fearce a milder fate, Pox'd by her love, or libell'd by her hate.
 I Sat. B. ii, Hor.

2 0

Two

Two Fathers, or (if one of them will hardly be allow'd a man) Two Mothers; indeed I think both Sexes had a fhare in it, but which was uppermoft, I know not: I pretend not to determine the exact method of this Witty Fornication : and, if I call it Yours, my Lord, 'tis only becaufe, whoever got it, you brought it forth.

Here, my Lord, allow me to obferve the different proceeding of the Ignoble poet, and his Noble Enemics. What he has written of Fanny, Adonis, Sappho, or who you will, he own'd he publifh'd, he fet his name to: What they have publifh'd of him, they have deny'd to have written; and what they have written of him, they have deny'd to have publifh'd. One of these was the case in the part Libel, and the other in the prefent. For tho' the parent has own'd it to a few choice friends, it is fuch as he has been obliged to deny in the most particular terms, to the great Person whose opinion concern'd him most.

Yet, my Lord, this Epifle was a piece not written in hafte, or in a passion, but many months after all pretended provocation; when you was at full leisure at Hampton-Court, and I the object fingled, like a Deer out of Season, for fo ill-timed, and illplaced a diversion. It was a deliberate work, directed to a Reverend Person*, of the most ferious and sared character, with whom you are known to cultivate a strict correspondence, and to whom it will not be doubted, but you open your secret Sentiments, and deliver your real Judgment of men and things. This, I fay, my Lord, with fubmission, could not but awaken all my Restession and Attention. Your Lordship's opinion of me as a Poet, I cannot help; it is yours, my Lord, and that were enough to mortify a poor man; but it is not yours alone, you mult be content to thare it with the Gentlemen of the

* Dr. S.

Dunciad,

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Dunciad, and (it may be) with many more innocent and ingenious men. If your Lordfhip deftroys my poetical character, they will claim their part in the glory; but, give me leave to fay, if my moral character be ruin'd, it muft be wholly the work of your Lordfhip; and will be hard even for you to do, unlefs I myfelf co-operate.

How can you talk (my moft worthy Lord) of all Pope's Works as fo many Libels, affirm, that he has no invention but in Defamation *, and charge him with felling another man's labours printed with bis own name +? Fye, my Lord, you forget yourfelf. He printed not his name before a line of the perfon's you mention; that perfon himfelf has told you and all the world in the book itfelf, what part he had in it, as may be feen at the conclusion of his notes to the Odyffey. I can only suppose your Lordship (not having at that time forgot your Greek) defpis'd to look upon the Translation; and ever fince entertain'd too mean an Opinion of the Translator to caft an eye upon it. Befides, my Lord, when you faid he fold another man's works, you ought in justice to have added that he bought them, which very much alters the Cafe. What he gave him was five hundred pounds : his receipt can be produced to your Lordship. I dare not affirm he was as well paid as fome Writers (much his inferiors) have been fince; but your Lordfhip will reflect that I am no man of Quality, either to buy or fell fcribling fo. high: and that I have neither Place, Penfion, nor Power to reward for ferret Services. It cannot be, that one of your rank can have the least Empy to fuch an author as I: but were that poffible, it were ic in voines, my Lor

* to bis eternal frame,

Prov'd be con ne'er inwent but so defame. + And fold Broom's labours printed with Pope's Name, P. 7.

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Dail

much

much better gratify'd by employing not your own, but fome of those low and ignoble pens to do you this mean office. I dare engage you'll have them for less than I gave Mr. Broom, if your friends have not rais'd the market: Let them drive the bargain for you, my Lord; and you may depend on feeing, every day in the week, as many (and now and then as pretty) Verses, as these of your Lordship. And would it not be full as well, that my poor

And would it not be full as well, that my poor perfor fhould be abus'd by them, as by one of your rank and quality I Cannot Curl do the fame it ray has he not done it before your Lordhip, in the fame kind of Language, and almost the fame words? I cannot but think, the worthy and diferent Glergyman himfelf will agree, it is improper, nay unchriflian, to expose the perfonal defects of our brother: that both fuch perfect forms as yours, and fuch unfortunate ones as mine, proceed from the hand of the fame Maker, who fallioneth his Veffels as he pleafeth, and that it is not from their flape we can tell whether they are made for bonar or diffonour. In a word, he would teach you Charity to your greateft enomies; of which number, my Lord, I cannot be reckon'd, fince, the' a Poet, I was never your flautoror.

Next, my Lord, as to the Objeurity * of my Birth (a reflection copy'd also from Mr. Carl and his breathren) I am forry to be obliged to fuch a prefunction as to name my Family in the fame leaf with your Lordfnigs: but my Father had the honour in one inflance to refemble you, for he was a *yunger Brother*. The did not indeed think it a happinels to bury his elder Brother, tho' he had one; who wanted fome of those good qualities which your yoffelt. How fincerely glad could I be, to pay to that young Nobleman's memory the debt I

" Hard as thy Heart, and as thy Birth obscure.

neur

ow'd

ow'd to his friendship, whose early death depriv'd your family of as much Wit and Honour as he left behind him in any branch of it. But as to my Father, I could affure you, my Lord, that he was no mecha-nic (neither a hatter, nor, which might pleafe your Lordship yet better, a Cobler) but in truth, of a very tolerable family: And my Mother of an ancient one, as well born and educated as that Lady, whom your Lordship made choice of to be the Mother of your own Children; whole merit, beauty, and vivacity (if transmitted to your posterity) will be a better present than even the noble blood they derive only from you. A Mother, on whom I was never oblig'd fo far to reflect, as to fay, the spoiled. me *. And a Father, who never found himself oblig'd to fay of me, that he difapprov'd my Condust. In a word, my Lord, I think it enough; that my Parents, fuch as they were, never coft me a Blub; and that their Son, fuch as he is, never coft them'a Tear. tout if it the these

I have purpofely omitted to confider your Lordfhip's Criticilms on my Poetry. As they are exactly the fame with thole of the foremention'd Autors, I apprehend they would juftly charge me with partiality, if I gave to you what belongs to them; or paid more diffinction to the fame things when they are in your mouth, than when they were in theirs. It will be fnewing both them and you (my Lord) a more particular respect, to obferve how much they are honour'd by your Imitation of them, which indeed is carried thro' your whole. Epiftle. I have read formewhere at School (tho' I make it no Vanity to have forgot where) that Tulky naturaliz'd a few phrafes at the inflance of fome of his friends. Your Lordfhip has done more in ho-

* A noble Father's beir spoil'd by bis Mother. His Lordship's account of himself. p. 7.

TO A NOBLE LORD.

nour of these Gentlemen; you have authoriz'd not only their Assertions, but their Style. For example, A Flow that wants skill to restrain its ardour,—a Dictionary that gives us nothing at its own expence. —As luxuriant branches bear but little fruit, so Wit unprun'd is but raw fruit—While you rehearse ignorance, you still know enough to do it in Verse-Wits are but glittering ignorance.—The account of how we pass our time—and, The weight on Sir R. W—'s brain. You can ever receive from no head more than such a head (as no head) has to give: Your Lordship would have faid never receive instead of ever, and any head instead of no head: but all this is perfectly new, and has greatly enrich'd our language.

You are merry, my Lord, when you fay, Latin and Greek

Have quite deferted your poor John Trot-head, And left plain native English in their stead...

for (to do you juffice) this is nothing lefs than plain Englifb. And as for your John Trot-head, I can't conceive why you fhould give it that name; for by fome * papers I have fign'd with that name, it is certainly a head very different from your Lordfhip's.

Your Lordship feems determined to fall out with every thing you have learn'd at fchool: you complain next of a dull Distionary,

That gives us nothing at its own expence, But a few modern words for ancient Senfe.

Your Lordfhip is the first man that ever carried the love of Wit fo far, as to expect a witty Distionary. A Dictionary that gives us any thing but words, must not only be an expensive but a very

* See fome Treatifes printed in the Appendix to the Craftiman, about that time.

extravagant

extravagant Diffionary †. But what does your Lordfhip mean by its giving us but a few modern words for aucient Senfe? If by Senfe (as I fulpect) you mean words (a miflake not unufual) I mult do the Dictionary the juffice to fay, that it gives us juff as many modern words as ancient ones. Indeed, my Lord, you have more need to complain of a bad Grammar, than of a dull Dictionary.

Doctor Freind, I dare answer for him, never taught you to talk

of Sapphic, Lyric, and Iambic Odes.

Your Lordship might as well bid your present Tutor, your Taylor, make you a *Coat*, *Suit of Cleaths*, and *Breeches*; for you mult have forgot your Logic, as well as Grammar, not to know, that Sapphic and Jambic are both included in Lyric; that being the *Genus*, and those the *Species*.

"For all commot invent who can translate,

No more than those who cloath us; can create.

Here your Lordhip feems in labour for a meaning. Is it that you would have Tranflations, Originals? for 'tis the common opinion', that the bufinefs of a Tranflator is to tranflate, and not to invent, and of a Taylor to cloath, and not to create. Bur why fhould you, my Lord, of all mankind, abuc a Taylor i not to fay blaffbene him; if he can (as fome think) at least go halves with God Almighty in the formation of a *Beau*. Might not Doctor Shorawa rebuke you for this, and bid you Remember your Creator in the day of your Youth? From a Taylor, your Lordhip proceeds (by a, bemutiful gradation) to a Silknaw:

• Vet we have feen many of these extravagant Dictionaries, and are likely to fee many more, in an age fo abounding in feience. Thus P-pe we find

The gaudy Hinchcliff of a beauteous mind.

Here too is fome ambiguity. Does your Lordship use Hinchcliff as a proper name? or as the Ladies say a Hincheliff or a Colmar, for a Silk or a Fan? I will venture to affirm, no Critic can have a perfect tafte of your Lordship's works, who does not underftand both your Male Phrase and your Female. Phrafe.

Your Lordship, to finish your Climax, advances up to a Hatter; a Mechanic, whole Employment you inform us, is not (as was generally imagined) to cover people's heads, but to dress their brains *. A most useful Mechanic indeed ! I can't help wishing to have been one, for fome people's fake .- But this too may be only another Lady-Phrase : Your Lordship and the Ladies may take a Head-drefs for a Head, and understand, that to adorn the Head, is the fame thing as to drefs the Brains. Upon the whole, I may thank your Lordship for

this high Panegyric : For if I have but drefs'd up Homer, as your Taylor, Silkman, and Hatter have equipp'd your Lord/bip, I must be own'd to have drefs'd him marvelloufly indeed, and no wonder if he is admir'd by the Ladies +.

After all, my Lord, I really with you would learn your Grammar. What if you put your alf awhile under the Tuition of your Friend W - m? May not I with all respect fay to you, what was faid to another Noble Poet by Mr. Cowley, Pray, Mr. Howard 1, if you did read your Grammar, what harm would it do you? You yourfelf with all Lords

* For this Mechanic's, like the Hatter's pains;

Are but for dreffing other feelle's brains. + by Girls admir'd. p. 6: The Honourable Mr. Edward Howard, celebrated for his poetry,

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would

would *learn to write* *; tho' I don't fee of what ufe it could be, if their whole bufinefs is to give their Vates †: It could only be ferviceable in figning their Protefs. Yet furely this fmall portion of learning might be indulged to your Lordfhip, without any Breach of that Privilege § you fo generoufly affert to all those of your rank, or too great an Infringement of that Right || which you claim as Hereditary, and for which, no doubt, your noble Father will thank you. Surely, my Lord, no Man was ever fo bent upon depreciating himfelf ! All your Readers have obferv'd the following Lines:

How off we hear fome Witling pert and dull, By fashion Coxcomb, and by nature Fool, With backney Maxims, in dogmatic strain, Scoffing Religion and the Marriage chain? Then from his Common-place-book he repeats, The Lawyers all are rogues, and Parsons cheats, That Vice and Virtue's nothing but a jest, And all Morality Deceit well dress: That Life itself is like a wrangling game, &c:

The whole Town and Court (my good Lord) have heard this Witling; who is fo much every body's acquaintance but his own, that I'll engage they all name the fame Perfon. But to hear you fay, that this is only-of whith Gream a frothy Store, is a fufficient proof, that never mortal was endued with fo humble an opinion both of himfelf and his own Wit, as your Lordfhip: For, I do affure you, thefe are by much the beft Verfes in your whole Poem.

 And when you fee me fairly write my name, For England's fake wife all Lords did the fame.
 + All our bus nefs is to drefs and vote. p. 4.
 The want of brains, ibid.
 # To be fools, ibid.

How

TO A NOBLE LORD.

How unhappy is it for me, that a Perfon of your Lordship's Modely and Virtue, who manifests fo tender a regard to Religion, Matrimony, and Morality ; who, tho' an Ornament to the Court, cultivate an exemplary Correspondence with the Clergy; nay, who difdain not charitably to converfe with, and even affift, fome of the very worft of Writers (fo far as to caft a few Conceits, or drop a few Antithefes even among the Dear Joys of the Courant) that you, I fay, fhould look upon Me alone as reprobate and unamendable ! Reflect what I quas, and what I am. I am even Annihilated by your Anger: For in these Verses you have robbed me of all power to think *, and, in your others, of the very name of a Man ! Nay, to fhew that this is wholly your own doing, you have told us that before I wrote my last Epistles (that is, before I unluckily mention'd Fanny and Adonis, whom, I proteft, I knew not to be your Lordship's Relations) I might have lived and died in glory t.

What would I not do to be well with your Lordship ? Tho', you observe, I am a mere Imitator of Homer, Horace, Boileau, Garth, &c. (which I have the lefs caufe to be afham'd of, fince they were Imitators of one another) yet what if I should folemnly engage never to imitate your Lordship? May it not be one ftep towards an accommodation, that while you remark my Ignorance in Greek, you are to good as to fay, you have forget your own ? What if I should confets I translated from D'Acier ? That furely could not but oblige your Lordship, who are known to prefer French to all the learned Languages. But allowing that in the fpace of twelve years acquaintance with Homer, I might unhappily contract as much Greek, as your Lordship

* P-e, who ne'er cou'd think. p. 7. † In glory then he might have liv'd and dy'd. ibid:

did

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did in Two at the University, why may I not for-

get it again, as happily? Till fuch a reconciliation take effect, I have but one thing to intreat of your Lordship. It is, that you will not decide of my Principles on the fame grounds as you have done of my Learning: Nor give the fame account of my Want of Grace, after you have loft all acquaintance with my Perfon, as you do of my Want of Greek, after you have confeffedly loft all acquaintance with the Language. You are too generous, my Lord, to follow the Gentlemen of the Dunciad quite fo far, as to feek my ut-ter Perdition: as Nero once did Lucan's, merely for prefuming to be a Poet, while one of fo much greater quality was a Writer. I therefore make this humble request to your Lordship, that the next time you please to write of me, speak of me, or even whisper of me *, you will recollect it is full eight Years fince I had the honour of any conversation or correspondence with your Lordship, except just half an hour in a Lady's Lodgings at Court, and then I had the happiness of her being present all the time. It would therefore be difficult even for your Lordthip's penetration to tell, to what, or from what Principles, Parties, or Sentiments, Moral, Political, or Theological; I may have been converted, or perverted in all that time. I befeech your Lordthip to confider, the Injury a Man of your high Rank and Credit may do to a private Perfon under Penal Laws and many other difadvantages, inot for want of honefly or conficience, but merely perhaps for having too weak a head, or too tender a heart +. It is by these alone I have hitherto liv'd excluded from

* The whifter, that, to greatnels full too near, Perhaps yet vibrates on his Sovereign's ear.

Epif. to Dr. Arbeithot. + See Letter to Bilhop Atterbury, Lett. iv. : . +

all

all posts of Profit or Trust: As I can interfere with the Views of no man, do not deny me, my Lord, all that is left, a little Praise, or the common Encouragement due, if not to my Genius, at least to my Industry.

Above all, your Lordfhip will be careful not to wrong my Moral Charatter, with THOSE * under whofe Protection I live, and thro' whofe Lenity alone I can live with Comfort. Your Lordfhip, I and confident, upon confideration will think, you inadvertently went a little too far when you, recommended to THEIR perufal, and firengthened by the weight of your Approbation, a Libel, mean in its reflections upon my poor figure, and foandalous in those on my Hannur and Integrity : wherein I was represented as " an Enemy to Human Race, a Mar-" derer of Reputations, and a Monfler mark'd by " God like Cain, deferving to wander accurs'd " thro' the World."

A ftrange Picture of a Man, who had the good fortune to enjoy many triends, who will be always remember'd as the first Ornaments of their Age and Country; and no Enemies that ever contriv'd to be heard of, except Mr. John Dennis, and your Lordfhip: A Man, who never wrote a Line in which the *Religion* or *Government* of his Country, the *Reyal Family*, or their Minifry were difrefpectfully mentioned; the Animofity of any one Party gratify'd at the expence of another; or any Cenfure paft, but upon known Vice, acknowledg'd Folly, or aggreffing Impertinence. It is with infinite pleafure he finds, that fome Men who feem affam'd and afraid of nothing elfe, are fo very fenfible of his Ridicule: And 'tis for that very reafon he refolves (by the grace of God, and your Lordfhip's good leave)

* The K. and Q.

That

A LETTER, etc.

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That while he breathes, no rich or noble knave Shall walk the world in credit to his grave.

This, he thinks, is rendering the beft Service he can to the Publick, and even to the good Government of his Country; and for this, at leaft, he may deferve fome Countenance, even from the GREAT-EST PERSONS in it. Your Lordhip knows oF WHOM I fpeak. Their NAMES I thould be as forry, and as much afham'd, to place near years, on fuch an occafion, as I fhould be to fee You, my Lord, placed fo near their PERSONS, if you could ever make fo ill an Ufe of their Ear * as to afperfe or mifreprefent any one innocent Man.

This is all I shall ever ask of your Lordship, except your pardon for this tedious Letter. I have the honour to be, with equal Respect and Concern,

My Lord,

Your truly devoted Servant,

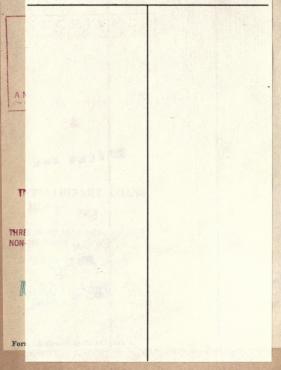
A. POPE.

* Close at the car of Eve. Ep. to Dr. Arbuth.





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